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	For TEA Use Only		Laredo Independent	۲ I	240004
	ments and/or annotations made e have been confirmed with		School District Organization Name		240901 County-District#
on this page	e have been commed with	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	Organization Name		county-District#
		Standard Application System	Lamar Middle School		042
		(SAS)	Campus Name	(	Campus Number
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by telephon	ne/e-mail/FAX on	School Years 2010-2013	9-Digit Vendor ID#		ESC Region
-,		-,			
	of TE	A	NOGA ID# (Assigned by T		Amendment #
					Amenancia m
		exas Title I Priority Schools G			
Dec. of the		Schedule #1 – General Informatio		- 6	here and the state
		This system provides a series of standard as Education Agency. If additional clarifica			
		in 1003(g), as amended by ARRA; CFD			5-5205.
	ginning Date: 08/01/2010		t Ending Date: 06/30/		
		for the campus included in this a			
	Fier II 🗌 Tier III 🛛	······································			
	ndex to the Application		·	·	
		es those schedules that <b>must</b> be submitted	d as part of the application	on. The ar	oplicant must
		schedule submitted to complete the applic			
place an X i	in the Amendment Application colu	umn next to the schedule(s) being submitt	ed as part of the amend		
Sch No.	Schedule Name			Арр	lication
Sen NO.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	New	Amend
1	General Information			<b>X</b>	<u> </u>
3	Purpose of Amendment			NA	<u>_</u>
4	Program Requirements			<u> </u>	
4A	Program Abstract			<u> </u>	
4B 4C	Program Description Performance Assessment and Ex	aluation		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
40 4D	Equitable Access and Participatio			<u>x</u>	
5	Program Budget Summary	5/1		<u> </u>	X
5B	Payroll Costs 6100			X	
5C	Professional and Contracted Ser	vices 6200		$\boxtimes$	
5D	Supplies and Materials 6300			$\boxtimes$	
<u>5E</u>	Other Operating Costs 6400			$\boxtimes$	
5G	Capital Outlay 6600/15XX (Exclu	usive of 6619 and 6629)		$\boxtimes$	
6A	General Provisions	·····		<u> </u>	NA
6B 6C	Debarment and Suspension Cert Lobbying Certification	ification		<u> </u>	NA NA
6D	Disclosure of Lobbying Activities			X	
6E	NCLB Provisions and Assurances			X	NA NA
6F	Program-Specific Provisions and			<u> </u>	NA
	ion and Incorporation				
		d in this application is, to the best of my k	nowledge, correct and th	hat the ord	ganization
		sentative to obligate this organization in a			
		will be conducted in accordance with all a			
		ctions, the Provisions and Assurances, Deb chedules attached as applicable. It is unde			
		gency or renegotiated to acceptance, will f			ppication
	d Official	gency of renegotated to deceptance, this	onn a binaing agreemen		
Typed First		Last Name	Title		·····
Marcus		Nelson	Superintendent of Sch		
Phone	Fax	Email	Signature/Date Signed	l (blue ink	preferred)
956-795-34		mnelson@laredoisd.org			1
Only the le	gally responsible party may si	gn this application.			
		with original signature(s), must be received	ed by 5:00 p.m. <b>Thursd</b>	ay, June	3, 2010:
	Education Agency				
Docum	n B. Travis Bldg. nent Control Center, Room 6-108	A State of Charles -	TEA DOCT IN		
1701 N	North Congress Avenue		112-328	I COMIKO	)L 110.
Austin, Texas 78701-1494					
	<u>01:9</u> 4/2	8-maging 701			
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		Page 1 of 161		RFA 7	01-10-112

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by telephor by	ne/e-mail/FAX on	School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.					
		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant						
		Schedule #1—General Information	benefit and an and a second second					
Part 2:	List of Required Fiscal	-Related Attachments and Assurances						
accompa any revis	ny the application when it is	plication will not be reviewed and scored if any of s submitted. Applicants will not be permitted to s chments, after the closing date of the grant. Atta dix.	submit required attachments, or					
		Proof of Nonprofit Status						
1	Required for all open-enrollment charter schools sponsored by a nonprofit organization:							
	<b>Check box to indicate that proof of nonprofit status is attached.</b> (See Part 1: General and Fiscal Guidelines and Part 3: Schedule Instructions for acceptable proof.)							
	Assurance of Financial Stability							
	Required for all independent school districts, open-enrollment charter schools, and education service centers:							
2 🛛	<b>Check box to indicate assurance that audit requirements have been met.</b> All public school districts, open- enrollment charter schools, and education service centers must be in compliance with submitting the required annual audit for the immediate prior fiscal year to TEA in the time and manner requested by TEA, and the audit must be determined by the TEA Division of Financial Audits to be in compliance with the applicable audit standards. TEA reserves the right to ensure that all applicants are deemed by TEA to be financially stable at the initial time of preliminary selection for funding to receive a grant award. The TEA Division of Financial Audits will determine financial stability based on the required annual audit for the immediate prior fiscal year.							
		Assurance of Submittal of Reviewer Informat	tion Form					
	Required for all applicants:							
3 🖾	Check box to indicate ass	surance that reviewer information form will be	submitted.					
		o complete the Reviewer Information Form and to sun Guidelines, "Reviewer Information Form," for instru-						

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#### TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

240901

County-District No.

by telephone/e-mail/FAX on \_\_\_\_\_ by

School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

## Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #1—General Information

# Part 3: Applicant Information

Local Educational Agen	cy (LEA) Ir	nformation			
LEA Name					
Laredo Independent School [	District				
Mailing Address Line - 1	Mailing Ad	dress Line – 2	City	State	Zip Code
1701 Houston St.				ТХ	78040
U.S. Congressional District Primary DUNS Number		Central Co (CCR) CAG	ntractor Registration E Code	NCES Identification Number	
28	0575	570640	4A8X2		482679003020
Campus Name				County-Distrie	t Campus Number
Lamar Middle School				240-901-042	
Mailing Address Line - 1	Mailing Ad	dress Line – 2	City	State	Zip Code
1818 Arkansas			Laredo	ТХ	78043
Applicant Contacts					
Primary Contact	2242.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00		<u></u>		1 - mail
First Name	Initial	Last Nam	le		Title
Virginia		Salinas			Principal
Telephone	Fax		Email		
956-795-3750	956-795-37	766	vsalinas	@laredoisd.org	
Mailing Address Line – 1	Mailing Ad	dress Line – 2	City	State	Zip Code
1818 Arkansas			Laredo	ТХ	78043
Secondary Contact					
First Name	Initial	Last Nam	e		Title
Lolita		Ballester	DS		Asst Principal
Telephone	Fax		E-mail		
956-795-3750	956-795-37	766	Iballeste	ros@laredoisd.org	
Mailing Address Line - 1	Mailing Ad	dress Line – 2	City	State	Zip Code
1818 Arkansas			Laredo	ТХ	78043

	tments and/o	Use Only or annotations made on confirmed with			ON AGENCY n System (SAS)		0901
by telephone/e-mail/FAX on School					2010-2013		District No.
Ъу		OF TEA.	Texas Title I P	riorit	ty Schools Grant	Amena	
					se of Amendment		
					t are being amende		
					by checking the apputed by checking the apputed by the		chedules are
	Schedule	#1—General Inform	ation		Schedule #5—Prog	ram Budget Summa	ary
	Schedule	#3—Purpose of Ame	endment		Schedule #5B—Pay	roll Costs 6100	
	Schedule	#4—Program Requir	rements		Schedule #5C—Prot 6200	fessional and Contr	acted Services
	Schedule	#4A—Program Abst	ract		Schedule #5D—Sup	plies and Materials	6300
	Schedule	#4B—Program Desc	ription		Schedule #5E—Other Operating Costs 6400		
	Schedule Evaluatior	#4C— Performance	Assessment and		Schedule #5G—Capital Outlay 6600/15XX (Exclusive of 6619 and 6629)		
	Schedule	#4D—Equitable Acce	ess and		0019 810 0029)		
NOTE	Participati The last		amendment to TEA	is 9	0 days prior to the	ending date of th	e grant.
14428-80A					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Part	2: Revise	ed Budget					
Compl	ete this pa	art if there are any b	udgetary changes.				
			Grant Project Costs		В	С	D
Line No.	Sch. No.	Class/ Object Code	Previously Approved Budget	1	Amount Deleted	Amount Added	New Budget
01	5B	6100	\$		\$	\$	\$
02	5C	6200	\$		\$	\$	\$
03	5D	6300	\$		\$	\$	\$
04	5E	6400	\$		\$	\$	\$
05	5G	6600/15XX	\$		\$	\$	\$
06	Total Direct Costs	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$
07	Indir	ect Cost ( %)	\$		\$	\$	\$

\$

\$

\$

Total Costs

\$

08

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by telephone/e-mail/FAX on	School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.					
	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant						
	Schedule #3—Purpose of Amendment						
Part 3: Reason for Amendmen appropriate box to indicate reason	nt Request. For all grants, regardless of do on for amendment request.	llar amount, check the					
1. Addition of a class/object of	code not previously budgeted on Schedule #5–E	Budget Summary					
	mount approved in any class/object code on Sch % of the current amount approved in the class/o						
3. Addition of a new line item	on any of the supporting budget schedules (i.e.	, Schedules #5B-5G)					
4. Increase or decrease in the	e number of positions budgeted on Schedule #5	3—Payroll Costs					
5. Addition of a new item of a Supplies and Materials	computer hardware/equipment (not capitalized)	approved on Schedule #5C—					
6. Addition of a new item or i Capital Outlay for articles cos	ncrease in quantity of capital outlay item(s) $\geq$ \$ ting \$5,000 or more.	5,000 approved on Schedule #5G—					
7. Addition of a new item of a less than \$5,000.	capital outlay items approved on Schedule #5G-	Capital Outlay for articles costing					
8. Reduction of funds allotted	for training costs						
9. Additional funds needed							
10. Change in scope of objec	tives, regardless of whether there is an associate	ed budget revision requiring prior					
11. Other (Specify)							
Part 4: Amendment Justificat	ion						
na senten er en	a a shanna na baran a san an a	n berne die de se werden weerenden werden die die en en de stellte Bedreet werden die die die die die die die d					

The last day to submit an amendment to TEA is 90 days prior to the ending date of the grant.

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#### TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

240901

County-District No.

by telephone/e-mail/FAX on \_\_\_\_\_\_by

School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

# Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #4—Program Summary and Application Requirements

## Part 1: Grant Program Information;

## Summary of Program: Purpose and Goals

of TEA.

School Improvement Grants, authorized under section 1003(g) of Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (Title I or ESEA) as amended by ARRA, are grants, through the Texas Education Agency, to local educational agencies (LEAs) for use in Title I schools identified for improvement, corrective action, or restructuring and other eligible campuses that demonstrate the greatest need for the funds and the strongest commitment to use the funds to provide adequate resources in order to raise substantially the achievement of their students so as to enable the schools to make adequate yearly progress and exit improvement status. Under the final requirements, as amended through the interim final requirements published in the Federal Register in January 2010 school improvement funds are to be focused on each State's "Tier I" and "Tier II" schools.

Tier I schools are a State's persistently lowest-achieving Title I schools in improvement, corrective action, or restructuring and certain Title I eligible elementary schools that are as low achieving as the State's other Tier I schools. Tier II schools are a State's persistently-lowest achieving secondary schools that are eligible for, but do not receive, Title I, Part A funds and certain additional Title I eligible secondary schools that are as low achieving as the State's other Tier II schools or that have had a graduation rate below 60 percent over a number of years. An LEA may also use school improvement funds in Title I schools in improvement, corrective action, or restructuring that are not identified as persistently lowest-achieving schools and certain additional Title I eligible schools ("Tier III schools").

In the Tier I and Tier II schools an LEA chooses to serve, the LEA must implement one of four school intervention models: turnaround model, restart model, school closure, or Transformation to Educational Excellence Model.

Allowable Activities

Tier I and Tier II Grantees

- Grantees must expend grant funds for the required activities delineated for the selected intervention model as defined in the final federal regulations.
- Grantees may expend grant funds for the permissible activities delineated for the selected intervention model as defined in the final federal regulations.
- Grantees may expend grant funds for other school improvement activities deemed needed to address identified needs not addressed by the intervention model selected.

**Tier III Grantees** 

- Tier III grantees may select one of the four intervention models in the federal regulations or the state's Tier III Transformation to Educational Excellence Model Model.
- If selecting one of the four models in the federal regulations, grantees must expend grant funds for the required activities delineated for the selected intervention model as defined in the final federal regulations. Grantees may expend grant funds for the permissible activities delineated for the selected intervention model as defined in the final federal regulations.
- Grantees may expend grant funds for other school improvement activities deemed needed to address identified needs not addressed by the intervention model selected.

In addition, a Tier I, Tier II, Tier III grantee campus that has implemented, in whole or in part, either the Turnaround, Restart, or Transformation to Educational Excellence Model models within the last two years may continue or complete the implementation of the intervention model with the TTIPS grant funds. For example, if a grantee campus has replaced its principal within the last two years, the LEA/campus will not be required to hire another new principal. An LEA/campus that receives TTIPS SIG funds in accordance with this flexibility must fully implement the selected model as required by the final federal requirements. In other words, if the school had been implementing the model only in part, it must use the funds it receives to expand its implementation so that it fully complies with the federal regulatory requirements.

The detailed required and permissible activities for each intervention model, as defined in the final federal regulations are listed on Schedule #4—Program Requirements and are incorporated by reference herein.

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		Standard Application System (SAS)	County-District No.
by telephone/e-mail/FAX on		School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.
NO. 51. 1		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	
		Schedule #4—Program Requirements	
<b></b> P	art 2: Statutory Requireme	nts	
#	Requirement Description – F	ederal Statutory Requirements	Primary Component Where Described
		the LEA has analyzed the needs of each school	Comprehensive Needs
1	and selected an intervention for each school.	each school and selected an intervention for	Assessment
2	provide adequate resources and	it has the capacity to use these grant funds to related support to each Tier campus identified in implement, fully and effectively, the required ion model it has selected.	Project Management—Capacity Project Management—LEA Support
3		ve each Tier I school (through a separate he LEA must explain why it lacks capacity to serve	Project Management—Lack of Capacity
4	The LEA must describe actions i interventions consistent with the services the campus will receive	Program Abstract Intervention Model	
5	The LEA must describe actions i select external providers, if app	Project Management—External Providers	
6	The LEA must describe actions i with the interventions.	Project Management—Resource Management Program Budget Summary	
7	The LEA must describe actions i policies, if necessary, to enable and effectively.	<ul> <li>Project Management—</li> <li>Management of Grant</li> <li>Activities</li> </ul>	
8	The LEA must describe actions i after the funding period ends.	Project Management—Program Continuation and Sustainability	
9	The LEA must include a timeline the selected intervention in each	delineating the steps it will take to implement n campus.	Project Management—Activity Timeline
10	The LEA must describe the annu assessments in both reading/lar established in order to monitor improvement funds.	Performance Assessment and Evaluation—Annual Performance Goals	
11	As appropriate, the LEA must con LEA's application and implemen campus	Comprehensive Needs Assessment—Groups of Participants Project Management— Partnerships/Involvement of Others	
12		at financial assistance provided under the grant ot supplant, the amount of state and local funds	Program Assurances
13	Applicant provides assurance th implement fully and effectively that the LEA commits to serve of	Program Assurances	

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School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

ру		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	Amendment No.
	uen solo	Schedule #4—Program Requirements	
P	art 2: 5	Statutory Requirements	Piters Conservant Whore
#	Requir	ement Description – Federal Statutory Requirements	Primary Component Where Described
14	achieve mather final fe serves	Int provides assurance that it will establish annual goals for student ement on the State's assessments in both reading/language arts and matics and measure progress on the leading indicators in section III of the deral requirements in order to monitor each Tier I and Tier II school that it with school improvement funds, and establish goals (approved by the b hold accountable its Tier III schools that receive grant funds.	Program Assurances
15	I or Tie hold th manag	Int provides assurance that it will, if it implements a restart model in a Tier or II school, include in its contract or agreement terms and provisions to e charter operator, charter management organization (CMO), or education ement organization (EMO) accountable for complying with the final federal ements.	Program Assurances
16	Applica	nt provides assurance that it will report to the TEA the school-level data dunder section III of the final federal requirements.	Program Assurances
17	If the L must i a. b. c. d. e. f. g.	EA/campus selects to implement the <b>turnaround model</b> , the campus mplement the following federal requirements. Replace the principal and grant the principal sufficient operational flexibility (including in staffing, calendars/time, and budgeting) to implement fully a comprehensive approach in order to substantially improve student achievement outcomes and increase high school graduation rates; Use locally adopted competencies to measure the effectiveness of staff who can work within the turnaround environment to meet the needs of students; 1. Screen all existing staff and rehire no more than 50 percent; and 2. Select new staff. Implement such strategies as financial incentives, increased opportunities for promotion and career growth, and more flexible work conditions that are designed to recruit, place, and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students in the turnaround school; Provide staff ongoing, high-quality, job-embedded professional development that is aligned with school's comprehensive instructional program and designed with school staff to ensure that they are equipped to facilitate effective teaching and learning and have the capacity to successfully implement school reform strategies; Adopt a new governance structure, which may include, but is not limited to, requiring the school to report to a new "turnaround office" in the LEA or SEA, hire a "turnaround leader" who reports directly to the Superintendent or Chief Academic Officer, or enter into a multi-year contract with the LEA or SEA to obtain added flexibility in exchange for greater accountability; Use data to identify and implement an instructional program that is research-based and vertically aligned from one grade to the next as well as aligned with State academic standards; Promote the continuous use of student data (such as from formative, interim, and summative assessments) to inform and differentiate instruction in order to meet the academic needs of individual students; Establish schedules and implement strate	Program Assurances

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# Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

	Schedule #4—Program Requirements Part 2: Statutory Requirements					
P						
#	Requirement Description – Federal Statutory Requirements	Primary Component Where Described				
18	If the LEA/campus selects to implement the <b>turnaround model</b> , the campus <b>may</b> implement the following federal requirements. a. Any of the required and permissible activities under the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model; or a new school model (e.g., themed, dual language academy).	Program Assurances				
19	<ul> <li>If the LEA/campus selects to implement the school closure model, the campus must implement the following requirement.</li> <li>a. Enroll the students who attended that school in other schools in the LEA that are higher achieving within reasonable proximity to the closed school and may include, but are not limited to, charter schools or new schools for which achievement data are not yet available.</li> <li>b. A grant for school closure is a one-year grant without the possibility of continued funding.</li> </ul>	Program Assurances				
20	<ul> <li>If the LEA/campus selects to implement the restart model, the campus must implement the following federal requirements.</li> <li>a. Convert or close and reopen the school under a charter school operator, a charter management organization (CMO), or an education management organization (EMO) that has been selected through a rigorous review process. A CMO is a non-profit organization that operates or manages charter schools by centralizing or sharing certain functions and resources among schools. An EMO is a for-profit or non-profit organization that provides "whole-school operation" services to an LEA.</li> <li>b. Enroll, within the grades it serves, any former student who wishes to attend the school.</li> </ul>	Program Assurances				

	If the LEA/campus selects to implement the Transformation to Educational	Program Assurances
	Excellence Model, the campus <b>must</b> implement the following federal	
	requirements.	
	1. Develop and increase teacher and school leader effectiveness.	
	(A) Replace the principal who led the school prior to commencement	
	of the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model;	
	(B) Use rigorous, transparent, and equitable evaluation systems for	
	teachers and principals that	
	(1) Take into account data on student growth as a significant	
	factor as well as other factors such as multiple observation-based assessments of performance and ongoing collections of	
	professional practice reflective of student achievement and	
	increased high school graduation rates; and	
21	(2) Are designed and developed with teacher and principal	
	involvement;	
	(C) Identify and reward school leaders, teachers, and other staff	
	who, in implementing this model, have increased student	
	achievement and high school graduation rates and identify and	
	remove those who, after ample opportunities have been provided	
	for them to improve their professional practice, have not done	
	so; (D) Broyida staff angeing, high quality, job-ombodded professional	
	(D) Provide staff ongoing, high-quality, job-embedded professional development ( <u>e.g.</u> , regarding subject-specific pedagogy,	
	instruction that reflects a deeper understanding of the community	
	served by the school, or differentiated instruction) that is aligned	
	with the school's comprehensive instructional program and	

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		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	
		Schedule #4—Program Requirements	
P	art 2: Statutory Requirem	ents	
#	Requirement Description -	Federal Statutory Requirements	Primary Component Where Described
21	effective teaching and implement school refor (E) Implement such str. opportunities for pro- conditions that are of skills necessary to r to Educational Excel 2. Comprehensive instruct (A) Use data to ide is research-base next as well as (B) Promote the co- formative, inte differentiate in individual stud 3. Increasing learning tim (A) Establish schee time; and (B) Provide ongoin engagement. 4. Providing operational f (A) Give the schoo calendars/time comprehensive achievement o rates; and (B) Ensure that the assistance and designated ext turnaround org	ategies as financial incentives, increased omotion and career growth, and more flexible work designed to recruit, place, and retain staff with the neet the needs of the students in a Transformation lence Model school. tional reform strategies. ntify and implement an instructional program that ed and vertically aligned from one grade to the aligned with State academic standards; and ntinuous use of student data (such as from rim, and summative assessments) to inform and struction in order to meet the academic needs of ents. e and creating community-oriented schools. ules and strategies that provide increased learning g mechanisms for family and community exibility and sustained support. sufficient operational flexibility (such as staffing, , and budgeting) to implement fully a approach to substantially improve student utcomes and increase high school graduation e school receives ongoing, intensive technical related support from the LEA, the SEA, or a ernal lead partner organization (such as a school anization or an EMO).	Program Assurances
22	An LEA <b>may</b> also implement of leaders' effectiveness, such as (A) Provide additional com necessary to meet the Educational Excellence (B) Institute a system for a resulting from profess (C) Ensure that the school	her strategies to develop teachers' and school  pensation to attract and retain staff with the skills needs of the students in a Transformation to Model school; neasuring changes in instructional practices	Program Assurances

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1.371 X80.		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	
		Schedule #4—Program Requirements	arau ta ar
<u></u>	art 2: Statutory Requirem	ants	Primary Component Where
#	Requirement Description -	Federal Statutory Requirements	Described
<u>- 32 17 3864 F.2</u>	An LEA may also implement co	mprehensive instructional reform strategies, such	
	as	en e	
		ews to ensure that the curriculum is being elity, is having the intended impact on student	
		modified if ineffective;	
		vide "response-to-intervention" model;	
		pports and professional development to teachers	
		er to implement effective strategies to support	
		ties in the least restrictive environment and to	
	master academic con	nglish proficient students acquire language skills tent:	.0
		chnology-based supports and interventions as par	+
	of the instructional p		
	(E) In secondary schools-		
		by offering opportunities for students to enroll in sework (such as Advanced Placement;	
23			
25	International B and mathemati	1	
	rigorous and re		
		ning opportunities), early-college high schools,	
		t programs, or thematic learning academies that	
	prepare students for college and careers, including by providing appropriate supports designed to ensure that low-achieving		
	students can take advantage of these programs and coursework; (2) Improve student transition from middle to high school through		1
	summer transition programs or freshman academies;		
	(3) Increase graduation rates through, for example, credit-recovery		
	programs, re-engagement strategies, smaller learning		
	communities, competency-based instruction and performance- based assessments, and acceleration of basic reading and		
	mathematics sl		
		warning systems to identify students who may be	2
		to achieve to high standards or graduate.	
		her strategies that extend learning time and	Program Assurances
	create community-oriented sch (A) Partner with parents a		
	based organizations, h		
	others to create safe s		
	emotional, and health		
24	(B) Extend or restructure		
	strategies as advisory	<i>i</i>	
	faculty, and other sch (C) Implement approache	c	
	implementing a system		
	eliminate bullying and		
	(D) Expand the school program to offer full-day kindergarten or pre-		
	kindergarten.		

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by telephone/e-mail/FAX on		School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.		
by	of TEA.	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	Amendment No.		
		Schedule #4—Program Requirements	B. Hara		
<u> </u>	art 2: Statutory Requirement	ents			
#		Federal Statutory Requirements	Primary Component Where Described		
25	and intensive support, such as (A) Allow the school to be as a turnaround divisi	other strategies for providing operational flexibility  run under a new governance arrangement, such on within the LEA or SEA; or I school-based budget formula that is weighted	Program Assurances		
	based on student nee	ds.			
26		Tier I and Tier II schools is prohibited from on to Educational Excellence Model in more than	Program Assurances		
		id signing Schedule #1, the applicant is certi component descriptions and activities.	fying that all requirements are		
20142	t 3: Statutory Assurances				
#	Statutory Assurance Descri				
1	Applicant provides assurance that financial assistance provided under the grant program will supplement, and not supplant, the amount of state and local funds allocated to the campus.				
2	Applicant provides assurance that it will use its TTIPS Grant to implement fully and effectively an intervention in each Tier I and Tier II school that the LEA commits to serve consistent with the final federal requirements.				
3	Applicant provides assurance that it will establish annual goals for student achievement on the State's assessments in both reading/language arts and mathematics and measure progress on the leading indicators in section III of the				
4	Applicant provides assurance that it will, if it implements a restart model in a Tier I or Tier II school, include in its contract or agreement terms and provisions to hold the charter operator, charter management organization, or education management organization accountable for complying with the final federal requirements.				
5	Applicant provides assurance that it will report to the TEA the school-level data required under section III of the final federal requirements.				
6	Applicant provides assurance that it will participate in any evaluation of the grant conducted by the U.S. Department of Education, including its contractors, or the Texas Education Agency, including its contractors.				
Part 4: TEA Program Assurances					
#	# TEA Assurance Description				
1	completion of the following activities: i. Comprehensive Needs Assessment process. ii. Establish the grant budget by the required categories.				
	iv. Development o	nd Selection of the intervention model. f activities to implement selected intervention mo f Timeline of Grant Activities.	del.		
	v. Development t				

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on this page have been confirmed with		Standard Application System (SAS)	240901 County-District No.	
by telephone/e-mail/FAX on		School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.	
		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	Principaliticity into a	
		Schedule #4-Program Requirements		
Pa	rt 4: TEA Program Assuranc	:es		
#	TEA Assurance Description			
2	The applicant provides assurance that the LEA will designate an individual or office with primary responsibilities for supporting the LEA/campus' school improvement efforts. This individual/office will have primary responsibility and authority for ensuring the effective implementation of the grant option approved by TEA; serve as the district liaison to TEA and those providing technical assistance and/or contracted service to the LEA/campus as part of the approved grant.			
3	The applicant provides assurance that a team from the grantee LEA/campus will attend and participate in grant			
4	For the LEAs selecting the TEA Designed Models the applicant provide assurances that it will participate in and			
5	The applicant will establish or provide evidence of a system of formative assessment aligned to the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills which provides robust, targeted data to evaluate the effectiveness of the LEA's curriculum and its alignment with instruction occurring on the campus; assesses progress on student groups' academic achievement at the campus level; and guide instructional decisions by teachers for individual students.			
6	The applicant will participate in a formative assessment of the LEA's capacity and commitment to carry out the grant intervention models.			
7	The applicant will provide access for engine wights to the LEA and examples by TEA. CIDC and its contractors			
8	The applicant, if selecting the Restart Model, agrees to contract only with CMO or EMO providers on the State's approved list of CMO and EMO providers.			
9	The applicant, if selecting the Turnaround Model or Transformation to Educational Excellence Model Tiers I and Tiers II only) agrees to the participation of the campus principal or principal candidates in a formative assessment of their turnaround leadership capacity.			
10	<ul> <li>If the LEA/Tier III campus selects to implement the <u>Transformation to Educational Excellence Model</u>, the campus assures that it will it implement the following federal requirements.</li> <li>Develop and increase teacher and school leader effectiveness.</li> <li>A. Evaluate the effectiveness of the current principal and use the results of the evaluation to determine whether the principal should be replaced, be retained on the campus, or be provided leadership coaching or training.</li> <li>B. Identify and reward school leaders, teachers, and other staff who, in implementing this model, have increased student achievement and high school graduation rates and identify and remove those who, after ample opportunities have been provided for them to improve their professional practice, have not done so;</li> <li>C. Provide staff ongoing, high-quality, job-embedded professional development (e.g., regarding subject-specific pedagogy, instruction that reflects a deeper understanding of the community served by the school, or differentiated instruction) that is aligned with the school's comprehensive instructional program and designed with school staff to ensure they are equipped to facilitate effective teaching and learning and have the capacity to successfully implement school reform strategies; and</li> <li>D. Implement such strategies as financial incentives, increased opportunities for promotion and career growth, and more flexible work conditions that are designed to recruit, place, and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students in a Transformation to Educational Excellence Model school based on rigorous, transparent, and equitable evaluation systems for teachers and principals:         <ol> <li>Takes into account data on student growth as a a factor as well as other factors such as multiple observation-based assessments of student performance and ongoing collections of professional practice reflective of student achievement and principal invo</li></ol></li></ul>			

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#### TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

240901

County-District No.

by telephone/e-mail/FAX on

# School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

бу	or iEA. Amenament No.			
	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant			
Schedule #4—Program Requirements				
Part 4: TEA Program Assurances				
#	TEA Assurance Description			
	<ol> <li>Comprehensive instructional reform strategies.         <ul> <li>A. Use data to identify and implement an instructional program that is research-based and vertically aligned from one grade to the next as well as aligned with State academic standards; and</li> <li>B. Promote the continuous use of student data (such as from formative, interim, and summative assessments) to inform and differentiate instruction in order to meet the academic needs of individual students.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Increasing learning time and creating community-oriented schools.</li> </ol>			
10	<ul> <li>A. Establish schedules and strategies that provide increased learning time; and</li> <li>B. Provide ongoing mechanisms for family and community engagement.</li> <li>4. Providing operational flexibility and sustained support.</li> <li>A. Give the school sufficient operational flexibility (such as staffing, calendars/time, and budgeting) to implement fully a comprehensive approach to substantially improve student achievement outcomes and increase high school graduation rates; and</li> <li>B. Ensure that the school receives ongoing, intensive technical assistance and related support from the LEA, the SEA, or a designated external lead partner organization (such as a school turnaround organization or an EMO).</li> </ul>			
11	<ul> <li>An LEA may also implement other strategies to develop teachers' and school leaders' effectiveness, such as         (A)Provide additional compensation to attract and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of         the students in a Transformation to Educational Excellence Model school;         (B)Institute a system for measuring changes in instructional practices resulting from professional         development; or         (C) Ensure that the school is not required to accept a teacher without the mutual consent of the teacher and         principal, regardless of the teacher's seniority.</li> </ul>			
12	<ul> <li>An LEA may also implement comprehensive instructional reform strategies, such as <ul> <li>(A)Conduct periodic reviews to ensure that the curriculum is being implemented with fidelity, is having the intended impact on student achievement, and is modified if ineffective;</li> <li>(B)Implement a school wide "response-to-intervention" model;</li> <li>(C) Provide additional supports and professional development to teachers and principals in order to implement effective strategies to support students with disabilities in the least restrictive environment and to ensure that limited English proficient students acquire language skills to master academic content;</li> <li>(D) Use and integrate technology-based supports and interventions as part of the instructional program; and</li> <li>(E) In secondary schools</li> <li>(1) Increase rigor by offering opportunities for students to enroll in advanced coursework (such as advanced Placement; International Baccalaureate; or science, technology, engineering, and mathematics courses, especially those that incorporate rigorous and relevant project-, inquiry-, or design-based contextual learning opportunities), early-college and careers, including by providing appropriate supports designed to ensure that low-achieving students can take advantage of these programs and coursework;</li> <li>(2) Improve student transition from middle to high school through summer transition programs or freshman academies;</li> <li>(3) Increase graduation rates through, for example, credit-recovery programs, re-engagement strategies, smaller learning communities, competency-based instruction and performance-based assessments, and acceleration of basic reading and mathematics skills; or</li> <li>(4) Establish early-warning systems to identify students who may be at risk of failing to achieve to high standards or graduate.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			

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		Schedule #4—Program Requirements		
Par	t 4: TEA Program Assuran		A COMPLETE STATE	
#	TEA Assurance Description			
<u></u>	An LEA may also implement oth such as	her strategies that extend learning time and crea d parent organizations, faith- and community-ba		
13	other State or local agencies, and others to create safe school environments that meet students' social, emotional, and health needs; B. Extend or restructure the school day so as to add time for such strategies as advisory periods that build			
	relationships between students, faculty, and other school staff; C. Implement approaches to improve school climate and discipline, such as implementing a system of positive behavioral supports or taking steps to eliminate bullying and student harassment; or D. Expand the school program to offer full-day kindergarten or pre-kindergarten.			
14	The LEA may also implement other strategies for providing operational flexibility and intensive support, such as A. Allow the school to be run under a new governance arrangement, such as a turnaround division within the LEA or SEA; or			
B. Implement a per-pupil school-based budget formula that is weighted based on student needs.				
	The LEA/campus assures TEA that data to meet the following federal requirements will be available and reported as			
	requested.			
	<ul> <li>a. Number of minutes within the school year.</li> <li>b. Average scale scores on State assessments in reading/language arts and in mathematics, by grade, for the "all students" group, for each achievement quartile, and for each subgroup.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Number and percentage of students completing advanced coursework (e.g., AP/IB), early-college high schools, or dual enrollment classes. (High Schools Only)</li> <li>College enrollment rates. (High Schools Only)</li> </ul>			
15	d. College enrollment rates. (High Schools Only) e. Teacher Attendance Rate			
	f. Student Completion Rate			
	g. Student Drop-Out Rate			
	h. Locally developed competencies created to identify teacher strengths/weaknesses			
	<ul> <li>Types of support offered to teachers</li> <li>Types of on-going, job-embedded professional development for teachers</li> </ul>			
	k. Types of on-going, job-embedded professional development for administrators			
	I. Strategies to increase parent/community involvement			
	m. Strategies which increa	se student learning time		
1.1 2 2 3 1	submitting the application an ve assurances.	d signing Schedule #1, the applicant is cert	ifying it will comply with the	

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	Schedule #4A—Program Abstract			
Part 1: Grant Eligibility				
🗌 Tier I Eligible Campus 🗌 T	ier II Eligible Campus 🛛 🛛 Tier III Eligible Ca	ampus		
Identify which timeline the LEA/	Campus the applicant will implement.			
Option 1: LEA/campus currently	engaged in aggressive reform			
Option 2: LEA/campus in need of the second	of foundational technical assistance			
Part 2: Grant Program Summan	Provide a brief overview of the program vou of	an to implement on the campus		
Part 2: Grant Program Summary. Provide a brief overview of the program you plan to implement on the campus. Be sure to address fundamental issues such as your local program goals and objectives that align with the RFA purpose and goals, rationale for program design, etc. Address the specific gaps, barriers, or weaknesses to be addressed by the intervention model to be selected. A response to this question must be completed in the original submission regardless of whether the LEA/campus has selected an intervention model at this time or not. Responses are limited to the space provided, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana). Laredo Independent School District and M.B. Lamar Middle School face many challenges that result from language and cultural differences, student mobility, poverty, new and emerging technologies, fluctuations in the economy, shifting demographics, and specific environmental forces related to the border area.				
Based on the 2008-2009 Academic Excellence Indicator System (AEIS) report, provided by the Texas Education Agency, the total number of students enrolled in Laredo Independent School is 24,790; 99.5% are Hispanic; 66.0% or 16,429 enter school as Spanish dominant English Language Learners; 82.2% or 20,465 students are at-risk, and 96.5% or 24,032 are identified as economically disadvantaged.				
literature/research, annual state standardized test scores, TEA campus report cards, and the campus star chart. The Laredo Independent School District and M.B. Lamar Middle School have chosen to participate in the Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant based on the advisory committee recommendations, comprehensive needs assessment, academic statistics, number of low income families, limited access to technology and technological support, and strong support from district administration, parents, students and staff to participate in this school improvement project.				
Transformation to Educational Exc	ellence Model Objectives:			
The M.B. Lamar Middle School plans to implement the <u>Transformation to Educational Excellence Model</u> by implementing the following strategies:				
Increasing teacher and school lead	ader effectiveness;			
<ul> <li>Evaluation of the principal who led the school prior to commencement of the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model to determine the extent of school leadership effectiveness through a comprehensive evaluation that will determine the whether to retain or replace the current principal;</li> </ul>				
The campus will use rigorous, tra that—	insparent, relevant and equitable evaluation instru	ments for teachers and principals		
performance and ongoing pr	wth as well as other factors that include multiple of ofessional practice that is reflective of student ach school graduation rates; and that are designed an	ievement and increased student		

b. Identification and rewards system for school leaders, teachers, and other staff who, in implementing the

Transformation to Educational Excellence Model, have increased student achievement and high school graduation rates by identifying and removing those school leaders, teachers and other staff, after being provided ample opportunities to improve their professional practice and have not done so;

- c. Provide all school leaders, teachers and other staff ongoing, high-quality, job-embedded professional development (e.g., regarding subject-specific pedagogy, instruction that reflects a deeper understanding of the community served by the school, and differentiated instructional strategies) that are aligned with the school's comprehensive instructional program and designed with school staff to ensure they are equipped to facilitate effective teaching and learning and have the capacity to successfully implement school reform strategies;
- d. Implementation of such strategies as financial incentives, increased opportunities for promotion and career growth, and more flexible work conditions that are designed to recruit, place, and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students attending M.B. Lamar Middle School.

### Identified Instructional Reform Strategies:

The M.B. Lamar Middle School Comprehensive instructional reform strategies include a data driven analysis used to:

- Identify and implementan instructional strategies that are research-based and vertically aligned from one grade to the next as well as aligned with State academic standards;
- Use of student data (such as District Benchmark formative assessments, interim assessments, and summative assessments) to inform and differentiate instructional strategies to meet the academic needs of individual students.
- Create a community-oriented school.
- Establish schedules and strategies that provide increased learning time;
- Provide ongoing activities for family and community engagement;
- Provide operational flexibility and sustained support;
- Provide M.B. Lamar Middle School sufficient operational flexibility (such as staffing, calendars/time, and budgeting) to implement fully a comprehensive approach to substantially improve student achievement outcomes and increase high school graduation rates;
- Ensure that M.B. Lamar Middle School receives ongoing, intensive technical assistance and related support from the District, Region 1, Texas Education Agency and Professional Development providers.

The M.B. Lamar Middle School will also implement other instructional and professional development strategies to develop teachers' and school leaders' effectiveness by providing:

- a. Additional compensation to attract and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students attending M.B. Lamar Middle School;
- b. Performance measures for evaluation of instructional practices resulting from professional development;
- c. Ensuring M.B. Lamar Middle School is not required to accept a teacher without the mutual consent of the teacher and principal, regardless of the teacher's seniority.

Additionally, M.B. Lamar Middle School will implement the comprehensive instructional reform strategies, to include:

- a. Periodic reviews to ensure the curriculum is being implemented with fidelity, and is having the intended impact on student achievement, and is modified if ineffective;
- b. Implementation of a school wide "response-to-intervention" model;
- c. Provide additional support and professional development to teachers and principals in order to implement effective strategies to support students with disabilities in the least restrictive environment and to ensure that limited English proficient students acquire language skills to master academic content;

- d. Use and integrate technology-based support and intervention as part of the instructional program;
- e. Increase academic rigor by providing opportunities for students to enroll in advanced coursework (such as Advanced Placement; health science, science, technology, engineering, mathematics or fine arts magnet programs, especially those that incorporate rigorous and relevant project-, inquiry-, or design-based contextual learning opportunities), early-college high schools, dual enrollment programs, or thematic learning academies that prepare students for college and careers, and provide appropriate student support designed to ensure that low-achieving students can take advantage of these programs and coursework;
- f. Improve on student transition from middle to high school through intensive summer transition and enrichments programs;
- g. Increase graduation rates through the Non-traditional high school drop-out and credit-recovery program, reengagement strategies, smaller learning communities, competency-based instruction and performance-based assessments, and acceleration of basic reading and mathematics skills;
- h. Establishment of early-warning systems that identify students who may be at risk of failing, dropping-out or graduating.

The M.B. Lamar Middle School will implement additional strategies that extend learning times and create communityoriented schools that include:

- a. Partnerships with parents and parent organizations, faith- and community-based organizations, health clinics, other State or local agencies to create safe school environments that meet students' social, emotional, and health needs;
- b. Extended day, Saturday and summer enrichment programs that allow time for such strategies as advisory periods that build relationships between students, faculty, and other school staff;
- c. Changing the organizational culture to improve school climate and discipline, such as implementing a system of positive behavioral supports and taking proactive steps to eliminate bullying and student harassment

# **Identified Curriculum Needs:**

Based on data disaggregation the committee and leadership team has reviewed all data sources to encapsulate their findings:

- Students need continuous feedback on their performance;
- Program success and effectiveness needs more evaluation to ensure effective leadership and instructional strategies;
- Identify students in need of remediation, acceleration and/or intervention;
- Identification of instructional models and technological tools that have shown improved student academic successes;
- Revise curriculum development strategies and professional development programs;
- Hold all district/campus personnel accountable for outcomes;
- · Determine goals for increased student achievement, benchmarks for progress, and measurable outcomes;
- Provide a structured support network for each student;
- Academic support services;
- Credit recovery;
- Career and technology education;
- Individualized instruction;
- Prescriptive tutorials;
- Life skills and character education;
- Health and student support services; and
- Educational enrichment.

#### Assurances:

The Laredo Independent School District and M.B. Lamar Middle School assures TEA that data to meet the following federal

requirements will be available and reported as requested.

- a. Number of minutes within the school year.
- b. Average scale scores on State assessments in reading/language arts and in mathematics, by grade, for the "all students" group, for each achievement guartile, and for each subgroup.
- c. Teacher Attendance Rate
- d. Student Completion Rate
- e. Student Drop-Out Rate
- f. Locally developed competencies created to identify teacher strengths/weaknesses
- g. Types of support offered to teachersh. Types of on-going, job-embedded professional development for teachers
- Types of on-going, job-embedded professional development for administrators i.
- j. Strategies to increase parent/community involvement
- k. Strategies which increase student learning time.

#### **Professional Development and Curriculum Framework:**

M.B. Lamar Middle School will provide teachers with the necessary resources and technology to prepare lessons and actively engage students. Lesson will follow the 5-E Model which is a researched-based approach to lesson planning and has been proven to be very successful.

According to J.D. Bransford, teachers must model and guide learning strategies so students develop a repertoire of flexible strategies learned and practiced in a community of learners where the emphasis is on learning how to learn, and not the one correct answer. They must use their expertise to do the following:

- Identify relevant cognitive processes and design mediated interactions that focus student attention to critical elements and encourage abstraction of principles,
- Create meaningful and creative repetition so students experience the same cognitive processes in different learning contexts.
- Develop a plan of action that addresses expected difficulties of the students with the process.
- Directly point out or lead students to remember relevant knowledge.
- Create opportunities to observe similarities and differences across diverse events/contexts,
- Actively enable students to experience changes in understanding, and current interactions with principles to build prerequisite skills for future learning,
- Use frequent formative assessment to make students' thinking visual,
- Make students aware of the strategies they used,
- Monitor actively, including seeking and using feedback,
- Characterize major themes, generalized features, and strategies rather than specific solutions,
- Actively inquire into the students' thinking, make students aware of the strategies they used, and
- Assist them to be aware of growth in their thinking (meta-cognitive skills).

Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.

The district curriculum framework (CSCOPE, a regional collaborative) and the instructional methodologies of PD 360, Ericson, Kagan, and Kaplan along with the 5e Instructional Model that address multiple intelligences and cooperative instructional strategies are all indicative of the district's commitment to student academic success.

The instructional approach using the 5e model will be implemented as part of the M.B. Lamar Middle School Transformation to Educational Excellence Model. The 5e model describes a teaching sequence that can be used for entire programs, specific units, and individual lessons. The 5E Instructional Model plays a significant role in the curriculum development process as well as the enactment of curricular materials in science classrooms. Bybee, Taylor, Gardner, Van Scotter, Powell, Westbrook, and Landes (2006).

5E - Instructional Model Engage/Excite Evaluate Explore Extend

Engagement - The teacher or a curriculum task accesses the learners' prior knowledge and helps them become engaged in a new concept through the use of short activities that promote curiosity and elicit prior knowledge. The activity should make connections between past and present learning experiences, expose prior conceptions, and organize students' thinking toward the learning outcomes of current activities.

Exploration - Exploration experiences provide students with a common base of activities within which current concepts (i.e., misconceptions), processes, and skills are identified and conceptual change is facilitated. Learners may complete lab activities that help them use prior knowledge to generate new ideas, explore questions and possibilities, and design and conduct a preliminary investigation.

Explanation - The explanation phase focuses students' attention on a particular aspect of their engagement and exploration experiences and provides opportunities to demonstrate their conceptual understanding, process skills, or behaviors. This phase also provides opportunities for teachers to directly introduce a concept, process, or skill. Learners explain their understanding of the concept. An explanation from the teacher or the curriculum may guide them toward a deeper understanding, which is a critical part of this phase.

Elaboration - Teachers challenge and extend students' conceptual understanding and skills. Through new experiences, the students develop deeper and broader understanding, more information, and adequate skills. Students apply their understanding of the concept by conducting additional activities.

Evaluation - The evaluation phase encourages students to assess their understanding and abilities and provides opportunities for teachers to evaluate student progress toward achieving the educational objectives.

The professional development will allow school leaders, teachers, counselors and staff to develop initiatives regarding specific issues of instruction relevant to student academic achievement, knowledge and skills acquisition in the context designed to capture content-based knowledge, active learning styles, comprehension of content based lessons in all academic areas and targeted intervention, prescriptive small group instruction, enrichment, and parental involvement activities.

Teacher/Leader Professional Development will including the following:

- 1) Inclusion Workshops for professional development and curriculum planning.
- 2) Academic Seminars, workshops, trainings, and conferences.
- 3) Scope and Sequence/5e Model professional development training and workshops.
- 4) C-SCOPE Professional development training and workshops.
- 5) Integrating Virtual Learning Activities professional development training and workshops.
- 6) Hands-on/Minds-on Learning Activities professional development training and workshops.

Through continuous and planned professional development, district and campus administrators, and instructional leaders,

will ensure that each teacher is highly qualified to implement and deliver the approved C-Scope curriculum using the 5E model.

The comprehensive plan is designed to engage in ongoing development and training of teachers to develop effective instructional strategies in academics to improve local benchmark and State assessment results and prepare students at the M.B. Lamar Middle School level by enhancing academic performance through effective instructional delivery and the use of research-based foundations in order to increase student academic performance in all academic areas.

The district adopted instructional model that will significantly revise the existing programs by the use of educational thematic units that include, but not limited to: (a) Integration of different educational subject areas through thematic units that present data combined with research-based knowledge and skills acquisition. (b) Implement a total support system for each student through campus leadership and supplemental courses combined with aggressive targeted interventions to specific identified areas of diverse need of the individual student. (c) Intensive prescriptive tutoring and intervention strategies will be implemented to ensure student progress by monitoring the areas of individual needs and based on individual education plans (IEP) and individual graduation plans (IGP). (d). Ultimately, affording students the maximum opportunity to attain the fundamental knowledge and skills to achieve a total well rounded education.

# Identified Goals:

The goals of the M.B. Lamar Middle School will be planned and designed for the following:

- a. Increase the number of students who are academically ready to meet the passing standard on local and State assessments.
- b. Plan, design, and implement effective systemic programs to improve teachers' academic content knowledge and instructional effectiveness and create a deeper understanding of the instructional concepts and skills needed to prepare students for academic success.
- c. Create opportunities for teachers to receive in-classroom coaching to improve instructional and Response to Intervention (Rtl) effectiveness in academic areas. As part of the program's professional development requirements, teachers will gain experience and ideas from instructional strategies in order to accomplish this goal. Professional learning opportunities with Tier I and Tier II Rtl strategies and accelerated instruction will be provided during the first year of the grant.
- d. Ensure students participate in a challenging curriculum that meets and exceeds the grade level TEKS for which the student is enrolled.
- e. Equip school leaders to support and facilitate teachers' efforts to increase student achievement in academic areas.
- f. Provide parents with opportunities to talk with teachers at more frequent intervals about their child's academic progress in and to engage parents in their child's academic success.

In the development and planning of Transformation to Educational Excellence Model activities to support the campus goals and key practices through organized team structuring we will develop a three year action plan that includes:

- 1) Identification and organization of a school leadership team that will provide assistance in achieving program goals and key practices through the resource based comprehensive needs assessment.
- 2) Planned monthly school leadership meetings in order to manage program activities the progress monitoring, planning and implementation.
- Maintaining a portfolio for all progress monitoring documentation and communication of progress and program expectations to administrators, teachers, parents, superintendent, board members, community members, and other stakeholders.

The planning and implementation stages include a collaborative effort from all stakeholders at the campus, district and community to support the involvement and preparation of this Transformation to Educational Excellence Model for M.B. Lamar Middle School school.

The coordination of stakeholders will require various committees to address the curriculum implementation, fiscal management, data evaluation, post-secondary awareness and readiness, and parental involvement.

District staff coordination includes the Principals, Assistant Principals, Counselors, Director for Secondary Education, Instructional Deans/ Instructional Specialists, Special Education Director/Supervisor, Director for Secondary Education, Director for Guidance and At-Risk, Response to Intervention and Section 504 Coordinator, Executive Director for Curriculum and Instruction, Executive Director Student Services, Chief Financial Officer, Director for Financial Management, Executive Director for Academic Compliance and Accountability, Superintendent of Schools, the School Board of Trustees, Community Members, Business Leaders and Parents.

In addition, a district liaison and parent liaison will participate and be a part of the school leadership team to serve as a link between the school, district, parents, and community.

# M.B. Lamar Middle School Technology Utilization and Promotion:

The instructional curriculum design will provide for instructional technology usage for the purpose of implementing technologically enhanced instruction. Additionally, the technology will support professional development along with support, sustaining systemic change and promotion of school improvement strategies.

The technology will provide an advanced technological foundation that are TEKS based technology integration into classroom instruction in order to promote active instructional strategies and will allow for the curriculum and instructional strategies to utilize technology by incorporating the technology TEKS into the curriculum and instruction.

#### Parental/Community Involvement:

Parental involvement is crucial for the success of the program, curriculum, and overall student achievement. By building a strong partnership between the school and parents, the program will have a solid foundation for the implementation of both the grant and curriculum. Parents will take part ownership in the academic development of their own children, thus student success will become a cohesive and collaborative effort between parents, students, teachers, and school administrators. Plans to provide quarterly meetings for parents through the guidance department to disseminate information regarding school improvement strategies and academic readiness.

Campus administrative personnel of the school will demonstrate a comprehensive plan to engage in ongoing development and training of participating teachers, parents, and community leaders to understand academic standards. In the article, Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. Furthermore, the research shows that the more intensively parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008)

# **Student Support Services:**

The M.B. Lamar Middle School Transformation to Educational Excellence Model intends to provide a structured support network for the student to remove obstacles that inherently prevent the student from focusing on the academic requirements of graduation and college entry through the academic and non-academic support structure.

The structured support network will include, but not be limited to:

- a) workforce skill development;
- b) employment skills development and employment opportunities;
- c) college-readiness skills;
- d) student attendance;
- e) adult education and continuing education programs;
- f) academic performance on standardized tests;
- g) support services for student and their families;
- h) non-traditional instructional strategies;

i) peer mentoring of student academic support;

j) self-paced learning;

k) character education;

I) PSAT, ACT, SAT, and THEA testing preparation;

m) prescriptive tutoring and instruction through flexible scheduling;

- n) technology skills training;
- o) counseling and health services;
- p) individual education plans;
- q) remediation, acceleration and intervention;

The academic support services will provide students with credit recovery enrollment, school re-enrollment opportunities, career and technology education, software enhanced learning tools, individualized instruction, prescriptive tutorials, mentorship and life skills education.

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Sec. Magan	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #48—Program Description															
<u></u>	Part 1: Comprehensive Needs Assessment															
	tion A: Camp				and the second secon Second second							and the second s		Sec. Sec.	san an a	
<b>T</b>		N	umbe	r of St	udent	s Enro	lled in	Grade	Level	s on t	he Car	npust	to be S	erved	with Q	Grant
iÀt	e of School	РК	к	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Pub	lic School								451	424	427					1302
Open- Enrollment Charter School																0
Tot	al Students:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	451	424	427	0	0	0	0	1302
										Т	otal In	struc	tional	Staff		93
											То	tal Su	pport s	Staff		15
Sec	tion B: Data	Source	es Rev	viewed	or to	be Re	viewed	d in th	e Com	prehe	nsive l	leeds	Asses	sment	Proce	SS
1	AEIS-Academ	nic Exc	ellence	Indica	itor Sys	stem										
2	ARD-Annual,	Reviev	v and I	Dismiss	sal											
3	IEP-Individua	lized E	ducati	onal Pl	an											
4	DDA-District Data Analyzer															
5	AIP- Accelerated Instructional Plan															
6	Attendance R	eport														
7	TELPAS - Te	kas Eng	glish La	anguag	e Profi	ciency	Assess	ment S	ystem							
8	District Impro	ovemei	nt Plan	S												
9																
10		,														

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	Schedule #48-Program Description	
Part 1: Comprehensive Needs	A CONTRACT OF A CO	
	imited to the space provided, front side only, wi	th a foot size no smaller than 9
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	e LEA and campus followed/will follow to i	dentify the needs of the
campus.		
Purpose:		
academic achievement and preparation	eds assessment is to implement instructional pro on of M.B. Lamar Middle School students to meet area. The M.B. Lamar Middle School targeted ar ollowing:	standards and/or exceed and pass
students and those at risk for failu		
Equip school leaders to support a	nd facilitate teachers' efforts to increase student a	achievement in academic areas;
	ve intervention services to M.B. Lamar Middle Sch future local and State assessments.	nool students identified as unlikely to
report, the campus comprehensive ne districts historical and instructional dat and the district and campus technolog	ehensive needs assessment included scientifically eds assessment, Campus Improvement Plans an ta analysis report, campus demographic reports, t by plans. In addition, the district and campus equi in order assess each campuses current technolog	nd District Improvement Plans, The the campus and district Star charts ipment, hardware and software
been able to determine that the areas development, parental and community	ict and M.B. Lamar Middle School through its com of academics, classroom instructional strategies, v involvement are areas of significant concern tha vill be planned and designed for long term sustain	technology access, professional t this school improvement project will
teachers believing in the possibilities a to reflect and acknowledge student ac interventions for student growth. By v	indicator of positive student outcome, and persister and potential of each student. Our belief is that al hievement levels and accommodate their instruct arying pedagogical approaches, teachers will be rks, and utilize thought-provoking questions to de	I teachers should possess the ability ional delivery to ensure quality expected to activate students' prior
Process:		
The development of the Comprehensi	ve Needs Assessment (CNA) is based on a five s	tep process that establishes:
4. Prioritize and summarize area	es for each area of the CNA; be collected and analyzed by committee in order to	
Step 1: The purpose and outcomes fo Identify short and long	r development of the Comprehensive Needs Asse g-term timelines;	essment:

- Disseminate purpose and outcomes to all stakeholders;
- Involve all stakeholders throughout the process;
- Ensure all stakeholders understand the process; and
- Identify accomplishment of short and long term goals.

Step 2: Establishing various committees for each area of the Comprehensive Needs Assessment:

- Establishment of committee and school leadership team from a variety of individuals with expertise from different areas;
- Identification of staff members that will maximize impact on committee or team;
- Identify process of committee or team recruitment, selection, and replacement;
- Ensure all stakeholders understand the process and there is diversity on the committee or team in order to create synergy;
- Identify committee or team members that will lead or conduct individual teams; Ensure each leader is skilled in group leadership regarding data collection/analysis, collaboration and presentation; and
- Identification of how committee and team coordination among committees will occur.

Step 3: Determining data sources to be collected and analyzed by committee in order to develop the school profile:

- Identify data sources and types of data to be collected;
- Identify whether data is sufficient for analysis or if data will need to be reorganized and/or collection tools need to be developed;
- Identify data types that are needing to be kept confidential and FERPA is not violated; and
- Ensure that processes are followed;

Step 4: Prioritize and summarize areas of need:

- Identify strengths and needs of district/school and groups being represented;
- Review evidence that supports the identified strengths and needs;
- Identify and prioritize needs; and
- Identify district/school correlations and dissemination of data results.

Step 5: Link the Comprehensive Needs Assessment to the District/Campus improvement plan development and review process:

- What has been discovered during the process of development of the Comprehensive needs assessment?
- Are all the findings reflected in the Comprehensive Needs Assessment summary statements?
- Have the strategies and activities been addressed in the district/campus improvement plan?
- Does the Comprehensive Needs Assessment address continued and sustained development of the identified strengths?
- Does the Comprehensive Needs Assessment address strategies and activities designed to improve student outcomes?
- Does the Comprehensive Needs Assessment justify NCLB program expenditures as they correlate to the identified needs and priorities of the district/campus?

# Data Disaggregation:

To understand the current district/campus outcomes as reflected in prior Comprehensive Needs Assessments and district/campus improvement plans that have reflected random improvement efforts. The committee and school leadership team has updated school improvement strategies and have identified critical success factors that are focused and clearly define strategies that improve student academic achievement through a variety of identified solutions.

The identified solutions were derived from data collection and data analysis of the following:

- Student Demographics;
- Student Special Populations;
- Student Achievement Results;
- School Culture, Climate and Safety;
- Staff Quality, Recruitment and Retention;
- Curriculum, Instruction, and Assessment;
- Family/Parent/Community Involvement;

- Health, Family, and Student Support Services;
- School Organization;
- Technology;
- Staff Development Needs; and
- State and Federal Requirements;

## Use of extended learning time (e.g., double blocking) for Academics:

M.B. Lamar Middle School has identified students at risk of failure and plans to ensure extended learning times, e.g., a continuous double block format (80-100 minutes daily) taught by the same teacher. The model for extended learning time is determined by the campus and may include an additional class period with a certified teacher, individual or small-group instruction, before- and after-school programs, or Saturday programs and summer enrichment activities.

#### Common planning time:

M.B. Lamar Middle School will provide common planning time for teachers served under the Texas Title I Priority Schools grant to develop professional learning communities and to collaboratively plan lessons, interventions, and assessments based on a careful analysis of available data (student work, diagnostic assessments, anecdotal records, quizzes, tests, etc).

#### Effective supplemental resources:

M.B. Lamar Middle School will select supplemental instructional materials that challenge students with additional problem solving, higher-level thinking, hands-on/minds-on activities and performance-based assessments to enhance and engage students in learning.

#### Appropriate technology:

M.B. Lamar Middle School will provide teachers with supporting technology. Technology and its use must be designed to enhance student learning of the mathematics TEKS and prepare students for the Algebra EOC assessment. Technology may also be used to track student progress in mathematics over the course of the grant cycle. Some of the technological tools that will be used for the implementation of the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model are smart boards, calculators, promethean boards, computers, laptops, notebooks, projectors, document cameras, video conferencing and relevant instructional software.

## Active, ongoing student engagement:

M.B. Lamar Middle School will provide teachers with the necessary resources and technology to prepare lessons and actively engage students. Lesson will follow the 5-E Model which is a researched-based approach to lesson planning and has been proven to be very successful.

# M.B. Lamar Middle School School Academic Data Analysis:

Based on the 2008-2009 Academic Excellence Indicator System (AEIS) report, provided by the Texas Education Agency, the total number of students is 1,315; 98.6% are Hispanic; 34.1% or 448 enter school as Spanish dominant English Language Learners; 62.9% or 827 students are at-risk, and 90.1% or 1,185 are identified as economically disadvantaged.

#### M.B. Lamar Middle School Comprehensive Needs Assessment Results:

- 1. Training in Reading, English, Math, Science, and Social Studies workshops
- 2. Staff development in current, researched-based strategies
- 3. Staff development in addressing special pops: LEP and Special Education Students
- 4. Enhancing content knowledge and instructional delivery skills in all academic areas for teachers
- 5. Acquiring adequate technologies for all students
- 6. Acquiring technology licenses/software for computers
- 7. Acquiring additional technology: laptops, VGA wires, smart boards, etc. for instructional delivery
- 8. Providing extended day activities, Saturday, and summer enrichment programs.

# M.B. Lamar Middle School Teacher Experience and Certification:

Certified in Reading: 18 (100%) Certified in English: 18 (100%) Certified in Math: 18(100%) Certified in Science: 11 (100%) Certified in Social Studies: 11 (100%) Secondary Ed: 93 (100%) Bilingual General: 4 (100%) Generalist: 2 (100%) Special Ed: 14 (100%)

# M.B. Lamar Middle School Current Curriculum:

The curriculum being implemented in the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model at M.B. Lamar Middle School is C-SCOPE

#### M.B. Lamar Middle School Scheduling Utilized:

The schedule designed to implement the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model at M.B. Lamar Middle School is the A-B schedule with 90 minute blocks. (pending approval)

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	Press and the second second	Schedule #4B—Program Description					
Part 1: Co	omprehensive Needs						
	nd Community Groups	s Contributing/to Contribute to Needs Asse were involved in the process.					
1	Principals and Assistant Principals						
2	Counselors/Nurses/Librarians/Diagnosticians/Teachers/Teacher Assistants						
3	Director for Secondary Education and Federal Programs						
4	Instructional Deans/Inst	ructional Specialists					
5	Special Education Director/Supervisor/Diagnosticians/Speech Therapists/ Related Services / Special Education Clerks						
6	Secondary Education Director						
7	Director for Guidance and At-Risk						
8	Director for Staff Development						
9	Response to Intervention and Section 504 Coordinator						
10	Executive Director for Curriculum and Instruction						
11	Executive Director for Student Services						
12	Chief Financial Officer/Director for Financial Management/Director for Procurement						
13	Executive Director for Academic Compliance and Accountability						
14	Superintendent of Schools						
15	School Board of Trustees						
16	Community Members an	d Business Leaders					
17	Parents						

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#### Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #4B—Program Description

States and the Part 2: Project Management Service Sector

Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no. smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

Capacity -- Describe the LEA's capacity to use grant funds to provide adequate resources and related services/support to the campus to implement, fully and effectively, the required activities of the school intervention model.

The Laredo Independent School District has a strong commitment and focus on academic excellence that allows for our under-served and economically disadvantaged community to embrace challenges as opportunities to achieve and maintain high academic standards through best practices and embedding technological innovations in the classroom that inspire a rich and productive learning environment regardless of the socio-economic backgrounds of our student population.

The implementation, design and program evaluation of the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model will provide necessary feedback to sustain and support rigorous academic standards for students; provide a mechanism of higher accountability for teachers, and a coherent sustained leadership program that fosters a synergetic educational environment that emanates academic excellence and transforms the school culture. Research has shown that a major driving force to school improvement, highly qualified teachers, and academic achievement is instructional leadership. Leithwood, Kenneth et al, "How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004.

Monitoring of the program implementation progress will be an on-going process to solicit feedback on students' progress, fidelity to the curriculum plan and timeline, student attendance and to provide support as needed. Meetings will include teachers, campus administrator/facilitator, teacher-aides, counselor, support staff and parents. Data will be closely analyzed at the end of each benchmark period to ensure the success of every participant and to provide and maintain frequent communication between all stakeholders.

Social service interventions and other needs that may prevent or hinder student academic performance and success by referral to community social service programs and providers as well as communities-in-schools and other non-profit organizations on an as needed basis. Working with judges in the Juvenile Justice System can provide opportunities for students to increase academic performance and attendance.

The Laredo Independent School District has capacity to use grant funds and other funding sources to provide adequate resources, professional development, and related services/support to the campus to implement, fully and effectively, the required activities of the school modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model.

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# Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

Schedule #4B—Program Description
Part 2: Project Management Cont.

Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

**Partnership/Involvement of Others** – Describe how the LEA/campus consulted with relevant stakeholders (students, staff, parents, community) regarding this application and proposed implementation of a school intervention model. Collaborative communities of teachers will have great potential for improving teaching and learning, enhancing academic achievement, increasing academic rigor, and creating a safe school climate. Positive professional relations among teachers contribute to greater collaboration, the dissemination of effective teaching practices, and ultimately, a better learning environment for all students. Teaching staff will gain strengths in working together across disciplines to take on new ways of teaching and can engage students' high quality learning. Teachers will be capable of addressing their instructional delivery in context that will have students learn and retain more when they know why they are learning.

A comprehensive learning community experience that includes personal coaching, study groups, tutorials, extended day, Saturday, and summer enrichment, post-secondary readiness, and work-based learning opportunities, will positively affect student grades, assessment results, attendance rates, and graduation rates.

Parental involvement is crucial for the success of the program, curriculum, and overall student achievement. By building a strong partnership between the school and parents, the program will have a solid foundation for the implementation of both the grant and curriculum. Parents will take part ownership in the academic development of their own children, thus student success will become a cohesive and collaborative effort between parents, students, teachers, and school leaders. Plans to provide quarterly meetings for parents through the guidance department to disseminate information regarding school improvement strategies and academic readiness.

Campus administrative personnel of the school will demonstrate a comprehensive plan to engage in ongoing development and training of participating teachers, parents, and community leaders to understand academic standards. In the article, Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. Furthermore, the research shows that the more intensively parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008)

The campus administrative personnel such as the nurse, librarian, and counselor will plan, implement, and demonstrate through non-instructional strategies and activities how students can develop as more engaged individuals in the learning process.

According to the national Center for School Engagement, collaboration with the community identifies that the use of community resources and services strengthen schools, families, and student learning and development. The article, "What Research Says About Family-School-Community Partnerships" goes on further to say that although children's school-community link is the least supported and publicized component of the school-family-community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those connections influences children's school learning, (Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed September 21, 2008 - published October 2005). In addition, the school will enter a partnership with school staff, parents of students at the school, community and business leaders, school district administration, nonprofit organizations, and the Texas Education Agency to ensure higher academic standards.

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# Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

# Schedule #4B—Program Description

Part 2: Project Management Cont. Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no

smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana). **Management of Grant Activities –** Describe how the LEA and campus will modify its practices and/or policies, as necessary, to ensure its implementation of the intervention(s) fully and effectively.

School Leadership Team -- to include all individual groups to ensure overall planning, implementation, evaluation, and compliance of the campus Transformation to Educational Excellence Model.

Campus Principals, Assistant Principals, Counselors, Coordinators, Instructional Support Staff and DAEP Principal – Program Implementation.

Counselors/Nurses/Librarians - Provide services regarding educational, social, emotional, and health services.

Director for Secondary Education – Program Management/Administration, Performance Evaluation and Reporting. Correspond via e-mails, phone, memo's and conduct meetings as needed to ensure program compliance.

Executive Director for Curriculum and Instruction – Program planning, Implementation and formative and summative program evaluation.

Executive Director for Academic Accountability and Compliance - Program planning, Implementation and formative, summative program evaluation, program compliance and academic accountability.

Executive Director for Student Services – Provide services to parents and students regarding attendance, discipline, educational, social, emotional, and health services.

Deans/Instructional Specialists - Program planning, Implementation and formative and summative program evaluation, Benchmark testing, assessment results, planning of professional development sessions, budget, procurement, and overall program evaluation. Gather campus data from teachers, students and parents, correspond via e-mails, phone, memo's and conduct meetings as needed to ensure program compliance.

Special Education Director/Supervisor/Diagnosticians/ – Provide services to parents and students regarding Special Education Programs, attendance, discipline, educational, social, emotional, and physical and mental health services. Provide referrals for students and parents to community based organizations that provide family services. Provides structured development of ARD's and meetings with school leaders, instructional staff, parents, and students.

Director for Guidance and At-Risk – Provide services to counselors, parents and students regarding educational, social, emotional, and physical and mental health services.

Director for Staff Development – Professional Development planning and implementation based on the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model requirements, instructional based content specific strategies, evaluation, and compliance.

Response to Intervention and Section 504 Coordinator – Provide services to parents and students regarding dyslexia, attendance, discipline, educational, social, emotional, and physical and mental health services. Provides structured development of ARD's and meetings with school leaders, instructional staff, parents, and students.

Chief Financial Officer/Director for Financial Management - Budgetary Compliance.

Procurement Director - Procurement Compliance.

Teachers – Program planning, assessment participation, student tracking, implementation of instructional planning, content delivery, classroom management and procedures, and technology integration.

Superintendent of Schools, School Board of Trustees, Community Member and Business Leaders - Procurement Compliance, Academic Accountability and Fiscal Accountability.

Parents – Academic Accountability.

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#### Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #4B—Program Description

Part 2: Project Management Cont. Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

**Resource Management** – Describe how the LEA/campus will align other resources (federal, state, local, and community) with the school improvement intervention.

The district central office administration will identify how other resources (federal, state, local, and private) will be utilized to coordinate services to support and sustain the school improvement intervention. Coordination of federal, state, and private funds will be ensured during the implementation process. Funds will be used to supplement not supplant current services and increase the level of services provided.

State Compensatory, Title I, and Local Funds will be used in conjunction with this program to maximize the use of funds through fund coordination and resources in order to ensure cost effectiveness.

Funds will be used to supplement not supplant current services and increase the level of services provided by the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model goals and objectives. Funds will be used to enhance academic content, instructional delivery methods and teacher content knowledge and instructional delivery methods.

The funds will be expended on programs that support the school improvement strategies of the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model to enhance teacher classroom preparedness, instructional delivery and content competency, improve high school graduation rates, improve at-risk student academic achievement on State assessments, improve student attendance rates, and student postsecondary readiness as per the Texas High School Completion and Success Initiative.

District staff coordination includes the Principals, Assistant Principals, Counselors, Director for Secondary Education, Instructional Deans/ Instructional Specialists, Special Education Director/Supervisor, Director for Secondary Education, Director for Guidance and At-Risk, Response to Intervention and Section 504 Coordinator, Executive Director for Curriculum and Instruction, Executive Director Student Services, Chief Financial Officer, Director for Financial Management, Executive Director for Academic Compliance and Accountability, Superintendent of Schools, the School Board of Trustees, Community Members, Business Leaders and Parents will ensure these funds are used exclusively on the required resources and materials needed to effectively carry out the TEKS driven curriculum's hands-on activities. They will have an in-depth understanding and will be well versed in the Texas Title I Priority School Grant fiscal guidelines and requirements. All materials will be purchased following a structured plan of approval at the campus and district levels. Campus administrative personnel of the school will demonstrate the responsible use of the funds to achieve school improvement.

Program funds will supplement and not supplant state mandates, SBOE rules or activities previously conducted with state and local funds.

The Laredo Independent School District is committed to sustain the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model strategies beyond the program completion date in order to ensure the continued enhancement of student academic achievement.

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Grant Project Manager Qualificat	ions – Describe the qualifications of the person :	selected to be the project manager				
for this grant on the campus.						
The Principal (Project Manager) qualif	tications are as follows:					
Certification in Educational Activity	dministration.					
Coordinates, reviews, develop	os, and revises instructional programs and related	curriculum and materials.				
<ul> <li>Evaluates findings including s</li> </ul>	tudent achievement to examine the effectiveness	and use of instructional materials.				
	elopment, disseminates information regarding cur bserve classroom instructional methods to facilitat					
Compiles and maintains report	rts, records, contract management, and complianc	e.				
program.						
·	responsibilities to ensure compliance with Texas E	ducation Agency standards.				
	gies and Coordinated Professional Development.					
Work with School Leaders on	issues relating to Student Services and Academic	Achievement.				
	<ul> <li>Program Coordination and Planning while engaging in Professional Development sessions, Student Tutoring, Mentoring, Advisement and Enrichment.</li> </ul>					
Ensure that all participants are	e provided prescriptive and differentiated academi	c support.				
Provide for Communication ar	mongst coordinator, parents and district personnel					
Provide progress reporting.						
Provide pre and post assessment	nents and make recommendations for grade level	placement of students.				

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #4B—Program Description

Part 2: Project Management Cont. Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

LEA Support - Describe how the LEA will structure and implement an individual or office with responsibility for supporting the campus' school improvement efforts.

The district has established a strong working relationship with school leadership teams to develop a stronger partnership and provide teachers professional development opportunities to enhance content knowledge, support the improvement of teachers' content knowledge and instructional expertise, place stronger emphasis on improving academic teachers' abilities to increase at-risk student performance in all academic areas, provide rigorous and engaging professional development program that redesigns structural and collaborative practices for teachers, develop the skills and knowledge of school leaders in the area of instruction, and Provide models of excellence in coaching teachers in instructional delivery to improve their knowledge and expertise.

The Transformation to Educational Excellence Model strategies needed to address the comprehensive needs assessment performed by the district and campus along with the estimated budget provides a cost per student estimate for the entirety of the three year grant period as part of this application.

The Transformation to Educational Excellence Model services identified in the comprehensive needs assessment are as follows:

- 1) Instructional Knowledge, Planning and the use of Extended Learning Time
- 2) Instructional Delivery of Content and Common Planning

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- 3) Differentiated Instruction Identified by Individual Student Need by providing effective use of supplemental resources.
- 4) Classroom Management and Procedures
- 5) Assistive Technology Usage and Technology Integration
- 6) Academic Enrichment Activities that promote active on-going student engagement
- 7) Professional Development
- 8) Parental and Community Involvement

Furthermore, a key practice in continuous school improvement will include a system of support where effective team planning, data-driven decision-making, evaluation, and analysis of programs will highlight and impact an individualized graduation plan (IGP) that encompasses a cross-discipline mixture of academic and elective courses designed to empower all students to take responsibility for their personal and educational development early in life.

An immediate evaluation of the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model and goal setting will address:

- An increase in the students academic performance and preparation for high school or college;
- An increase in the grade level completion rates by addressing the academic performance of students;
- An increase in students' and their families' knowledge of school improvement and school choice options, preparation, and services;
- An expectation to improve the counselor's knowledge and outreach competencies;
- An intensive outreach in response to student intervention by teachers, counselors, administrators, and parents for students in need of additional services and accommodations;
- A sustainable long-term Transformation to Educational Excellence Model that will support partnerships between teachers, students and parents;
- Administrators, teachers and counselors will work closely with students and parents regarding prescriptive tutorials for students struggling academically while helping the students in issues regarding their psychological, emotional,

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# **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant**

# Schedule #4B—Program Description

## Part 2: Project Management Cont.

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Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

Program Continuation and Sustainability – Describe how the LEA will sustain the campus reforms after the funding period ends.

Program funds will supplement and not supplant state mandates, SBOE rules or activities previously conducted with state and local funds.

State Compensatory, Title I, and Local Funds will be used in conjunction with this program to maximize the use of funds through fund coordination and resources in order to ensure cost effectiveness.

The district central office administration will identify how other resources (federal, state, local, and private) will be utilized to coordinate services to support and sustain the school improvement. Coordination of federal, state, and private funds will be ensured during the grant negotiation process. Funds will be used to supplement not supplant current services and increase the level of services provided.

Funds will be used to supplement not supplant current services and increase the level of services provided. Funds will be used to enhance teacher content knowledge, instructional content and instructional delivery methods.

The funds will be expended on Transformation to Educational Excellence Model strategies to support the improvement of teacher classroom preparedness, instructional delivery and content competency, improve high school graduation rates, improve at-risk student academic achievement on State assessments, improve student attendance rates, and student postsecondary readiness as per the Texas High School Completion and Success Initiative.

The program also addresses the provisions in the district's P-16 strategic plan.

The program will sustain Program strategies beyond the grant program by providing a seamless professional development environment for teachers by implementing a comprehensive program whereby advanced technological tools are applied and integrated into the planning and development of the curriculum, thus improving teaching strategies and student State assessment results by 10% in all academic areas.

The district will also hold inclusion workshops whereby teachers will share what they have learned through the program by providing additional professional development opportunities to non participants and new teachers.

Laredo Independent School District is committed to continue to collaborate with community partners and providing continued additional professional development and instructional services beyond the grant program in order to continue to provide opportunities to achieve program objectives and district goals.

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# TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

240901

County-District No.

# School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #48—Program Description

Part 2: Project Management Cont. Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

**External Providers** -- Describe how the LEA will recruit, screen, and select external providers to ensure their quality. Laredo Independent School District will recruit external providers primarily to provide professional development to all campus administration, instructional staff, and non-instructional staff. The screening process will be decided upon based on our local procurement procedures regarding contracted services. The selection of external providers will be determined based on the campus comprehensive needs assessment.

Laredo Independent School District will work with our Regional Education Service (Region 1). Our Regional Educational Service Center will provide necessary staff development on an as needed basis using the recommended campus comprehensive needs assessment results.

In addition, the funding sources available will provide Supplementary Education Services for students identified in need of additional remediation, acceleration and tutoring.

Other service providers may be selected as-needed to serve our students, teachers, and parents depending on the types of services needed to support the M.B. Lamar Middle School Transformation to Educational Excellence Model implementation.

Additional services could include, but not be limited to social and health services, family services, student support services and/or students with disabilities services.

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# TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

240901 County-District No.

School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

Schedule #4B—Program Description
Part 2: Project Management Cont.
Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no
smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).
Site Visits – If the intervention program includes site visits to other campuses successfully implementing the
intervention model, describe the process for selecting the locations and the expected outcomes of the site visit.

The Laredo Independent School District in continued support of the campuses intervention model may consider site visits to other campus that have implemented a model similar to this proposal.

The locations will be decided upon based on the comparable comparison reports provided by the Texas Education Agency. This report allows Laredo ISD to examine campuses with similar characteristics to be considered for site visitations.

When conducting site visits the school leadership teams will examine several factors that include:

- A review of comprehensive instructional reform strategies the campus adopted;
- Identification of instructional strategies that are research-based and vertically aligned from one grade to the next as well as aligned with State academic standards;
- Continuous use of student data (such as District Benchmark formative assessments, interim assessments, and summative assessments) to inform and differentiate instructional strategies to meet the academic needs of individual students.
- Review of community-oriented schools that include extended day, Saturday and summer enrichment programs that allow time for such strategies as advisory periods that build relationships between students, faculty, and other school staff;
- A review of class schedules and strategies that provide increased learning time;
- Review and observation of ongoing activities for family and community engagement;
- Review of operational flexibility and sustained support;
- Review of technical assistance and related support from the District, ESC's, Texas Education Agency and Professional Development providers.
- Review of compensation programs that attract and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students attending;
- · Review of performance measures for evaluation of instructional practices resulting from professional development;
- Review of implementation of a school wide "response-to-intervention" model;
- Review of support and professional development to teachers and principals in order to evaluate effective strategies
  to support students with disabilities in the least restrictive environment and to ensure that limited English proficient
  students acquire language skills to master academic content;
- Review uses and integrated technology-based support and intervention as part of the instructional program;
- Review the establishment of early-warning systems that identify students who may be at risk of failing, dropping-out
  or graduating;
- Review the organizational culture and how it has improved school climate and discipline, such as implementing a system of positive behavioral supports and taking proactive steps to eliminate bullying and student harassment.

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## Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #48—Program Description

Schedule #4B—Program Descri

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### Part 2: Project Management Cont.

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Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

Lack of Capacity -- If the LEA is not applying to serve each Tier T school (is not applying for grant funding for each Tier I school), provide a detailed explanation of why the LEA lacks capacity to serve each Tier I school. The Laredo Independent School District lacks capacity to serve a Tier I school due to the fact that all campuses eligible for this grant opportunity are Tier III campuses.

Since, Laredo Independent School District does not have any Tier I schools it lacks capacity to service such a campus within its district's boundaries.

If indeed Laredo Independent School District had any Tier I campuses they would have included these campus as priority campuses to provide services.

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Part 3: Intervention Model		
implementation. Indicate whether t	nented – Indicate the model(s) being <u>considerec</u> he LEA/campus will participate in the TEA Approv Improvement Resource Center or the LEA/campu	ved Model with Technical Assistance
Turnaround		
Closure		
🔲 Restart		
Transformation to Educational Ex	cellence Model	
I Tier III Modified Transformation	to Educational Excellence Model	
TEA Designed Model with Techni	cal Assistance Provided by the School Improvem	ent Resource Center
Supplemental Education Service	s (SES) incorporated into the intervention model	
Note: Applying to implement the TE Resource Center in no way implies o	EA Approved Model with Technical Assistance Pro or guarantees funding.	vided by the School Improvement
The LEA/campus will implement regulations released by USDE	its own intervention design, within the paramete	rs required by the final federal
Schedule #4B—Progra	m Description, Part 3, Intervention Model, c	ontinued on next page

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## TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #48—Program Description

# Part 3: Intervention Model

Section B: Model Selection Process - Describe in detail:

1. The process the LEA and campus followed/will follow to select a school intervention model that aligns to the identified needs of the campus.

2. The timeline delineating the steps the campus will take to implement the selected intervention.

Responses are limited to five pages, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

The Laredo Independent School District and M.B. Lamar Middle School will follow the Tier III Modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model that aligns to our district and campus needs.

The Tier III Modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model provides the district and campus the flexibility to implement a solid foundational intervention strategy that is based on the comprehensive needs assessment as it pertains to school improvement strategies.

The Tier III Modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model was decided upon after the districts first initial meeting with M.B. Lamar Middle School on April 26, 2010 and based on the campus comprehensive needs assessment findings.

The delineated timeline for the Tier III Modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model and steps that the district and M.B. Lamar Middle School has chosen to implement are as follows:

- 1. A comprehensive meeting with School Leadership to explain the purpose of the Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Program (April 2010);
- 2. Meeting with School Leadership to develop the campus comprehensive needs assessment (April 2010);
- 3. Begin development of comprehensive needs assessment (April 2010);
- 4. Begin grant application development in order to meet TEA submission deadline (May 2010)
- 5. Meet with School Leadership Team to work on grant application based on comprehensive needs assessment and selected intervention model (May 2010);
- 6. Finalize grant application for submission (May 2010);
- 7. Begin planning and preparations to implement selected intervention model (June 2010 August 2010);
- 8. Begin Implementation of Tier III Modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model (September 2010):
  - Campus Principal summative evaluation;
  - Implement instructional strategies that are research-based and vertically aligned from one grade to the next as well as aligned with State academic standards;
  - Establishment of schedules and strategies that provide increased learning time;
- Begin use of student data (such as District Benchmark formative assessments, interim assessments, and summative assessments) to inform and differentiate instructional strategies to meet the academic needs of individual students (October 2010);
- 10. Begin establishing and/or creating community-oriented and ongoing activities for family and community engagement (October 2010);
- 11. Establishment of planned operational flexibility and sustained support (October 2010);
- Ensure that M.B. Lamar Middle School receives ongoing, intensive technical assistance and related support from the District, Region 1, Texas Education Agency and Professional Development providers (October 2010 – June 2013);

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		ss Cont. Responses are limited to five pages,	front side only, with a font size no
<u>smaller</u> 13.		na). Critical Success Factor (s) including all campus ac effective (October 2010 – June 2013);	ctivities, and supporting research that
14.	Begin Academic Performanc 2010);	e reviews, including (but not limited to) Reading/E	ELA and Math benchmarks (November
15.	Begin enhanced data-driven	instruction based on district approved instruction	al model (September 2010);
16.	Continue with curriculum alig times (September 2010);	nment (both horizontal and vertical) and instruction	onal strategies for increased learning
17.	On-going monitoring of instru May 2013);	iction, lesson plans, technology integration, and a	academic enrichment (October 2010 –
18.	Increase use of quality data t (November 2010 – May 2013	o drive instruction based on local assessment da 3);	ta and State assessment results
19.	Provide professional develop (November 2010 – May 2013	ment workshop on data disaggregation and traini 3);	ing using data-driven decision models
20.	Continued on-going commun	ication with all stakeholders (April 2010 – June 20	013);
21.	Increase leadership effective 2013);	ness through on-going job embedded profession	al development (August 2010 – May
22.	Ensure operational flexibility needs assessment (Septemb	plan is being implemented and utilized as identific per 2010 – May 2013);	ed in the campus comprehensive
23.	Increase parent/community in community services (Septer	nvolvement meetings for input, effective commun ber 2010 – May 2013);	ication, activities and accessible
24.		gh increased student attendance, decreased disc cular activities (September 2010 – May 2013);	cipline referrals, and increased student
25		ugh locally developed appraisal instruments, on-g es (August 2010 – June 2013).	joing professional development, and
26.	. Plan and implement extende (September 2010-May 2013)	d learning times through after school programs, S	Saturdays and Summer Enrichment

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Part 3: In	tervention Model		
		<ul> <li>List the groups of participants who will actively</li> </ul>	assist in the process to select a
school inte	rvention model that aligns Principals and Assistant I	s to the identified needs of the campus. Principals	
2	Counselors/Nurses/Libra	rians/Diagnosticians/Teachers/Teacher Assistants	
3	Director for Secondary E	ducation and Federal Programs	
4	Instructional Deans/Inst	ructional Specialists	
5	Special Education Direct	or/Supervisor/Diagnostician/Related Services/ Spe	cial Education Clerks
6	Secondary Education Dir	ector	
7	Director for Guidance an	d At-Risk	
8	Director for Staff Develo	pment	
9	Response to Intervention	and Section 504 Coordinator	
10	Executive Director for Cu	Irriculum and Instruction	

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School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

# Schedule #4B—Program Description

# Part 3: Intervention Model Section D: Improvement Activities and Timeline

Section D: Improvement Activities and Timeline On the following pages of charts applicants should describe all other school improvement activities that will be incorporated with the model to be selected.

For each additional improvement activity entered, enter the Critical Success Factor Code(s) from this table, enter the LEA/campus' rationale for including the activity, provide the supporting research that indicates the activity will be effective, and indicate the beginning and ending date of the activity.

- 1 Improve Academic Performance, including (but not limited to) Reading/ELA and Math
  - A. Data-driven instruction
  - B. Curriculum Alignment (both horizontal and vertical)
  - C. On-going Monitoring of Instruction

of TEA.

- 2 Increase the Use of Quality Data to Drive Instruction
  - A. Data Disaggregation/Training
  - B. Data-driven Decisions
  - C. On-going Communication
- 3 Increase Leadership Effectiveness
  - A. On-going Job Embedded Professional Development
    - B. Operational Flexibility
  - C. Resource/Data Utilization
- 4 Increase Learning Time
  - A. Flexible Scheduling
    - B. Instructionally-focused Calendar
    - C. Staff Collaborative Planning
- 5 Increase Parent/Community Involvement
  - A. Increased Opportunities for Input
  - B. Effective Communication
  - C. Accessible Community Services
- 6 Improve School Climate
  - A. Increased Attendance
  - B. Decreased Discipline Referrals
  - C. Increased Involvement in Extra/Co-Curricular Activities
- 7 Increase Teacher Quality
  - A. Locally Developed Appraisal Instruments
  - B. On-going Job Embedded Professional Development
  - C. Recruitment/Retention Strategies

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	vention Model	1983 - 1993 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 -	-60.57		345 P. 2	
	nprovement Activities	and Timeline (cont.) Academic Performance incl	uding (but not	limited to)	Reading / F	I A and
Math						
CSF Milestone	Additional Improvement Activity	Rationale	Supporting	Research	Timelin e Begin Date	Timeline End Date
Improve Academic Performance - Curriculum Alignment	Improve Student Achievement in Reading/ELA	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	Bransford, J. D (2000). How p Brain, mind, ex and school (Ex Edition) Washi National Acade Comprehensive instructional ap technical supplet technologically course curricul scientifically ba research. Clar (2002). Brooks, J. G. 8 G. (1999). In understanding for constructive classrooms. A VA. Association Supervision an Curriculum Dev Calkins, Andree "The turnarour Challenge: Wh best opportuni dramatically in student achiev in our worst pe schools."2007.	eople learn: kperience panded ngton, DC: my Press. e oproaches, ort, and enhanced um that is ased k, R. Brooks, M. search of : The case ist lexandria, on for d velopment. w et al. nd y America's ty to nprove ement lies erforming	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Improve Student Achievement in Mathematics	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	Bransford, J. D (2000). How p Brain, mind, ex and school (Ex Edition) Washin National Acade	eople learn: kperience panded ngton, DC:	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
			Comprehensive instructional ap technical support technologically	oproaches, ort, and		

Improve	Improve Student	Historical data reflects	course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007. Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	October	June 30,
Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Achievement in Science	consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	(2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002).	1, 2010	2013
			Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al.		
			"The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Improve Student Achievement in Social Studies	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

			Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Improve Student Achievement through prescriptive remediation, reinforcement, acceleration, and enrichment activities	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	<ul> <li>Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).</li> <li>(2000). How people learn:</li> <li>Brain, mind, experience</li> <li>and school (Expanded</li> <li>Edition) Washington, DC:</li> <li>National Academy Press.</li> <li>Comprehensive</li> <li>instructional approaches,</li> <li>technical support, and</li> <li>technologically enhanced</li> <li>course curriculum that is</li> <li>scientifically based</li> <li>research. Clark, R.</li> <li>(2002).</li> <li>Brooks, J. G. &amp; Brooks, M.</li> <li>G. (1999). In search of</li> <li>understanding: The case</li> <li>for constructivist</li> <li>classrooms. Alexandria,</li> <li>VA. Association for</li> <li>Supervision and</li> <li>Curriculum Development.</li> <li>Calkins, Andrew et al.</li> <li>"The turnaround</li> <li>Challenge: Why America's</li> <li>best opportunity to</li> <li>dramatically improve</li> <li>student achievement lies</li> <li>in our worst performing</li> <li>schools."2007.</li> </ul>	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

Improve School Climate – Increased Attendance	Improve Student Attendance Rates	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance,	Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve School Climate – Decreased Discipline Referrals	Improve Student Social and emotional adaptive skills	and social behavior. Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve School Climate – Decreased Discipline Referrals	Instill and Reinforce Student School Attachment and Engagement	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve School Climate – Increased Involvement in Extra/Co- Curricular Activities	Provide and Promote instruction in Student Leadership Development	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. Student Leadership Development has not been promoted to the extent of engaging students in ownership,	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

Provide Credit recovery toward completion of district and/or State graduation requirements.	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.		
		Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Provide Small Group Prescriptive Instruction including Academic Counseling	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
	Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Increase Parental Involvement and Participation	Parental involvement activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more effectively is required.	Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
	Prescriptive Instruction including Academic Counseling Increase Parental Involvement and	Prescriptive Instruction including Academic Counselingconsistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.Increase Parental Parental involvement articipationParental involvement activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more	Provide Small Group Prescriptive instruction including Academic CounselingHistorical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.Increase Parental ParticipationParental involvement activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more effectively is required.Parental Involvement in children's learning is positively	Schools."2007.Provide Small Group Prescriptive instruction including Academic CounselingHistorical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.October 1, 2010Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.August 1, 2010Increase Parental nvolvement and ParticipationParental involvement activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more effectively is required.Parental involvement involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement.August 1, 2010

Increased Learning Time – Flexible	Implement Extended Day, Saturday and Summer Enrichments Activities	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared	parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008) Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Scheduling		to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration and/or credit recovery.	Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround		
			Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Provide Seminars and Educational Trips to Engage Students in Hands-on/Minds-on Activities	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	North Central Regional Educational Laboratory (NCREL). (2003). <i>Critical</i> <i>issue:Providing hands-On</i> , <i>minds-on, and authentic</i> <i>learning experiences in</i> <i>science</i> . Retrieved March 10, 2006, from http://www.ncrel.org/	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		In addition, students do not have many opportunities to explore beyond their own			

Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Provide Additional Academic Support Services – Credit Recovery/Advanced Placement	community to get a global perspective or enculturation of diverse community interactions. Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration and/or credit recovery.	course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's		
			best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Provide Students with Advanced Technologies	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Advanced Technological tools engage students and challenge their ability to become skilled learners. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, there is a need to provide students	National Center for Research and Evaluation, Standards, and Student Testing, University of California, O'Neil, H. F. (2003). What Works in Distance Learning (Report to the Office of Naval Research). University of Southern California, Rossier School of Education; and National Standards for Quality Online Teaching. North American Council for Online Learning; Ascough, R.S. (2002). Designing for online distance education:	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration	Putting pedagogy before technology. Teaching Theology and Religion, 5(1), 17-29. Texas A&M		

		and/or credit recovery.	International University;		
			Roberts, J. Scott (2001) "Potential Users' and Users' Behavioral Intentions Toward the Adoption of Information Technology, Thesis Publication.		
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Decrease the number of students in need of remediation and developmental interventions	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration and/or credit recovery without placement of students in these remediation and intervention programs because they have difficulties with academic content.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Increase the number of students promoted to the next grade level	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention,	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

		remediation, acceleration and/or credit recovery without placement of students in these remediation and intervention programs because they have difficulties with academic content.	for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's		
Transition		A more rigorous academic immersion will challenge students to become inquiry-based learners.	best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		1
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data-Driven Decisions/On -going Communicati on	Number of Students served by the program, disaggregated by grade level	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration and/or credit recovery without placement of students in these remediation and intervention programs because they have difficulties with academic content. A more rigorous academic immersion will challenge students to become inquiry-based learners. All students will participate in the modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model implementation as actively engaged owners instilling pride and desire to succeed academically	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Decrease number and percent of students that score below grade level in Mathematics, English- Language Arts,	to succeed academically. Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

	Reading, Social Studies, and Science	In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration and/or credit recovery without placement of students in these remediation and intervention programs because they have difficulties with academic content.	Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data-Driven Decisions/On -going Communicati on	Increase the number and percent of students demonstrating proficiency in enrichment, remediation, reinforcement and acceleration	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration and/or credit recovery without placement of students in these remediation and intervention programs because they have difficulties with academic content. A more rigorous academic immersion will challenge students to become inquiry-based learners. All students will	<ul> <li>Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).</li> <li>(2000). How people learn:</li> <li>Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.</li> <li>Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R.</li> <li>(2002).</li> <li>Brooks, J. G. &amp; Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.</li> <li>Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.</li> </ul>	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

	participate in the modified	
	Transformation to	
	Educational Excellence	
	Model implementation as	
	actively engaged owners	
	instilling pride and desire	
L	to succeed academically.	

For TEA Use Only         Adjustments and/or annotations made         on this page have been confirmed with         by telephone/e-mail/FAX on         by       of TEA.		TEXAS EDUCATION AG andard Application Syste School Years 2010-2	em (SAS)	240901 County-District No.		
Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #4B—Program Description Part 3: Intervention Model						
Section D: Improvemen Critical Success Factor			Neivo Instructio		a and a second and a second a	
CSF Milestone	Additional Improvement Activity	Rationale	Supporting I		Timeline Begin Date	Timeline End Date
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Evaluate Programs effectiveness by Compiling and Analyzing program Data	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning.	Bransford, J. D. (2000). How pe Brain, mind, ex and school (Exp Edition) Washin National Acaden Comprehensive instructional ap technical suppo technologically course curriculu scientifically ba research. Clark (2002). Brooks, J. G. & G. (1999). In s understanding: for constructivis classrooms. All VA. Associatio Supervision and Curriculum Dev Calkins, Andrew "The turnaround Challenge: Why best opportunit dramatically im student achieve in our worst per schools."2007.	eople learn: perience banded ngton, DC: my Press. proaches, ort, and enhanced um that is sed x, R. Brooks, M. search of <i>The case</i> st exandria, n for d elopment. v et al. d America's y to prove ement lies forming	January 3, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Disaggregate District Benchmark Results and Disseminate Data to all Stakeholders in a Timely Manner	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement.	Bransford, J. D. (2000). How per Brain, mind, ex and school (Exp Edition) Washin National Acader Comprehensive instructional ap technical suppo technologically course curriculu	ople learn: perience anded gton, DC: my Press. proaches, rt, and enhanced	Nov 4, 2010	June 30, 2013

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		sources and	research. Clark, R.		
		analysis need to become vertically	(2002).		
		and horizontally	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
		tied to leadership	G. (1999). In search of		
		and learning.	understanding: The case		
		-	for constructivist		
		Data-driven	classrooms. Alexandria,		
		decisions require	VA. Association for		
		real-time data	Supervision and		
		feedback in order to make immediate	Curriculum Development.		
		decisions regarding	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
		instructional	"The turnaround		
		methods.	Challenge: Why America's		
			best opportunity to		
			dramatically improve		
			student achievement lies		
			in our worst performing		
Increase the Use of	Program	Historically data-	schools."2007. Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	August	June 30,
Quality data to Drive	monitoring,	driven decision	(2000). How people learn:	1, 2010	2013
Instruction – Data-	compliance with	making,	Brain, mind, experience		
Driven Decisions/On-	budgets, and	communication,	and school (Expanded		
going	grant guidelines	and seem less	Edition) Washington, DC:		
Communication/Data		disaggregation	National Academy Press.		
Disaggregation/training		have not provided quality outcomes to	Comprehensive		
		school	instructional approaches,		
		improvement.	technical support, and		
			technologically enhanced		
		Quantifiable and	course curriculum that is		
		qualitative data	scientifically based		
		sources and analysis need to	research. Clark, R.		
		become vertically	(2002).		
		and horizontally	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
		tied to leadership	G. (1999). In search of		
		and learning.	understanding: The case		
		<b>-</b>	for constructivist		
		Data-driven	<i>classrooms.</i> Alexandria, VA. Association for		
		decisions require real-time data	Supervision and		
		feedback in order to	Curriculum Development.		
		make immediate	•		
		decisions regarding	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
		instructional	"The turnaround		
		methods.	Challenge: Why America's		
		Evaluation and	best opportunity to dramatically improve		
		training on	student achievement lies		
		budgets, program	in our worst performing		
		evaluation and	schools."2007.		
		monitoring,			
		compliance with			
		grant guidelines and data quality is			
		needed to make			
		sound informed			
		decisions.			

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Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction - Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Program reporting as required per grant requirements	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	February 1, 2011	June 30, 2013
Increase Leadership effectiveness – Operational Flexibility/Resource data Utilization	Classroom performance evaluation	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, operational flexibility, resource allocation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement or leadership effectiveness. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

Increase the Use of	Student academic	and learning. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions. Historically data-	Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007. Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	October	June 30,
Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	services evaluation	driven decision making, communication, and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions.	(2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	1, 2010	2013

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Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction - Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Student support services evaluation	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase Leadership effectiveness – Operational Flexibility/Resource data Utilization/On- Going Job Embedded Professional	Principal/School leadership evaluation through observation based assessment of performance	sound informed decisions. Historically data- driven decision making, communication, and seem less disaggregation have not provided	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
development	penomance	quality outcomes to school improvement. Quantifiable and qualitative data	Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based		
		sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership	research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of		

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		and learning.	understanding: The case		
			for constructivist		
		Data-driven	classrooms. Alexandria,		
		decisions require	VA. Association for		
		real-time data	Supervision and		
		feedback in order to	Curriculum Development.		
		make immediate	-		
		decisions regarding	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
		instructional	"The turnaround		
		methods and	Challenge: Why America's		
		student	best opportunity to		
		identification for	dramatically improve		
		additional support	student achievement lies		
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		services.	in our worst performing		
			schools."2007.		
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		training on			
		budgets, program			
		evaluation and			
		monitoring,			
		compliance with			
		grant guidelines			
		and data quality is			
		needed to make			
		sound informed			
		decisions.			
		decisions.			
		More Professional			
		Development			
		sessions are			
		needed to provide			
		effective leadership			
		training and more			
		comprehensive			
		educational			
		administration			
		decision making.			
Increase the Use of E	Evaluation of	Historically data-	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	October	June 30,
Quality data to Drive p	professional	driven decision	(2000). How people learn:	1,2010	2013
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going		and seem less	Edition) Washington, DC:		
Communication/Data		disaggregation	National Academy Press.		
Disaggregation/training			National Academy Press.		
		have not provided	Comprohensive		
		quality outcomes to	Comprehensive		
		school	instructional approaches,		
		improvement.	technical support, and		
			technologically enhanced		
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		qualitative data	scientifically based		
		sources and	research. Clark, R.		
		analysis need to	(2002).		
		become vertically			
		and horizontally	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
		tied to leadership	G. (1999). In search of		
		and learning.	understanding: The case		
			for constructivist		
		Data-driven	classrooms. Alexandria,		
		decisions require	VA. Association for		
		real-time data	Supervision and		

Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Research based instructional strategies evaluation measures	decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions. More Professional Development sessions are needed to provide effective leadership training/activities and more comprehensive educational administration decision making. Historically data- driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional strategies, instructional strategies, instructional strategies. Quantifiable and quality outcomes to school improvement strategies. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies. Data-driven decisions require real-time data	Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007. Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
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Evaluation and			
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budgets, program			
evaluation and			
monitoring,			
compliance with			
grant guidelines			
and data quality is			
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More Professional			
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Critical Success Factor						Hereing is	
CSF Milestone	Additional Improvement Activity	Rationale	Supporting	Research	Timeline Begin Date	Timeline End Date	
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Equip school leaders to support and facilitate teachers' efforts to increase student achievement in mathematics, reading, writing, social studies, and science.	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional evaluation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement strategies. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is	Leithwood, Ker "How Leadersh Influences Stuc Learning." Wall foundation, 200 Calkins, Andrew "The turnaroum Challenge: Why best opportunit dramatically im student achieve in our worst pe schools."2007.	ip Jent ance 04. w et al. d y America's cy to prove ement lies	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013	

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that significantly less disaggregation best opportunity to	
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instruction quality outcomes to student achievement lies	
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real-time data	
feedback in order to	
make immediate	
decisions regarding	
instructional	
methods and	
student identification	
for additional	
support services.	
Evaluation and	
training on budgets,	
program evaluation	
and monitoring,	
compliance with	
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data quality is	
needed to make	
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decisions.	

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Increase Leadership effectiveness - Operational Flexibility/Resource data Utilization/On- Going Job Embedded Professional development	Design Activities to include Innovative and/or Interdisciplinary Approaches to program Content	More Professional Development sessions are needed to provide effective leadership training and more comprehensive educational administration decision making. Historically data- driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional evaluation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement strategies. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate	Leithwood, Kenneth et al, "How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		Data-driven decisions require real-time data			
		Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions.			
		More Professional Development			

		sessions are needed to provide effective			
		leadership training and more			
		comprehensive educational			
		administration			
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Evaluation of professional development training/activities	educational	Leithwood, Kenneth et al, "How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		More Professional Development sessions are needed			
		to provide effective leadership training			

Increase Leadership Operational Grediteiteness – Operational Gald 20 Hillization/On- data Utilization/On- data Utilization/On- development			and more comprehensive educational administration decision making.		
	effectiveness – Operational Flexibility/Resource data Utilization/On- Going Job Embedded Professional	leadership evaluation through observation based assessment of	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional evaluation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement strategies. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions. More Professional Development sessions are needed to provide effective leadership training and more comprehensive	"How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing	

		administration decision making.			1
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Research based instructional strategies evaluation measures	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional evaluation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement strategies. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions. More Professional Development sessions are needed to provide effective leadership training and more	Leithwood, Kenneth et al, "How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		comprehensive educational administration			

		decision making.			
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Evaluation of operational flexibility	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional evaluation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement strategies.	Leithwood, Kenneth et al, "How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies.			
		Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services.			
		Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions.			
·		More Professional Development sessions are needed to provide effective leadership training and more comprehensive educational administration decision making.			

Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Performance measures for evaluation of instructional practices	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional evaluation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement strategies. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed	Leithwood, Kenneth et al, "How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		decisions. More Professional Development sessions are needed to provide effective leadership training and more comprehensive educational administration decision making.			

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		Texas Title I Priority Sch				
	and the second	chedule #4B—Program	Description	da Shiri		
31.30 303 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	vention Model		AND AND ADDRESS IN THE			
	provement Activities ss Factor 4: Improve					
Critical Succe						
CSF Milestone	Additional Improvement Activity	Rationale	Supporting Re	search	Timeline Begin Date	Timeline End Date
Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Provide Small Group Prescriptive Instruction including Academic Counseling	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Calkins, Andrew e "The turnaround Challenge: Why A best opportunity f dramatically impr student achievem in our worst perfo schools."2007.	america's to ove ent lies	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Provide Seminars and Educational Trips to Engage Students in Hands-on/Minds-on Activities	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	North Central Reg Educational Labor (NCREL). (2003). <i>issue:Providing ha</i> <i>minds-on, and au</i> <i>learning experien</i> <i>science.</i> Retrieve 10, 2006, from <u>http://www.ncrel</u>	atory Critical ands-On, thentic ces in d March	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increased Learning Time – Flexible Scheduling	Implement Extended Day, Saturday and Summer Enrichments Activities	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Calkins, Andrew e "The turnaround Challenge: Why A best opportunity f dramatically impr student achievem in our worst perfo schools."2007.	merica's co ove ent lies	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Provide Additional Academic Support Services – Credit Recovery/Advanced Placement	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	Calkins, Andrew e "The turnaround Challenge: Why A best opportunity to dramatically impr student achievem	merica's :o ove	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

		Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	in our worst performing schools. "2007.		
Improve Academic Performance - Data Driven Instruction	Provide Students with Advanced Technologies through instructional technology integration	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	What works in Distance Learning: Instructional Strategies, Strategies Based on Providing Learner Control of Instructional navigation, National Center for Research and Evaluation, Standards, and Student Testing, University of California, O'Neil, H. F. (2003). What Works in Distance Learning (Report to the Office of Naval Research). University of Southern California, Rossier School of Education; and National Standards for Quality Online Teaching. North American Council for Online Learning; Ascough, R.S. (2002). Designing for online distance education: Putting pedagogy before technology. Teaching Theology and Religion, 5(1), 17-29. Texas A&M International University; Roberts, J. Scott (2001) "Potential Users' and Users' Behavioral Intentions Toward the Adoption of Information Technology, Thesis Publication.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increased Learning Time – Flexible Scheduling	Provide increased learning time through scheduling and instructional strategies	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002).	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Implementation and evaluation of a school wide "response to intervention" model	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	<ul> <li>Brooks, J. G. &amp; Brooks, M.</li> <li>G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.</li> <li>Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.</li> <li>Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.</li> <li>Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002).</li> <li>Brooks, J. G. &amp; Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, Van Annother and technologically enhanced</li> </ul>	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
			classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Increase academic rigor through advanced coursework	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

		achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.		
			Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Increased Learning Time – Instructionall y-focused Calendar	Provide common planning time for teacher to enhance instruction	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. Increased planning time allows teachers the opportunity to enhance instruction and identify students in need of additional support services.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

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		is Title I Priority Sch	the second s			
		dule #48-Program	Description	2	<u> </u>	
Part 3: Interventio		A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR A	1. S.	geber e 😤	20.2	
Section D: Improven						tigo -
Critical Success Fact	or 5: Increase Pare	nt/Community Involv	ement		1	Bar
	Additional				Timeline	Timeline
CSF Milestone	Improvement	Rationale	Supporting I	Research	Begin	End
	Activity		-appoints.	100 March 1	Date	Date
					and the discourse	
Increase Devent/Community	Number of parent,	Parental/Community	Parental Involv		Sept 1,	June 30,
Parent/Community	student, and	involvement	Education, acco		2010	2013
Involvement –	community	activities have not	Kathleen Cottor			
Increased	meetings and	had the desired	Karen Reed Wik			
opportunities for	outreach activities	effect on parental	research overw			
Input/Effective		participation. A	demonstrates t	•		
Communication/Acce		more structured	involvement in			
ssible Community		approach to engage	learning is posit			
Services		parents more	related to achie	evement.		
		effectively is	The man inter	airah		
		required.	The more inten parents are inve			
		In addition, the	their children's			¢
		number of	the more benef			
		parent/community	the achievemer			
		involvement	This hold true for			
		activities are in need	of parent involv			
		of enhancement to	children's learn			
		become more	all ages of stud			
		customer service	(http://www.nv			
		oriented through	retrieved on Se			
		active engagement	21, 2008)	ptumbur		
		of				
		parents/community	What Research	Savs		
		members in	About Family-S			
		activities that	Community Par			
		educate as well as	goes on further	•		
		provide opportunity	that although cl	hildren's		
		for effective input	school-commun	nity link is		
		and communication.	the least support			
			publicized comp			
			the school-fami			
			community part			
			model, research			
			that the quality			
			connections infl			
			children's schoo			
			(Article prepare			
			Colorado Depar			
			Education by NO			
			National Center			
			Engagement - a			
			September 21, published Octob			
Increase	Distribution of	Parental involvement	Parental Involve		Sept 1,	June 30,
Inci cusc		Farental involvement			Schr1	Julie DU,

Parent/Community Involvement –	surveys to parents in regards to	activities have not had the desired	Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and	2010	2013
Increased	program	effect on parental	Karen Reed Wikelund,		
opportunities for	effectiveness	participation. A	research overwhelmingly		
Input/Effective		more structured	demonstrates that parent		
Communication		approach to engage	involvement in children's		
		parents more	learning is positively		
		effectively is required.	related to achievement.		
		required.	The more intensively		
		In addition, the	parents are involved in		
		number of	their children's learning,		
		parent/community	the more beneficial are		
		involvement	the achievement effects.		
		activities are in need	This hold true for all types		
		of enhancement to become more	of parent involvement in		
		customer service	children's learning and for all ages of students.		
		oriented through	(http://www.nwrel.org -		
		active engagement	retrieved on September		
		of	21, 2008)		
		parents/community			
		members in	What Research Says		
		activities that	About Family-School-		
		educate as well as provide opportunity	Community Partnerships goes on further to say		
		for effective input	that although children's		
		and communication.	school-community link is		
			the least supported and		
			publicized component of		
			the school-family-		
			community partnership		
			model, research indicates that the quality of those		
			connections influences		
			children's school learning,		
			(Article prepared for the		
			Colorado Department of		
			Education by NCSE -		
			National Center for School Engagement - accessed		
			September 21, 2008 -		
			published October 2005).		
Increase	Coordinate with	Parental/Community	Parental Involvement in	Sept 1,	June 30,
Parent/Community	community	involvement	Education, according to	2010	2013
Involvement –	programs/social	activities have not	Kathleen Cotton and		
Increased	service providers, and family oriented	had the desired effect on parental	Karen Reed Wikelund,		
opportunities for Input/Effective	support services	participation. A	research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent		
Communication/Acce	apport of theo	more structured	involvement in children's		
ssible Community		approach to engage	learning is positively		
Services		parents more	related to achievement.		
		effectively is			
		required.	The more intensively parents are involved in		
		In addition, the	their children's learning,		
		number of	the more beneficial are		
		parent/community	the achievement effects.		
		involvement	This hold true for all types		
		activities are in need	of parent involvement in		
		of enhancement to	children's learning and for		
L		become more	all ages of students.		

		customer service oriented through active engagement of parents/community members in activities that educate as well as provide opportunity for effective input and communication.	(http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008) What Research Says About Family-School- Community Partnerships goes on further to say that although children's school-community link is the least supported and publicized component of the school-family- community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those connections influences children's school learning, (Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed September 21, 2008 - published October 2005).		
Increase Parent/Community Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/Acce ssible Community Services	Yeariy parental involvement conference and parental involvement activities	Parental involvement activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more effectively is required. In addition, the number of parent/community involvement activities are in need of enhancement to become more customer service oriented through active engagement of parents/community members in activities that educate as well as provide opportunity for effective input and communication.	Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. The more intensively parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008) What Research Says About Family-School- Community Partnerships goes on further to say that although children's school-community link is the least supported and publicized component of the school-family- community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those connections influences children's school learning,	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

			(Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed September 21, 2008 -		
Increase Parent/Community Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/Acce ssible Community Services	Increase in parental involvement/parent al support systems and participation	Parental involvement activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more effectively is required. In addition, the number of parent/community involvement activities are in need of enhancement to become more customer service oriented through active engagement of parents/community members in activities that educate as well as provide opportunity for effective input and communication.	published October 2005). Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. The more intensively parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008) What Research Says About Family-School- Community Partnerships goes on further to say that although children's school-community link is the least supported and publicized component of the school-family- community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those connections influences children's school learning, (Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed September 21, 2008 - published October 2005).	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase Parent/Community Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/Acce ssible Community Services	Recruitment of Parental and Community Volunteers	Parental involvement activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more effectively is required.	Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. The more intensively	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

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			In addition, the number of	parents are involved in their children's learning,		
			parent/community	the more beneficial are		
			involvement	the achievement effects.		
			activities are in need	This hold true for all types		
			of enhancement to	of parent involvement in		
			become more	children's learning and for		
			customer service	all ages of students.		
			oriented through	(http://www.nwrel.org -		
			active engagement	retrieved on September		
			of	21, 2008)		
			parents/community			
			members in	What Research Says		
			activities that	About Family-School-		
			educate as well as	Community Partnerships		
			provide opportunity	goes on further to say		
			for effective input	that although children's		
			and communication.	school-community link is		
				the least supported and		
				publicized component of		
				the school-family-		
				community partnership		
				model, research indicates		
				that the quality of those		
				connections influences		
				children's school learning,		
				(Article prepared for the		
				Colorado Department of		
				Education by NCSE -		
				National Center for School		
				Engagement - accessed		
				September 21, 2008 - published October 2005).		
F	Increase	Continued and	Parental involvement	Parental Involvement in	Sept 1,	June 30,
	Parent/Community	sustained parental	activities have not	Education, according to	2010	2013
	Involvement –	notification in	had the desired	Kathleen Cotton and	2010	2010
	Increased	regards to school	effect on parental	Karen Reed Wikelund,		
	opportunities for	improvement	participation. A	research overwhelmingly		
	Input/Effective	strategies	more structured	demonstrates that parent		
	Communication/Acce		approach to engage	involvement in children's		
	ssible Community		parents more	learning is positively		
	Services		effectively is	related to achievement.		
			required.			
				The more intensively		
			In addition, the	parents are involved in		
			number of	their children's learning,		
			parent/community	the more beneficial are		
			involvement	the achievement effects. This hold true for all types		
			activities are in need of enhancement to	of parent involvement in		
			become more	children's learning and for		
			customer service	all ages of students.		
			oriented through	(http://www.nwrel.org -		
			active engagement	retrieved on September		
			of	21, 2008)		
			parents/community			
			members in	What Research Says		
			activities that	About Family-School-		
			educate as well as	Community Partnerships		
			provide opportunity	goes on further to say		
			for effective input	that although children's		
			and communication.	school-community link is		
h						

the least supported and publicized component of the school-family- community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those connections influences
children's school learning, (Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed
September 21, 2008 - published October 2005).

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	ovement Activities and				<u> </u>	er an
Critical Success	Factor 6: Improve Sch	ool Climate		A Mariaka Sa		
CSF Milestone	Additional Improvement Activity	Rationale	Supporting Rese	earch	Timeline Begin Date	Timeline End Date
Increase Leadership Effectiveness – Operational Flexibility	Identification and rewards systems for principals	In order to increase Leadership Effectiveness it is necessary to provide our school leadership with incentives for achieving identified modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model performance measures.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed (2000). How people Brain, mind, experi- and school (Expand Edition) Washingtor National Academy F Brooks, J. G. & Broo G. (1999). In searc understanding: The for constructivist classrooms. Alexar VA. Association fo Supervision and Curriculum Develop Calkins, Andrew et "The turnaround Challenge: Why Am best opportunity to dramatically improv student achievemer in our worst perform	e learn: ence ed n, DC: Press. oks, M. ch of e case adria, r ment. al. erica's re nt lies	May 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase Teacher Quality – Recruitment/Ret ention Strategies	Job embedded professional development activities	In order to increase the quality of teachers and as part of the modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model recruitment retention strategies it is necessary to provide opportunities for teachers to receive effective job embedded professional development activities. In addition, teachers will have the opportunity to take	schools."2007. Professional-develo programs were characterized by collaborative structu diverse and extensi professional-learnin opportunities, and a emphasis on accountability and s results." (West Ed, 1 (1) pedagogy instru (2) issues in studen teacher instruction, how to establish an environment for stu and teacher success provide technical su for teachers, (5) ho engage teachers, pa and staff in the deci	ures, ye g in tudent 2000) ction, t and (3) dent s, (4) pport w to arents	June 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

Increase Teacher Qualty - Recruitment/Net       Identification and implementation of tronges it uses and the seven provide the seven the seven the seven	1	r		T	1	1 1
Instructional deliver methods and effective leadership tools.(Edelatein & Edwards 2002)(Edelatein & Edwards 2002)Modeis for instructional design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection ectivities (lymch 2002).(Edelatein & Edwards 2002)Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.Increase Teacher Quality- Recruitment/Ret entionIn order to increase the quality of reads and as part of understanding: The case for constructivist dramatically improve student achieverent lies in our worst performing instructional strategiesJune 30, 2013InstrumentsIn order to increase the quality of recurrent methors instructional strategies recurrent retry instructional strategies recurrent retry instructional strategies recurrent retry instructional strategies recurrent retry of order to increase the quality of recurrent retry strategies (100)June 30, 2013InstrumentsIn order to increase recurrent retry instructional strategies recurrent retry to strategies to receive effectional recurrent retry teachers to receive effection recurrent retry teachers to receive effective job (2003, J. J. O. S. Brooks, M. Guasconton, OrderJune 30, 2013Instructional strategies recurrent retry recurrent retry teachers t						
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Strategies/Locall y Developed Appraisal InstrumentsTransformation to Educational Excellence Model recruitment retention strategies it is necessary to provide opportunities for teachers to receive effective jobEdition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.Strategies/Locall y Developed Appraisal InstrumentsTransformation to Educational Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for		•				
y Developed Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraisal Instruments Appraise Instrument retention Inccessary to provide Opportunities for Inccessery to receive Appraise Instruments Appraise Instrument retention Inccessary to provide Opportunities for Inccessery Instructivist Instructivist Classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for	Strategies/Locall		Transformation to			
Appraisal InstrumentsExcellence Model recruitment retention strategies it is opportunities for teachers to receive effective jobBrooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for			Educational			
strategies it is necessary to provide opportunities for teachers to receive effective job G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for	Appraisal		Excellence Model			
strategies it is necessary to provide opportunities for teachers to receive effective jobG. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for	Instruments			Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
necessary to provideunderstanding: The caseopportunities forfor constructivistteachers to receiveclassrooms. Alexandria,effective jobVA. Association for					[	
opportunities for teachers to receivefor constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for			i —	-		
effective job VA. Association for						
chective job			teachers to receive			
embedded Supervision and						
			embedded	Supervision and		

		1		1	T
Increase Parent/Communi ty Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/ Accessible Community Services	Creation of Community-oriented schools for on-going activities for family and community engagement	professional development activities. In addition, teachers will have the opportunity to take ownership of instructional content, instructional delivery methods and effective leadership tools. Inquiry-based and research based instructional activities provide teachers with instructional autonomy and technological tools to enhance instructional delivery and methods of instruction that engage students in the process. By increasing parent/community involvement in the modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model allows for the creation of community-oriented schools and allow for	Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007. Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		will have the opportunity to take ownership of instructional content,	best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing		
		research based instructional activities provide teachers with			
		autonomy and technological tools to enhance instructional delivery and methods of instruction that			
Parent/Communi ty Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/ Accessible Community	Community-oriented schools for on-going activities for family and community	By increasing parent/community involvement in the modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model allows for the creation of community-oriented	(2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case		
		In addition, community oriented schools provide the avenue for the parents and community members to hold the campus and district accountable for student academic achievement ensuring the modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model	Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		

Increase Teacher	Establishment of	In order to increase	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	August	June 30,
Quality - On-	operational flexibility	the guality of	(2000). How people learn:	1, 2010	2013
going Job	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	teachers and as part	Brain, mind, experience		
Embedded		of the modified	and school (Expanded		
Professional		Transformation to	Edition) Washington, DC:		
Development		Educational	National Academy Press.		
		Excellence Model			
		recruitment retention	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
		strategies it is	G. (1999). In search of		
		necessary to provide	understanding: The case		
		opportunities for	for constructivist		
		teachers to receive	classrooms. Alexandria,		
		effective job	VA. Association for		
		embedded	Supervision and		
		professional	Curriculum Development.		
		development			
		activities.	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
			"The turnaround		
		In addition, teachers	Challenge: Why America's		
		will have the	best opportunity to		
		opportunity to take	dramatically improve student achievement lies		
		ownership of	in our worst performing		
		instructional content,	schools."2007.		
		instructional delivery methods and	500001 20071		
		effective leadership			
		tools the provide			
		operational flexibility.			
		Inquiry-based and			
		research based			
		instructional activities			
		provide teachers with			
		instructional			
		autonomy and			
		technological tools to			
		enhance instructional			
		delivery and methods			
		of instruction that			
		engage students in			
Increace	On-going intensive	the process. Increasing the	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	August	June 30,
Increase Leadership	On-going intensive technical assistance	leadership	(2000). How people learn:	1, 2010	2013
Effectiveness –	and related support	effectiveness through	Brain, mind, experience	1, 2010	2015
Resource/Data	from service providers	resources and data	and school (Expanded		
Utilization	from service providers	utilization provides	Edition) Washington, DC:		
		the opportunity to	National Academy Press.		
	4	enhance the technical			
		assistance and	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
		related support from	G. (1999). In search of		
		a variety of service	understanding: The case		
		providers.	for constructivist		
			classrooms. Alexandria,		
		This on-going	VA. Association for		
		intensive technical	Supervision and		
		assistance aspect of	Curriculum Development.		
		the modified			10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
		Transformation to	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
		Educational	"The turnaround		
		Excellence Model	Challenge: Why America's		
		allows the campus	best opportunity to		
		flexibility in providing	dramatically improve	1	

		specific, intentional, explicit and targeted intervention strategies.	student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Implementation of a school wide "Response to Intervention" model	This on-going "Response to Intervention" aspect of the modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model allows the campus flexibility in providing specific, intentional, explicit and targeted intervention strategies. In addition, through data driven instruction and intervention allows the campus to improve academic performance.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase Teacher Quality – On- going Job Embedded Professional Development Increase Leadership Effectiveness – Resource/Data Utilization	Prescriptive and intentional professional development in specific academic areas (e.g. ELL, 504, Special Ed.)	In order to effectively implement the modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model a prescriptive and intentional professional development component is necessary to address identified student needs in specific academic areas that enhance student support services.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve School Climate – Decreased Discipline Referrals	Implementation of behavioral supports and taking proactive steps to eliminate bullying and student harassment	In order to effectively implement the modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model a prescriptive and intentional professional development	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

	component is necessary to address identified student needs in specific academic areas that enhance student support services. In addition, the implementation of behavioral support to decrease bullying and student harassment is necessary to ensure student academic and social success.	for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	
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by of TEA.		School fears 2010-	2013	A	mendment No.	
Т	'exas '	Title I Priority Sch	nools Grant			
S	chedu	le #4B-Program	Description	15.4 15.4	n staal t	
Part 3: Intervention Model						HANKLE STREET
Section D: Improvement Activities a	nd Tin	neline (cont.)		an a		
Critical Success Factor 7: Increase T	eache	r Quality	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
					Timeline	Timeline
	Additional		Supporting I	Research	Begin	End
Improvement Act	tivity	Rationale			Date	Date
Increase Teacher Increase teachers'	<u>40.749 % C</u>	In order to	Brooks J C 8	Brooks M	August	June 30,
Quality – On- content knowledge	and	In order to increase the	Brooks, J. G. & G. (1999). In s		August 1, 2010	2013
going Job Instructional Delive		quality of teachers	understanding:		1,2010	2015
Embedded instructional	iy lui	and as part of the	for constructivi			
Professional effectiveness in ord	er to	modified	classrooms. Al			
Development improve performance		Transformation to	VA. Associatio			
struggling students		Educational	Supervision and			
Increase those at risk for fail		Excellence Model	Curriculum Dev	elopment.		
Leadership		recruitment				
Effectiveness –		retention	Calkins, Andrew			
Resource/Data		strategies it is	"The turnaroun			
Utilization/Operati		necessary to	Challenge: Why			
onal Flexibility		provide	best opportunit			
		opportunities for	dramatically im student achieve			
		teachers to receive	in our worst pe			
		effective job	schools."2007.	noming		
		embedded professional	3010013. 2007.			
		development	Professional-de	velopment		
		activities.	programs were			
			characterized b	y		
		In addition,	collaborative st	•		
		teachers will have	diverse and ext			
		the opportunity to	professional-lea	-		
		take ownership of	opportunities, a	and an		
		instructional	emphasis on	and student		
		content,	accountability a results." (West			
		instructional delivery methods	icourter (west	-0, 2000)		
		and effective	(1) pedagogy ir	nstruction.		
		leadership tools.	(2) issues in stu			
			teacher instruct	tion, (3)		
		Inquiry-based and	how to establis	1		
		research based	environment fo			
		instructional	and teacher suc	· • •		
		activities provide	provide technic			
		teachers with	for teachers, (5			
		instructional	engage teacher and staff in the			
		autonomy and	making process	1		
		technological tools to enhance	resource allocat			
		instructional	(Edelstein & Ed			
		delivery and	2002)			
		methods of	*			
		instruction that	Models for instr	uctional		

Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Identification and implementation of comprehensive instructional strategies	In order to improve student academic performance identification and implementation of comprehensive instructional strategies align curriculum.	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		In addition, collaborative planning increases leadership effectiveness and operational flexibility.			
ccessible Community Services Increase Leadership Effectiveness – Resource/Data Utilization/Operati onal Flexibility		community in collaborative planning activities ensures that campus and district accountability provides increased opportunities for input, communication, and accessible community services.	Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Increase Parent/Communit y Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/A	Collaborative planning meeting with all stakeholders	In order to increase parent/community involvement through engagement of parents and	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase	Collaborative planning	engage students in the process.	design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002).	August	June 30.

The second starts of	Excellence Model a	Supervision and	
Increase Teacher	prescriptive and	Curriculum Development.	
Quality – On-	intentional		
going Job	professional	Calkins, Andrew et al.	
Embedded	development	"The turnaround	
Professional	component is	Challenge: Why America's	
Development	necessary to	best opportunity to	
-	address identified	dramatically improve	
Increase	student needs in	student achievement lies	
Leadership	specific academic	in our worst performing	
Effectiveness –	areas that	schools."2007.	
	1	Schools, 2007.	
Resource/Data	enhance student	Durfer stand development	
Utilization/Operati	support services.	Professional-development	
onal Flexibility		programs were	
	In order to	characterized by	
	increase the	collaborative structures,	
	quality of teachers	diverse and extensive	
	and as part of the	professional-learning	
	modified	opportunities, and an	
	Transformation to	emphasis on	
	Educational	accountability and student	
	Excellence Model	results." (West Ed, 2000)	
	recruitment		
	retention	(1) pedagogy instruction,	
	strategies it is	(2) issues in student and	
	necessary to	teacher instruction, (3)	
	provide	how to establish an	
		environment for student	
	opportunities for	and teacher success, (4)	
	teachers to receive	provide technical support	
	effective job		
	embedded	for teachers, (5) how to	
	professional	engage teachers, parents	
	development	and staff in the decision	
	activities.	making process and	
		resource allocation	
	In addition,	(Edelstein & Edwards	
	teachers will have	2002)	
		,	
	the opportunity to	Models for instructional	
	take ownership of	design that are content	
	instructional		
	content,	based that allow for	
	instructional	differentiated learning	
	delivery methods	styles, examine a variety	
	and effective	of instructional strategies	
	leadership tools.	by engaging in portfolio	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	building and reflection	
	Inquiry-based and	activities (Lynch 2002).	
	research based		
	instructional		1
	activities provide		
	teachers with		
	instructional		
	autonomy and		
	technological tools		
	to enhance		
	instructional		
	delivery and		
	methods of		
	instruction that	1	
	mat detion that		1 1
	engage students in		

Increase Teacher Quality - On- going Job Embedded Professional Development Increased Learning Time - Flexible Scheduling Increase Leadership Effectiveness - Resource/Data Utilization/Operati onal Flexibility	Job embedded professional development activities	In order to increase the quality of teachers and as part of the modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model recruitment retention strategies it is necessary to provide opportunities for teachers to receive effective job embedded professional development activities. In addition, teachers will have the opportunity to take ownership of instructional content, instructional delivery methods and effective leadership tools. Inquiry-based and research based instructional activities provide teachers with instructional activities provide teachers with instructional autonomy and technological tools	Professional-development programs were characterized by collaborative structures, diverse and extensive professional-learning opportunities, and an emphasis on accountability and student results." (West Ed, 2000) (1) pedagogy instruction, (2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3) how to establish an environment for student and teacher success, (4) provide technical support for teachers, (5) how to engage teachers, parents and staff in the decision making process and resource allocation (Edelstein & Edwards 2002) Models for instructional design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002).	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase Leadership	Establishment of operational flexibility	teachers with instructional autonomy and	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Effectiveness – Resource/Data Utilization		quality of teachers and as part of the modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model recruitment retention strategies it is necessary to provide opportunities for teachers to receive	G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies	1, 2010	

	effective job embedded professional development activities. In addition, teachers will have the opportunity to take ownership of instructional content, instructional delivery methods and effective leadership tools. Inquiry-based and research based instructional activities provide teachers with instructional autonomy and technological tools to enhance instruction that engage students in the process.	in our worst performing schools."2007. Professional-development programs were characterized by collaborative structures, diverse and extensive professional-learning opportunities, and an emphasis on accountability and student results." (West Ed, 2000) (1) pedagogy instruction, (2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3) how to establish an environment for student and teacher success, (4) provide technical support for teachers, (5) how to engage teachers, parents and staff in the decision making process and resource allocation (Edelstein & Edwards 2002) Models for instructional design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002).		
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Increase Leadership	Provide common planning time for teacher	To increase instructional	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). <i>In search of</i>	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Effectiveness –	to enhance instruction	leadership	understanding: The case	1,2010	2013
		-	2		
Resource/Data		effectiveness	for constructivist		
Utilization/Operati		teachers need to	classrooms. Alexandria,		
onal Flexibility		have operational	VA. Association for		
		flexibility and	Supervision and		
Increased		resources to	Curriculum Development.		
Learning Time –		effectively plan			
Staff		their instructional	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
Collaborative		content and	"The turnaround		
Planning		delivery methods.	Challenge: Why America's		
_			best opportunity to		
			dramatically improve		
		By providing	student achievement lies		
		teachers common	in our worst performing		
		planning time as a	schools."2007.		
			schools. 2007.		
		requirement under	Depressional development		
		the modified	Professional-development		
		Transformation to	programs were		
		Educational	characterized by	1	
		Excellence Model	collaborative structures,		
		implementation.	diverse and extensive		
			professional-learning		
			opportunities, and an		
			emphasis on		
			accountability and student		
			results." (West Ed, 2000)		
			(1) pedagogy instruction,		
			(2) issues in student and		
			teacher instruction, (3)		
			how to establish an		
			environment for student		
			and teacher success, (4)		
			provide technical support		
			for teachers, (5) how to		
			engage teachers, parents		
			and staff in the decision		
			making process and		
			resource allocation		
			(Edelstein & Edwards	l	
			2002)		
			Models for instructional		
			design that are content		
			based that allow for		
			differentiated learning		
			styles, examine a variety		
			of instructional strategies		
			by engaging in portfolio		
			building and reflection		
			activities (Lynch 2002).		
			(-,,.		
L	1		I	l	

Increase Teacher Quality - Recruitment/Rete ntion Strategies	Incentives for advanced degrees/certifications	Increasing teacher quality through recruitment and retention strategies and incentives for advanced degrees and/or certifications provides a structure of recognition to teachers that seek to enhance their personal and professional knowledge.	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007. Professional-development programs were characterized by collaborative structures, diverse and extensive professional-learning opportunities, and an emphasis on accountability and student results." (West Ed, 2000) (1) pedagogy instruction, (2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3) how to establish an environment for student and teacher success, (4) provide technical support for teachers, (5) how to engage teachers, parents and staff in the decision making process and resource allocation (Edelstein & Edwards 2002) Models for instructional design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002).	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase Leadership Effectiveness – Resource/Data Utilization/Operati onal Flexibility	Increase available resources and technologies to prepare lessons and actively engage students.	In order to increase the quality of teachers and as part of the modified Transformation to Educational	What works in Distance Learning: Instructional Strategies, Strategies Based on Providing Learner Control of Instructional navigation, National Center for	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

		Excellence Model	Research and Evaluation,	
Improve		recruitment	Standards, and Student	
Academic		retention	Testing, University of	
Performance –		strategies it is	California, O'Neil, H. F.	
Data-driven		necessary to	(2003).	
Instruction/Curric	ſ	provide		
ulum Alignment		opportunities for	What Works in Distance	
_		teachers to receive	Learning (Report to the	
Increase Teacher		effective job	Office of Naval Research).	
Quality -		embedded	University of Southern	
Recruitment/Rete		professional	California, Rossier School	
ntion Strategies		development	of Education; and National	l
		activities.	Standards for Quality	
		activities.	Online Teaching. North	
		In addition,	American Council for	
		teachers will have	Online Learning; Ascough,	
		the opportunity to	R.S. (2002).	
		take ownership of	N.S. (2002).	
		•	Designing for online	
		instructional	distance education:	
		content,		
		instructional	Putting pedagogy before	
		delivery methods	technology. Teaching	
		and effective	Theology and Religion,	
		leadership tools.	5(1), 17-29. Texas A&M	
			International University;	
		Inquiry-based and	Roberts, J. Scott (2001)	
		research based	"Potential Users' and	
		instructional	Users' Behavioral	
		activities provide	Intentions Toward the	
		teachers with	Adoption of Information	
		instructional	Technology, Thesis	
		autonomy and	Publication.	
		technological tools		
		to enhance		
		instructional		
		delivery and		
		methods of		
		instruction that		
		engage students in		
		the process.		
		che processi		

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## **TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY** Standard Application System (SAS)

240901

County-District No.

by telephone/e-mail/FAX on by

## School Years 2010-2013

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Timeline End

Date

June 30,

2013

by telephone/e-mail/FA	of TEA.	School Years 2010	-2013	Amendment No.
		Title I Priority Sc	bools Grant	Antenaniene igo.
		le #4B-Program	Contraction of the second se	988. (State 1997)
Part 3: Interver			and the second	
the state of the second st	Improvement Activities a	nd Timeline (cont.	<b>)</b>	
CSF Milestone	Additional Improvement Activity	Rationale	Supporting Resea	rch Timeline Begin Date
Improve Academic Performance – Data-driven Instruction	Provide targeted intervention services to students identified as unlikely to meet academic standards in future assessments.	As part of the modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model targeted intervention services for students identified as unlikely to meet academic standards or expectations on future assessments will be provided prescriptive student support that is targeted to	Brooks, J. G. & Brook G. (1999). In search understanding: The for constructivist classrooms. Alexand VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Developm Calkins, Andrew et al "The turnaround Challenge: Why Ame best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement in our worst perform schools."2007. (1) pedagogy instruct	o of 2010 case lria, hent. I. rica's lies ing

		that is targeted to their specific needs.	<ul> <li>(1) pedagogy instruction,</li> <li>(2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3)</li> <li>how to establish an environment for student and teacher success, (4)</li> <li>provide technical support for teachers, (5) how to engage teachers, parents and staff in the decision making process and resource allocation (Edelstein &amp; Edwards 2002)</li> <li>Models for instructional design that are content based that allow for</li> </ul>		
			differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002).		
Increase Teacher	Provide rigorous,	In order to ensure	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	Sept 1,	June 30,
Quality - Locally	transparent, relevant and	that the campus	(2000). How people learn:	2010	2013
Developed Appraisal	equitable evaluation instruments for principals	increases teacher quality locally	Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded		

Instrumentsand teachersdeveloped appraisals will provide rigorous, relevant, and equitableEdition) Washington, DO National Academy Press Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, G. (1999). In search of evaluation and feedback to teachers productivity.Edition) Washington, DO National Academy Press Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, G. (1999). In search of of constructivist classrooms. Alexandria productivity.	м.	
Increase Leadershipprovide rigorous, relevant, andBrooks, J. G. & Brooks, Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, I. G. (1999). In search of evaluation and feedback to teachers productivity.Utilizationfeedback to relevant, and evaluation and for constructivist teachers productivity.for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria	м	
Leadershiprelevant, and equitableBrooks, J. G. & Brooks, equitableEffectiveness - Resource/Data UtilizationResource/Data feedback to teachers productivity.Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, G. (1999). In search of understanding: The cas for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria productivity.		
Resource/Dataevaluation andunderstanding: The caseUtilizationfeedback tofor constructivistteachersclassrooms. Alexandriaproductivity.VA. Association for		
Utilization       feedback to       for constructivist         teachers       classrooms, Alexandria         productivity.       VA. Association for	e	
teachers classrooms, Alexandria productivity. VA. Association for		
productivity. VA. Association for		
Supervision and		
The principals Curriculum Developmen	t.	
evaluation will		
provide and Calkins, Andrew et al.		
ensure leadership "The turnaround	10	
effectiveness in Challenge: Why America resource and data best opportunity to	15	
utilization to dramatically improve		
enhance the student achievement lie	5	
school climate and in our worst performing		
instructional schools."2007.		
methods.		
Increase TeacherImplementation ofThe modifiedBrooks, J. G. & Brooks,Quality -strategies for financialTransformation toG. (1999). In search of		e 30,
Quality -strategies for financialTransformation toG. (1999). In search ofRecruitment/Retincentives, promotion,Educationalunderstanding: The case		2
ention Strategies and career growth Excellence Model for constructivist		
incorporates the classrooms. Alexandria		
Increase implementation of VA. Association for		
Leadership strategies for Supervision and		
Effectiveness – financial Curriculum Developmen	t.	
Resource/Dataincentives,Utilization/Operapromotion, andCalkins, Andrew et al.		
Utilization/Opera       promotion, and       Calkins, Andrew et al.         tional Flexibility       career growth that       "The turnaround		
leads to an Challenge: Why America	's	
increase in teacher best opportunity to		
quality and is a dramatically improve		
recruitment/retenti student achievement lie	5	
on tool. in our worst performing schools."2007.		
In addition,		
implementation of Professional-developme	nt	
modified programs were		
Transformation to characterized by		
Educational collaborative structures,		
strategies that professional-learning provide financial opportunities, and an		
incentives. emphasis on		
promotion and accountability and stude	1 1	
career growth results." (West Ed, 2000	)	
allow for increasing (1) pedagogy instruction		
incidenting (2) insure to student an		
effectiveness and teacher instruction, (3)		
operational how to establish an		
flexibility. environment for studen		
and teacher success, (4		
provide technical suppo for teachers, (5) how to	L	
engage teachers, parent	s	
and staff in the decision		
making process and		
resource allocation		

			(Edelstein & Edwards	1	
		In order to increase Leadership Effectiveness it is necessary to provide our school leadership with incentives for achieving identified modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model performance measures.	Models for instructional design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002).		
Improve Academic Performance – Data-driven Instruction/On- going Monitoring of Instruction Increase Leadership Effectiveness – Resource/Data Utilization Increase the Use of Quality Data to Drive Instruction – Data Disaggregation/T raining/Data- driven Decisions/On- going Communication	Periodic reviews to ensure program compliance with school improvement strategies	In order to improve academic performance data driven instruction increases instructional success, effective leadership and data quality. Periodic reviews will provide a mechanism whereby program compliance can be evaluated to identify areas that need improvement, allow for more structured decision making and communication.	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007. Professional-development programs were characterized by collaborative structures, diverse and extensive professional-learning opportunities, and an emphasis on accountability and student results." (West Ed, 2000) (1) pedagogy instruction, (2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3) how to establish an environment for student and teacher success, (4) provide technical support for teachers, (5) how to engage teachers, parents and staff in the decision making process and resource allocation (Edelstein & Edwards 2002) Models for instructional	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

			design that are content		
			based that allow for		ļ
			differentiated learning		
		s	styles, examine a variety		
			of instructional strategies		
			by engaging in portfolio		
			building and reflection		
Improve	Implementation of	In order to	activities (Lynch 2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.	Sept 1,	June 30,
Academic	strategies that improve	improve student	G. (1999). In search of	2010	2013
Performance -	instruction for students	academic	understanding: The case	2010	2015
Data-driven	with disabilities	performance	for constructivist		
Instruction		implementation of	classrooms. Alexandria,		
		modified	VA. Association for		
Increase		Transformation to	Supervision and		
Parent/Communi		Educational	Curriculum Development.		
ty Involvement –		Excellence Model			
Accessible		strategies will	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
Community		improve	"The turnaround		
Services		instruction for	Challenge: Why America's		
		students with	best opportunity to		
Increase		disabilities.	dramatically improve		
Learning Time -			student achievement lies		
Staff Collaborative		· · · ·	in our worst performing		
Planning		The instructional	schools."2007.		
Flammig		strategies will	Professional-development		
Improve		focus on student	programs were		
Academic		support systems, parental/communit	characterized by		
Performance –		y involvement,	collaborative structures,		
On-Going		collaborative	diverse and extensive		
Monitoring of		planning, and	professional-learning		
Instruction		continuous	opportunities, and an		
		monitoring of	emphasis on		
		academic	accountability and student		
		performance.	results." (West Ed, 2000)		
			(1) pedagogy instruction,		
			(2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3)		
			how to establish an		
			environment for student		
			and teacher success, (4)		
			provide technical support		
			for teachers, (5) how to		
			engage teachers, parents		
			and staff in the decision		
			making process and		
			resource allocation		
			(Edelstein & Edwards		
			2002)		
			Modele for instructions!		
			Models for instructional		
			design that are content		
			based that allow for differentiated learning		
			styles, examine a variety		
			of instructional strategies		
			by engaging in portfolio		
			building and reflection		
			activities (Lynch 2002).		
h				I	

Improve Academic Performance – Data-driven Instruction Increase Parent/Communi ty Involvement – Accessible Community Services Increase Learning Time – Staff Collaborative Planning Improve Academic Performance – On-Going Monitoring of Instruction	Evaluation of the campus comprehensive needs assessment	Continuous evaluation of the campuses comprehensive needs assessment will improve academic performance, increase parental/communit y involvement, increase learning time, and improve academic performance.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance – On-Going Monitoring of Instruction	Implementation of differentiated instructional strategies	Incorporating prescriptive small group instruction with differentiated instructional strategies will enhance the overall academic performance. Monitoring of instruction will be the data driven decision instructional strategy that will result in positive academic performance results.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

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	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	an standing water and any standard and an	
	Schedule #4B—Program Description		
Part 4: Waiver Requests			
Applicants must check the waivers in	which the LEA/campus intends to implement.		
<u>n and an ann an ann an ann an ann an ann an</u>	in dhalan a' bhlin can dhi shanna a bhannan an an ann an ann a bhanna an ann an ann an ann an ann an ann an a		
	ability of school improvement funds.	We shall be found the surgest mentioned	
	" of the funds for two additional years; allowing		
	behalf of the eligible campus, as long as the ca	mpus meets the requirements of	
implementation of the grant	program.		
	ested and received a waiver of the period of avai		
	funds, this waiver automatically applies to all LE	As in the State and	
must be checked.		A Design of the second s	
<u> </u>			
	improvement timeline for Tier I and Tier II Title	I participating schools	
implementing a turnaround o			
	ith an eligible Tier I or Tier II campus implemen		
	r School Improvement status reset regardless of		
	ntions, such as School Choice and Supplemental		
	llows the campus two years to effectively implen		
restart model of reform with	out additional statutory school improvement inte	erventions being required.	
Implementing a school wide	program in a Tier I or Tier II Title I participating	school that does not meet the	
40 percent poverty eligibility			
This waiver allows a Tier I Ti	tle I campus that otherwise does not qualify to c	operate a Schoolwide program to	
do so in order to implement	the Tier I reform model selected.		

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		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant		
	Schedul	e #4C—Performance Assessment and Eval	luation	
reporting and ev requests. (Respo Section A: Ongoi going monitoring o	aluation requirem inse limited to one j ng Monitoring/Co of grant activities to	r submitting this application, the applicant ents that TEA may establish and to submit page each, font size no smaller than 9 pt, Arial entinuous Improvement - Describe the LEA/c ensure continuous Improvement	it the reports in the format TEA or Verdana) campus' process for providing on-	
curriculum plan and	d timeline, student a	ill be on an on-going basis to solicit feedback on ttendance and to provide support as needed. Me counselor, and support staff.		
Appoint a site coord	dinator to:			
monitor pro	ogress in meeting ac	tion-plan objectives;		

- regularly inform the campuses, the superintendent and school board of progress toward action-plan objectives;
- work closely with the principal to help the school carry out the programs key practices;
- work with district and school-level staff development coordinators to create a site-focused staff development plan that provides quality training through use of local, state and national meetings and resources;
- coordinate and facilitate campus leadership activities;
- coordinate frequent meetings of committees and teams; document attendance and minutes of meetings;
- coordinate the data collection process;
- integrate the program goals and key practices with other school improvement efforts and system wide strategic plans; and produce an annual report and other information as requested.

The site coordinator/grant manager will be responsible for the following:

- 1. Progress monitoring in meeting action-plan objectives;
- 2. Provide continuous communication with the school improvement leadership team, the superintendent and the school board of trustees at least once a year on progress toward action-plan objectives;
- 3. Work closely with the principal to help the campus carry out the programs key practices;
- 4. Work closely with the district and school level staff development coordinators in order to create a site focused staff development plan that provides quality training through a variety of resources and information gathered from local, state and national meetings;
- 5. Coordinate and facilitate campus leadership activities, meetings with committees and teams, document attendance and minutes of meetings;
- 6. Coordinate the data collection process while integrating the program goals and key practices with other school improvement efforts and system wide strategic plans;
- 7. Provide an annual report and other information as requested; and
- 8. Administer the surveys to students, counselors, administrators, teachers, and parents served by the program.

Additionally, the site coordinator will coordinate the hosting of the technical assistance review during the grant period, participate in technical assistance follow-up activities, and hold the campus accountable for implementing campus Transformation to Educational Excellence Model plans.

The Laredo Independent School District and M.B. Lamar Middle School will administer, collect, assess, analyze and report the data results.

This data will be used to continually improve the program goals and objectives. The data will also allow for identification and corrective action necessary for continuous improvement of the program.

Data will be collected in order to show the extent to which the program activities were implemented as planned to include process, product, and program outcomes. The evaluation instruments will consist of the TAKS Scores, rosters, agendas, training evaluations, participation rates, number of hours of professional development and training, number of students enrolled in Algebra I, student academic achievement, and the campus based STaR Chart results.

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Schedu	Ile #4C—Performance Assessment and Eval	uation
Part 1: Component Description. E reporting and evaluation require	By submitting this application, the applicant ments that TEA may establish and to submi page each, font size no smaller than 9 pt, Arial	agrees to comply with any the reports in the format TEA
results of the evaluation will be used	Describe the LEA/campus' process for formative to improve the grant program	
	ilize qualitative and quantitative summative eva to the proposed strategies are being implemented	
Benchmarks will be used to will include, but not limited to the follo	assess implementation and academic achievem wing:	ent. Formative evaluation questions
Are key staff member	rs in place for the project to be successful?	
-	ating in the proposed project, course work, semina	ars/trainings, and instructional trips?
	ning and dissemination strategies being implement	
	for feedback from participants?	
Are lessons learned between the second se	peing incorporated in professional development ac	ctivities?
	for dissemination of project materials?	
	ngs vertically and horizontally implemented a timeline, budget and modified Transformation to	
The surveys, classroom observations	, and interviews will investigate the following four	major outcome-based questions:
1) Did the training activities	improve the content knowledge of participating tea	achers?
2) Has the quality of teacher	rs' lesson plans improved?	
<ol><li>Have teaching techniques</li></ol>	s improved as measured through classroom obse	rvations?
<ol><li>Did students' interest and</li></ol>	l performance improve?	
5) Do the participating teach	ners consider the project to be beneficial to them a	and their students?
Transformation to Educational Excelle	e the school leadership team information about th ence Model as well as which professional develop ark assessments and State assessment results o	ment components are effective -
On-going weekly progress monitorin evaluation process.	g and periodic student assessment (benchmarks	s) will be used as part of a formative

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	le #4C—Performance Assessment and Eval	
reporting and evaluation requirer	y submitting this application, the applicant nents that TEA may establish and to submi page each, font size no smaller than 9 pt, Arial	t the reports in the format TEA
Section C: Qualitative and Quanti collection methods to be implemente 3) obtain continuous improvement re	tative Data Collection Methods- Describe the d and 1) how the data will be disaggregated; 2) sults	LEA/campus' process for data used to improve instruction; and
	selection of the modified Transformation to Educ nent scores, campus AEIS Rating, and Federal a	
	ational Excellence Model will utilize developed St gram success. Teacher input will determine the	
	ner descriptive information on the development nce Model by implementing the following evaluation	
Excellence Model;	urveys; pposed versus actual implementation of the mo actors encountered by students, parents, comm	
staff modified Transformation	to Educational Excellence Model instructional act modified Transformation to Educational Excellence	ivities;
Data collection formats will include but	not be limited to:	
	of randomly selected teachers, students, parents rviews or surveys of students, parents, administra	
<ul> <li>locally developed evaluation ir</li> <li>student academic performanc</li> </ul>	е;	
<ul> <li>parental/involvement activities</li> <li>teacher quality surveys;</li> <li>school climate surveys;</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>professional development data</li> <li>instructional content and deliv</li> <li>technology usage;</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>student support systems provi</li> </ul>	ded;	

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	# 4C-Performance Assessment and Eval	uation					
Part 2: Process for Development o	f Performance Goals						
Describe the process to be implement	ed to develop the campus' performance goals.	Include the groups participating					
in the development of the goals.	2012 - 10						
	front side only, with a font size no smaller that he performance monitoring system allows an as						
modified Transformation to Educatio	nal Excellence Model has been implemente udent instructional activities are in line with those	d as planned and whether staff,					
During the initial implementation phase standards for each primary objective.	e, the school leadership team will meet to refin	e the plan and define performance					
reports can be generated during the life	imarily from the school leadership team. Bas fe of the modified Transformation to Educationa aff and in quarterly meetings to discuss implication	Excellence Model implementation.					
data sources to obtain student informat	onent of the evaluation process is the outcome e tion including student demographics, services re tion to Educational Excellence Model, student as as will be collected.	ceived while attending the campus					
	acher professional growth through project particip d modify the model to improve the impact on ove						
The three main performance measures Educational Excellence Model are:	to assess progress toward meeting the purpose	e of the modified Transformation to					
	dents receiving support services in relation to the prevents minority group isolation.	e total enrollment of the campus,					
	dents from major racial and ethnic groups that m ards in accordance with the State of Texas plan a						
The percentage of stud	dents that meet or exceed State assessment sta	ndards in each academic area.					
Additional evaluation measures will be utilized to monitor and modify the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model to improve the impact on overall school improvement strategies including a strong professional development program, parental/community involvement and student academic achievement that include: Percentage of students who successfully complete their respective grade level Number of professional development sessions, seminars/trainings attended and total number of hours;							
Percentage of teachers     Lamar Middle School r	s who are recruited, selected, transferred and/or high need schools for at least three years;						
	Il trips taken and the number of hours; essional development interactions;						
•	ors, teachers, staff, parents/community and stud	ents narticipating in the modified					
	cational Excellence Model implementation;	one paracipating in the modified					
	complete at a minimum 75% or more of the profe	essional development hours					
offered?	· • •	•					

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant								
Schedu	le # 4C-Performance Assessment and Eval	uation						
Part 2: Process for Development								
	nted to develop the campus' performance goals.	Include the groups participating						
in the development of the goals.								
Responses are limited to two pages	, front side only, with a font size no smaller that	n 9 point (Arial or Verdana).						
<ul> <li>Was the instructional</li> </ul>	content and delivery improved?							
<ul> <li>Did student interest a leadership?</li> </ul>	and performance improve as a result of improved of	quality of instruction and						
<ul> <li>Has the quality of tea</li> </ul>	chers' lesson plans improved?							
	ques/strategies improved as measured through pe	eer-reviews and student						
performance?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
<ul> <li>Has the total number annually?</li> </ul>	of teachers who integrate technology in their instr	ructional content increased by 10%						
between the modified Transformation								
between the modified Transformation to Educational Excellence Model activities and teacher/student outcomes. Surveys, classroom observations and interviews will be used to examine the project outcome. Using statistical analyses and descriptive statistics, the school leadership team will examine the statistical significance of outcome measures, while qualitative data will be used to provide a richer explanation of judgment, accomplishments, challenges, and lessons learned.								

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0	Schedule # t 3: Annual Performance Goals	4C—Performance As	<u>sessment and E</u>	valuation	and the second	
	prove Academic Performance Goals	er the annual goals fo	or student achieve	ment, on bot	h the State's	
	essments and other measures identifie					
Assessment Most Recent Year 1 - Year 2						
#	Performance Measure	Instrument/	Year	Progress	Progress	Progress
		Tool	Performance	Goal	Goal	Goal
1	Improve Student Achievement i Reading/ELA	n State assessment, benchmarks, progress reports, report cards, ARDs, IEPs	81 %	85%	90%	95%
2	Improve Student Achievement i Mathematics	State assessment, benchmarks,	70 %	75%	80%	85%
3	Improve Student Achievement i Science	State assessment, benchmarks, progress reports, report cards, ARDs, IEPs	60%	65%	70%	75%
4	Improve Student Achievement i social Studies	State assessment, benchmarks, progress reports, report cards, ARDs, IEPs	86%	90%	95%	100%
5	Improve Campus Academic Ratings	State assessment	Academically Acceptable	Academi cally Acceptab le	Academi cally Acceptab le	Academic ally Acceptab le
6	Improve Student Attendance Rates	Attendance reports	96.5%	97%	97.2%	97.4%
7	Increase Parental Involvement and Participation	Volunteer hours report, PTO sign sheets, Parent meeting sign sheets	5%	10%	15%	20%

8	Decrease Number of Students in Need of Remediation and Developmental Interventions	State assessment, benchmarks, progress reports, report cards, ARDs, IEPs	46%	40%	35%	30%
9	Increase the Number of Students Promoted to the next Grade Level	State assessment, benchmarks, progress reports, report cards, ARDs, IEPs	Math- 87% Reading - 82% Social Studies-78% Science - 91%	Math- 82% Reading -77% Social Studies- 73% Science - 86%	Math- 77% Reading -72% Social Studies- 68% Science - 81%	Math- 72% Reading - 67% Social Studies- 63% Science - 76%

**Increase the Use of Quality Data to Drive Instruction** – Enter the annual goals for increasing the use of quality data to drive instruction, to which the LEA is holding the campus accountable.

#	Performance Measure	Assessment Instrument/ Tool	Most Recent Year Performance	Year 1 Progress Goal	Year 2 Progress Goal	Year 3 Progress Goal
1	Campus Federal AYP Ratings	State assessments	Reading ~ 78% Math - 68%	Reading -80% Math- 70%	Reading -85% Math- 75%	Reading -90% Math- 80%
2	Campus State AEIS Ratings	State assessments	Reading-81% Math-70% Science-60% Social Studies-86% Writing-92%	Reading- 85% Math- 75% Science- 65% Social Studies- 90% Writing- 95%	Reading- 90% Math- 80% Science- 70% Social Studies- 95% Writing- 97%	Reading- 95% Math- 85% Science- 75% Social Studies- 100% Writing- 100%
3	Grade Level Local Benchmark Results	Mid- assessments	Reading-43% Math-21% Science-9% Social Studies-11%	Reading- 48% Math- 26% Science- 14% Social Studies- 16%	Reading- 53% Math- 31% Science- 19% Social Studies- 21%	Reading- 58% Math- 36% Science- 24% Social Studies- 26%
4	Grade Level State Assessment Results	State assessments	Reading-81% Math-70% Science-60% Social Studies-86% Writing-92%	Reading- 85% Math- 75% Science- 65% Social Studies- 90% Writing- 95%	Reading- 90% Math- 80% Science- 70% Social Studies- 95% Writing- 97%	Reading- 95% Math- 85% Science- 75% Social Studies- 100% Writing- 100%

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		e # 4C-Performance	Assessment and E	valuation				
Par	t 3: Annual Performance Goals							
	rease Leadership Effectivenes hich the LEA is holding the camp		als for increasing the	effectiveness	of campus le	adership,		
#	Performance Measure	Assessment Instrument, Tool	and the second state of th	Year 1 Progress Goal	Year 2 Progress Goal	Year 3 Progress Goal		
1	Number and Frequency of Teachers and Administrators Receiving Training, Profession Development, and Materials Significantly improve Instru-	onal sheets	100%	100%	100%	100%		
2	Teacher and Administrator Yearly Performance Evaluati	PDAS	95% Meets Expectations	96% Meets Expectati ons	97% Meets Expectati ons	98% Meets Expectati ons		
3								
4								
5								
	rease Learning Time – Enter th ling the campus accountable.	e annual goals for incre	easing learning time (	on the campu	s, to which th	ie LEA is		
#	Performance Measure	Assessment Instrument, Tool	the second se	Year 1 Progress Goal	Year 2 Progress Goal	Year 3 Progress Goal		
1	Increased Learning Time through Scheduling and Instructional Strategies	Reading-81% Math-70% Science-60% Social Studies 86% Writing-92%	Math-75% Science-65% S- Social Studies-90%	Reading- 90% Math- 80% Science- 70% Social Studies- 95% Writing- 97%	Reading- 95% Math- 85% Science- 75% Social Studies- 100% Writing- 100%	Reading- 81% Math- 70% Science- 60% Social Studies- 86% Writing- 92%		

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Schedule # 4C—Performance Assessment and Evaluation Part 3: Annual Performance Goals							
Increase Parent/Stakeholder Involvement – Enter the annual goals for increasing parent and community involvement, to which the LEA is holding the campus accountable.							
2 <b>#</b>	Performance Measure	Assessment Instrument/ Tool	Most Recent Year Performance	Year 1 Progress Goal	Year 2 Progress Goal	Year 3 Progress Goal	
1	Number of Parent, Student, and Community meetings and Outreach Activities	Agendas Sign sheets	40	45	48	50	
2	Increase in the Number of Parental Involvement Conferences, Programs, and Meetings	Agendas Sign sheets	40	45	48	50	
3	Increase in the Number of Parental and Community Volunteers	Parental involvement report	18	36	48	60	
4	Increase in the Number of Parents Actively Engaged	Parental involvement report	25%	30%	35%	40%	
	rove School Climate – Enter the annu ous accountable.	ual goals for improvi	ng the school clim	ate, to which	the LEA is h	olding the	
#	Performance Measure	Assessment Instrument/ Tool	Most Recent Year Performance	Year 1 Progress Goal	Year 2 Progress Goal	Year 3 Progress Goal	
1	Number of Job Embedded Professional Development Activities	Staff Development log	40	42	44	46	
2	Number of Teachers Served by Prescriptive and Intentional Professional Development in Specific Academic Areas (e.g. ELL, 504, Special Ed.)	Staff Development log	18=100%	18=100 %	18=100 %	18=100 %	
3	Number of Technical Assistance Workshops Attended or Received at the Campus	Staff Development log	3	5	7	9	

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		<u>C—Performance As</u>	sessment and	Evaluatio			
Par	3: Annual Performance Goals		A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR A CONT	<u></u>			
	rease Teacher Quality – Enter the ar hich the LEA is holding the campus acc		ising teacher qu	ality by me	asures identified	by the LEA,	
#	Performance Measure	Assessment Instrument/ Tool	Most Recent Year Performance	Progre	ess Progress	Year 3 Progress Goal	
	Grade Level State Assessment Results	State Assessments	Reading-819 Math-70% Science-60% Social Studies-86% Writing-92%	65% Social	90% Math- 80% e- Science- 70% Social s- Studies- 95%	Reading- 95% Math- 85% Science- 75% Social Studies- 100% Writing- 100%	
÷.	1054		Most	1		and the second	
		Assessment	Recent	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	
#	Performance Measure	Instrument/	Year	Progres	Progress	Progress	
		Tool	Performa	s Goal	Goal	Goal	
			nce	1.1			
			Reading-	Reading		Reading-	
			81%	-85%		95%	
			Math-	Math-	Reading-	Math-	
	Number of targeted Intervention		70%	75%	90%	85%	
	Services Provided to Students	State	Science-	Science-	Math-80%	Science-	
1	Identified as Unlikely to meet	State	60%	65%	Science-70%	75%	
	Academic Standards in Future	Assessments	Social	Social	Social	Social	
	Assessments		Studies-	Studies-	Studies-95%	Studies-	
			86%	90%	Writing-97%	100%	
			Writing-	Writing-		Writing-	
			92%	95%		100%	
			Reading-	Reading		Reading-	
			81%	-85%		95%	
			Math-	Math-	Reading-	Math-	
			70%	75%	90%	85%	
	Number of Periodic Reviews to	Curriculum	Science-	Science-	Math-80%	Science-	
2	ensure program Compliance with		60%	65%	Science-70%	75%	
	School Improvement Strategies	Assessments	Social	Social	Social	Social	
			Studies-	Studies-	Studies-95%	Studies-	
			86%	90%	Writing-97%	100%	
			Writing-	Writing-		Writing-	
			92%	95%		100%	

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by	of TEA.		A	mendment No.		
		<b>Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant</b>				
		Equitable Access and Participation: Barri	ers and Strate	gies		
No Barr	riers					
#		Students	Teachers	Others		
000		barriers exist to equitable access and				
Barrier	participation for any groups. Gender-Specific Bias					
#	معفقت أعفاقه الشبائي والمستعدي والمستعقين والمستعم والمتعادية المستعمد	s for Gender-specific Bias	Students	Teachers	Others	
		prically underrepresented groups to fully				
A01	participate					
A02	Provide staff development on					
A03	bias	Is used with students do not promote gender				
A04	Develop and implement a plate effects of past discrimination	n to eliminate existing discrimination and the on the basis of gender				
A05		equirements in Title IX of the Education prohibits discrimination on the basis of gender				
A06	Ensure students and parents responsibilities with regard to	are fully informed of their rights and participation in the program				
A99	Other (Specify)					
Barrier:	: Cultural, Linguistic, or E	conomic Diversity				
Barrier: #	and in the mathematic of the state of the state of the second state of the state of the state of the	conomic Diversity ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity	Students	Teachers	Others	
	and in the mathematic of the state of the state of the second state of the state of the state of the	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity	Students	Teachers	Others	
#	Strategies for Cultur	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language				
# B01	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through				
# B01 B02	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appra a variety of activities, publica Communicate to students, tea	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through				
# B01 B02 B03	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appr a variety of activities, publica Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through tions, etc. achers, and other program beneficiaries an				
# B01 B02 B03 B04	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appr a variety of activities, publica Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through tions, etc. achers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse				
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appr a variety of activities, publica Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through tions, etc. achers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and				
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appra a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is s communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance from	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through tions, etc. achers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and				
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appra a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is s communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance from	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through tions, etc. achers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and n for diversity n Education Service Center, Technical Assistance				
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, teat appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is s communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance from Center, Title I, Part A School	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through tions, etc. achers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and n for diversity n Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider				
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08 B09	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publica Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is s communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance fror Center, Title I, Part A School Provide parenting training Provide a parent/family center Involve parents from a variet	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through tions, etc. achers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and n for diversity n Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider				
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08 B09 B10	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publica Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is s communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance fror Center, Title I, Part A School Provide parenting training Provide a parent/family center Involve parents from a variet Offer "flexible" opportunities	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through tions, etc. achers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and n for diversity n Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider				
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08 B09 B10 B11	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appra a variety of activities, publica Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is s communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance fror Center, Title I, Part A School Provide parenting training Provide a parent/family center Involve parents from a variet Offer "flexible" opportunities f activities and other activities Provide child care for parents	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through tions, etc. achers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and n for diversity n Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider r y of backgrounds in decision making for parent involvement including home learning that don't require parents to come to the school participating in school activities				
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08 B09 B10 B11 B12	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appra a variety of activities, publica Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is s communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance fror Center, Title I, Part A School Provide parenting training Provide a parent/family center Involve parents from a variet Offer "flexible" opportunities f activities and other activities Provide child care for parents Acknowledge and include fam knowledge in school activities	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through tions, etc. achers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and n for diversity n Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider r y of backgrounds in decision making for parent involvement including home learning that don't require parents to come to the school participating in school activities ily members' diverse skills, talents, and				
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08 B09 B10 B11 B12 B13	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appra a variety of activities, publica Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is s communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance fror Center, Title I, Part A School Provide parenting training Provide a parent/family center Involve parents from a variet Offer "flexible" opportunities f activities and other activities Provide child care for parents Acknowledge and include fam knowledge in school activities	ral, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through tions, etc. achers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and n for diversity n Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider r y of backgrounds in decision making for parent involvement including home learning that don't require parents to come to the school participating in school activities ily members' diverse skills, talents, and				

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by	of TEA.	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant		Amendment No.	
	Schedule # 4D-	-Equitable Access and Participation: Barrie	rs and Strat	egles	e e di la contra
Barrier:		conomic Diversity (cont.)			
#	in the last state where the state of the sta	ural, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity	Students	Teachers	Others
B17	Conduct an outreach program	n for traditionally "hard to reach" parents			
B18	Coordinate with community	centers/programs			
B19	Seek collaboration/assistance education	e from business, industry, or institution of higher			
B20	effects of past discrimination	an to eliminate existing discrimination and the on the basis of race, national origin, and color			
B21		requirements in Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of nination on the basis of race, national origin, and			
B22	their rights and responsibiliti	nd other program beneficiaries are informed of es with regard to participation in the program			
B23	Provide mediation training of complaints				
B99					
		les			
#		s for Gang-related Activities	Students	Teachers	Others
C01	Provide early intervention.				
C02	Provide Counseling.				
C03	Conduct home visits by staff				
C04	Provide flexibility in scheduli				
C05		n promoting gang-free communities.			
C06	Provide mentor program.				
C07	programs/activities.	ecreational, instructional, cultural, or artistic			
C08	Provide community service p				
C09	Conduct parent/teacher conf				
C10	Strengthen school/parent co				
C11	Establish partnerships with la				
C12		eer mediation strategies/programs.	$\boxtimes$		
C13	education.	e from business, industry, or institution of higher			
C14	gang-related issues.	to teachers, school staff, & parents to deal with			
C99	Other (Specify)				
Barrier: #	Drug-Related Activities	- fee Drug solated Astivities	Chudanha	Toochorc	Others
# D01		s for Drug-related Activities	Students	Teachers	
D01 D02	Provide early identification/in				
	Provide Counseling.				
D03	Conduct home visits by staff				
D04		n promoting drug-free schools and communities.			
D05	Provide mentor program.				

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#### TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

<u>240901</u>

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by telephone/e-mail/FAX on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_of TEA.

## School Years 2010-2013

	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant			
	Schedule # 4D—Equitable Access and Participation: Barrie	rs and Strate	egies	
<b>Barrier:</b>	Drug-Related Activities (cont.)			
D06	Provide before/after school recreational, instructional, cultural, or artistic programs/activities			
D07	Províde community service programs/activities	$\boxtimes$		
D08	Provide comprehensive health education programs.	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$
D09	Conduct parent/teacher conferences.		$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$
D10	Establish school/parent compacts.	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$
D11	Develop/maintain community partnerships.	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$
D12	Provide conflict resolution/peer mediation strategies/programs.	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$
D13	Seek collaboration/assistance from business, industry, or institution of higher education.			
D14	Provide training/information to teachers, school staff, & parents to deal with drug-related issues			
D15	Seek Collaboration/assistance from business, industry, or institution of higher education.			
D99	Other (Specify)			
<b>Barrier:</b>	Visual Impairments			
#	Strategies for Visual Impairments	Students	Teachers	Others
E01	Provide early identification and intervention.			
E02	Provide Program materials/information in Braille.			
E03	Provide program materials/information in large type.			
E04	Provide program materials/information on tape.			
E99	Other (Specify)			
<b>Barrier:</b>	Hearing Impairments			
#	Strategies for Hearing Impairments	Students	Teachers	Others
F01	Provide early identification and intervention.			
F02	Provide interpreters at program activities.			
F99	Other (Specify)			
<b>Barrier:</b>	Learning Disabilities	and the second second		Д
#	Strategies for Learning Disabilities	Students	Teachers	Others
G01	Provide early identification and intervention.			
G02	Expand tutorial/mentor programs.			
G03	Provide staff development in identification practices and effective teaching strategies.			
G04	Provide training for parents in early identification and intervention.			
G99	Other (Specify)			
<b>Barrier:</b>	Other Physical Disabilities or Constraints			
#	Strategies for Other Physical Disabilities or Constraints	Students	Teachers	Others
H01	Develop and implement a plan to achieve full participation by students with other physical disabilities/constraints.			
H99	Other (Specify)		D	

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#### **TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY** Standard Application System (SAS)

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# School Years 2010-2013

	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule # 4D—Equitable Access and Participation: Barrie	ers and Strate	anieć	
Barrier	Absenteeism/Truancy			
#	Strategies for Absenteeism/Truancy	Students	Teachers	Others
K01	Provide early identification/intervention.		$\boxtimes$	
K02	Develop and implement a truancy intervention plan.		$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$
К03	Conduct home visits by staff.		$\boxtimes$	
К04	Recruit volunteers to assist in promoting school attendance.		$\boxtimes$	
К05	Provide mentor program.			$\boxtimes$
K06	Provide before/after school recreational or educational activities.			
K07	Conduct parent/teacher conferences.			
K08	Strengthen school/parent compacts.		$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$
K09	Develop/maintain community partnerships.			
K10	Coordinate with health and social services agencies.			
K11	Coordinate with the juvenile justice system.			
K12	Seek collaboration/assistance from business, industry, or institution of higher education.			
К99	Other (Specify)			
Barrier	High Mobility Rates			
#	Strategies for High Mobility Rates	Students	Teachers	Others
L01	Coordinate with social services agencies			$\boxtimes$
L02	Establish partnerships with parents of highly mobile families.		$\square$	$\square$
L03	Establish/maintain timely record transferal system.		$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$
L99	Other (Specify)			
	Lack of Support from Parents	NW STREET	a star	
#	Strategies for Lack of Support from Parents	Students	Teachers	Others
M01	Develop and implement a plan to increase support from parents.	<u> </u>		
M02	Conduct home visits by staff.			
M03 M04	Recruit volunteers to actively participate in school activities.           Conduct parent/teacher conferences.			
M05	Establish school/parent compacts.			
M05	Provide parenting training.			
M07	Provide a parent/family center.			
M08	Provide program materials/information in home language.			
M09	Involve parents from a variety of backgrounds in school decision making.			
M10	Offer "flexible" opportunities for involvement, including home learning activities and other activities that don't require coming to school.			
M11	Provide child care for parents participating in school activities.	$\square$	$\boxtimes$	$\square$
M12	Acknowledge and include family members' diverse skills, talents, acknowledge in school activities.			
M13	Provide adult education, including GED and/or ESL classes, or family literacy program.			
M14	Conduct an outreach program for traditionally "hard to reach" parents.			
M99	Other (Specify)	$\square$		

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## School Years 2010-2013

	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant			
	Schedule # 4D—Equitable Access and Participation: Barrie	rs and Strate	<u>egies</u>	
	Shortage of Qualified Personnel		<u> 22 9 2260 2</u>	A STATE OF A
#	Strategies for Shortage of Qualified Personnel	Students	Teachers	Others
N01	Develop and implement a plan to recruit and retain qualified personnel.			$\boxtimes$
N02	Recruit and retain teachers from a variety of racial, ethnic, and language minority groups.			
N03	Provide mentor program for new teachers.			
N04	Provide intern program for new teachers.			
N05	Provide professional development in a variety of formats for personnel.			
N06	Collaborate with colleges/universities with teacher preparation programs.		$\boxtimes$	
N99	Other (Specify)		$\square$	
<b>Barrier:</b>	Lack of Knowledge Regarding Program Benefits			
#	Strategies for Lack of Knowledge regarding Program Benefits	Students	Teachers	Others
P01	Develop and implement a plan to inform program beneficiaries of program activities & benefits.			
P02	Publish newsletter/brochures to inform program beneficiaries of activities and benefits.			
P03	Provide announcements to local radio stations & newspapers about program activities/benefits.			
P99	Other (Specify)			
<b>Barrier:</b>	Lack of Transportation to Program Activities		N. 1940 (1977)	2.2.2.2.2.2.5.1L
#	Strategies for Lack of Transportation to Program Activities	Students	Teachers	Others
Q01	Provide transportation for parents and other program beneficiaries to activities.			$\boxtimes$
Q02	Offer "flexible" opportunities for involvement, including home learning activities and other activities that don't require coming to school.			
Q03	Conduct program activities in community centers and other neighborhood locations.			
Q04	Other (Specify)			
<b>Barrier</b> :	Other Barrier		Mar Shares	
#	Strategies for Other Barrier	Students	Teachers	Others
Z99	Other Barrier:		$\square$	
	Other Strategy:			لاليكا

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by of TE		ſexas '	Title I Pr	iority Schools	Grant		Amendment	<u>NO.</u>
		31 S.C. CO.C.	Sec. 1993. 3. 3.	gram Budget :	A SALE AND A			
Program Authority:         Fund Code           P.L. 107-110, Section 1003(g), as amended by ARRA, P.L. 111-5         ARRA (CFDA # 84.388A & 84.377A           CFDA # 84.388A & 84.377A         Regular (CFDA # 84.38								
P	roject I	Period:	August 1	, 2010 through	June 30, 2	2013		
Class/Object Code and Description Campus Campus LEA Admin Pre-Award Grant Costs Costs						Total Grant Funds Budgeted		
Payroll Costs		5B	6100	\$2,051,800	\$		\$	\$2,051,800
Professional and Contracted Ser	rvices	5C	6200	\$150,000				\$150,000
Supplies and Materials		5D	6300	\$1,065,210				\$1,065,210
Other Operating Costs		5E	6400	\$622,500				\$622,500
Capital Outlay (Exclusive of 6619 and 6629) (15XX for charter schools only)		5G	6600/ 15XX	\$1,995,050				\$1,995,050
	T	otal Dir	ect Costs	\$5,884,560				\$5,884,560
1.924% Indirect Costs			\$115,44	40		\$115,440		
Grand Total								
Total Budgeted Costs:			\$ 5,884,560	\$115,4	440	\$	\$6,000,000	
Administrative Cost Calcu	lation							
Enter total amount from Schedule #5 Budget Summary, Last Column, Total Budgeted Costs						\$6,000,000		
Multiply by .05 (5% limit)						X .05		
Enter Maximum Allowable for A	dministr	ation, ir	ncluding Ir	direct Costs				\$300,000

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### Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #5—Program Budget Summary

Budget Request by Grant Year: Enter the amount of grant funds requested for each year of the three year grant period.

Year 1: SY 2010-2011 \$2,000,000.00

Year 2: SY 2011-2012 \$2,000,000.00 \*

of TEA.

Year 3: SY 2012-2013 \$2,000,000.00 \*

\* Any Budget Request entered for funds in Year 2 and/or Year 3 constitutes the LEA/campus requesting approval of the waiver for extending the period of availability of these grant funds, whether indicated on Schedule #4B—Program Description: Waiver Requests or not.

#### Provide any necessary explanation or clarification of budgeted costs

6100 Payroll Costs- (1) Project Coordinator to oversee data collection and Program Evaluation. Incentives for Principals that meet established benchmark criteria.

Extra duty for professional and support staff. This includes stipends for all highly qualified teachers in the amount of \$1,000.00 each. Extra duty pay includes community outreach, after school and Saturday enrichment, summer enrichment programs, and staff development on Saturdays and Summers.

6200 Professional Contracted Services- Distance Learning Video Conference – technologically integrated tours, instruction, events, and educational programming specific to the needs of the campus. In addition, Consultant Services for Professional Development in all academic areas, technology integration and data management, leadership effectiveness, health, student support services, family support services, conflict resolution, counseling and behavior and classroom management.

6300 Supplies and Materials- Instructional supplies (Consumables). The purpose of these supplies and materials are for consumables that will be used for the purpose of the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model implementation. The intent is to provide necessary consumable supplies to promote Educational Excellence. In addition, classroom monitoring software, software license renewals and additional software applications or upgrades as needed.

6400 Other Operating Costs- In-State travel expenditures for the principals, teachers, and support staff, administration, parents and community members that include travel to and from professional development sessions/trainings/workshops, UIL Competitions and instructional trips. The purpose of the travel is to ensure the principals, teachers, administration, support staff, parents, students and community members are able to attend necessary meetings, trainings, workshops, seminars and school visits. The intent is to provide necessary travel funds for Transformation to Educational Excellence Model Implementation meetings, trainings, workshops, seminars and school visits.

Out of State travel for the principals, teachers, and support staff, administration, parents and community members to include travel costs, lodging, and meals to and from professional development sessions/trainings/workshop.

Instructional Trips: \*All instructional trips will help fulfill the instructional strategies. Each trip will have approximately 200 students, 13 adults, with 6 buses needed for each trip.

The destination will be to and from King Ranch and Texas A&M at Kingsville (both located in Kingsville) for the
purpose of providing students with educational enrichment opportunities in Social Studies, Science and education.
Students will receive a guided tour of King Ranch with an explanation of its history, its contribution to the Texas
economy and its link to TAMUK (agricultural science). Students will also receive a TAMUK campus tour.

Mileage – To and from Kingsville, 118x2 = 236 miles round trip, approximately 200 students, 13 adults

Total miles round trip = 236 miles 6 buses needed = \$7650 \$1275 / 236 miles = \$5.40 per mile

• The destination will be to the Johnston Space Center for the purpose of providing students with educational enrichment opportunities in the area of Math, Engineering, Technology, and Science.

Mileage – To and from Houston, 301 miles 2 = 602 miles round trip, approximately 200 students, 13 adults

Total miles round trip = 602 miles 6 buses needed - \$19,254 \$3209/602 miles = \$5.33 per mile

• The destination will be to the Health and Science Museum for the purpose of providing students with educational enrichment opportunities in the area of Science and Math.

Mileage – To and from Houston, 301 miles 2 = 602 miles round trip, approximately 200 students, 13 adults

Total miles round trip = 602 miles 6 buses needed - \$19,254 \$3209/602 miles = \$5.33 per mile

The destination will be to the Holocaust Museum for the purpose of providing students with educational enrichment
opportunities in the area of Social Studies/World History.

Mileage – To and from Houston, 301 miles 2 = 602 miles round trip, approximately 200 students, 13 adults

Total miles round trip = 602 miles 6 buses needed - \$19,254 \$3209/602 miles = \$5.33 per mile

 The destination will be to the Aquarium in Corpus Christi, TX for the purpose of providing students with educational enrichment opportunities in the area of Science/Math.

Mileage – To and from Corpus Christi, TX. 160 miles 2 = 320 miles round trip, approximately 200 students, 13 adults

Total miles round trip = 320 miles 6 buses needed - \$10,236 \$1706/320 miles = \$5.33 per mile

 The destination will be to the State Capital/University of Texas/St. Edwards University for the purpose of providing students with educational enrichment opportunities in the area of Social Studies/ELA.

Mileage - To and from Austin, TX 215 miles 2 = 430 miles round trip, approximately 200 students, 13 adults

Total miles round trip = 430 miles 6 buses needed - \$13,752 \$2292/430 miles = \$5.33 per mile

Additional destinations depend on additional educational enrichment opportunities that include but are not limited to UIL competition dates or based on instructional planning for trips based on Fine Arts, Reading/ELA, Social Studies, Science and Math concepts.

Fund sources used for match will come from local funds (199) and/or state compensatory education funds (199). The matching funds will pay for any additional costs associated with travel. All TEA Documentation requirements will be met.

\*All field trips will help fulfill the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model requirement as per the grant.

6411 Out of State Travel for Employees (includes registration fees) – Professional development trainings, sessions, and workshops in the amount of \$35,000.00.

6412 Travel for Students (includes registration fees; does not include field trips) – Educational enrichment including UIL competitions, Fine Arts, Science, Social Studies, Math, and Reading/ELA in the amount of \$45,000.00.

6419 - Travel for Non-Employees (includes registration fees; does not include field trips) (specific approval required only for nonprofit organizations) - Parents to attend higher educational enrichment opportunities with students in order to increase parental involvement in their children's education in the amount of \$25,000.00.

6499 Publication and Printing Costs – if reimbursed (specific approval required only for nonprofit charter schools) – Parental Notification Letters, special event programs, and other publications as needed in the amount of \$10,000.00.

6699 Library Books and media (capitalized and controlled by library) – (1)Reference Materials/Periodicals/Audio Books/Instructional Based Videos/eBooks/Professional Reference Material in the amount of \$55,000.00; (2) Library Books – Fiction/Non-Fiction in the amount of \$45,000.00.

6600 Capital Outlay- The Transformation to Educational Excellence curriculum design will provide for classroom instructional technology usage for the purpose of implementing technologically enhanced instruction and impact school climate. Additionally, the technology will support professional development along with support and sustaining systemic change.

### 66XX Technology Hardware – Capitalized:

Interactive whiteboards - 10 \* \$3,000.00 = \$30,000.00

Interactive answering systems - 50 \* \$3,000.00 = \$150,000.00

Student internet ready notebook computers with Microsoft Office 2007 – 1302 students \* \$650.00 = \$846,300.00

Teacher internet ready laptops with Microsoft Office 2007 – 93 \* \$1,500.00 = \$139,500.00

Classroom LED projectors and mounts for in class instruction technology presentation - 93 \* \$1,000.00 = \$93,000.00

Color Printers – 93 \* \$1,000.00 = \$93,000.00

Plasma Screen TV with mounts - 93 \* \$2,500.00 = \$232,500.00

DVD/VCR Combo with mounts - 93 \* \$150.00 = \$13,950.00

Portable Sound system with wireless multiple microphones  $-2 \times 1,500.00 = 3,000.00$ 

Library Media Services Technology hardware to include an (1) electronic projector screen - \$1,000.00, (2) color printers - \$1,000.00 (2) large plasma screen TVs - \$9,500.00 (2) DVD/VCR combos - \$300.00 (2) LED projectors - \$2,000.00, Large capacity plotter for large size posters, banners, and photos - \$10,500.00, 50 Notebook Computers - \$12,500.00 for Parental Involvement training/activities, library circulation desk and furniture in the amount of \$25,000.00

## 66XX Equipment and Furniture:

Computer desks - 90 \* \$500.00 = \$45,000.00 Large Capacity Laminator - 3 \* \$3,000.00 = \$9,000.00 Shelves - 20 \* \$300.00 = \$6,000.00 Display Cases - 5 \* \$1,200.00 = \$6,000.00 Storage cabinets for notebook computers - 40 \* \$4,250.00 = \$170,000.00

For TEA	Use	Only	
justments and/c	ir anr	notations	made

#### **TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY** Standard Application System (SAS)

240901 County-District No.

by telephone/e-mail/FAX on by of TEA.

## School Years 2010-2013

Ru	daotod C		chedule #5B-Payroll Costs (61				<u>a sta nat.</u> Nationalist
Dut	Budgeted Costs Employee Position Titles Justification #Full- #Part- Time Time Effort Effort				Pre-Award	Amount Budgeted	
Inst	truction		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	y Constant			
1	Teacher		1 per grade level for Science Curriculum	3		\$	\$225,000
2	Educatio	nal Aide					
3	Tutor						
		nagement and Administration		i go state en jare de			
4	Project [						
5		Coordinator	Data Collection, Grant Facilitator	1			\$186,000
6		Facilitator					
7		Supervisor					
8		y/Administrative Assistant			<u> </u>		
9		try Clerk					
10		countant/Bookkeeper			<u> </u>		
11		r/Evaluation Specialist		Ļ	L		
	diliary				t standing of the second		·
12	Counsel						
13	Social W						
14		re Provider					
15		nity Liaison/Parent Coordinator					
16	Bus Driv						
17	Cafeteria						
18	Librariar	-					
19	School N				L		
							1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
22			tablished performance benchmarks	1			\$42,000
23	nue:	quality	participation to enhance teacher	93			\$279,000
24		Assistant Principal incentive performance benchmarks	for meeting established	3			\$63,000
25	Title:	Stipend for Para Professionals and support staff 59					\$88,500
26				tal Emplo	yee Costs	\$	\$883,500
	stitute. F	xtra-Duty, Benefits				L	
27	6112	Substitute Pay		al al concerta de la		\$	\$250,000
28	6112						\$650,500
29	6121					\$130,800	
30	6140					\$137,000	
31			Subtotal Substitute, Extra-D	uty, Bene	fits Costs	\$	\$1,168,300
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
32			Grand Total Payroll Budget	(line 26 -	+ line 31)	\$	\$2,051,800

# Principal Awards: In order to support School Improvement Activities and Performance Measures

# of Principals	Assessment Instrument	Performance Target Criteria	Award Amount
1	Federal AYP Ratings	Baseline:	Tier I
	School Year:	Tier I Met Standards	\$5,000
		Or	Or
	2010 – 2011	Tier II Met Standards with required	Tier II
	2011 – 2012	Improvement. Or	\$3,000
		Tier III	Or
	2012 - 2013	Met Standards with Texas Projection Model (TPM).	Tier III
			\$2,000
		Target: Met or Exceed Standards	All award amounts listed above include TRS benefits and Tax Deductions
1	AEIS Ratings	Baseline:	Tier I
	School Year:	Tier   Campus received an "Exemplary"	\$5,000
		state accountability rating.	Or
	2010 – 2011		Tier II
	2011 – 2012	Tier II Campus received a "Recognized" state accountability rating.	\$3,000
		Or	Or
	2012 - 2013	Tier III Campus received an "Acceptable"	Tier III
		state accountability rating.	\$2,000
		Target: Recognized or Exemplary Status	All award amounts listed above include TRS benefits and Tax Deductions
1	AEIS Comparable	Baseline:	Tier I
	Improvement Report	Tier I	\$4,000
	School Year:	Campus in the top 25% of Comparable Schools for all tests taken.	Or
	2010 – 2011	Or	Tier II
		Tier II	\$2,000
	2011 – 2012	Campus in the top 50% of Comparable Schools for all tests taken.	All award amounts listed above
	2012 - 2013	<b>Target:</b> Top 10% of Comparable Schools for all tests taken.	include TRS benefits and Tax Deductions

#### Award Amount # of Principals Assessment Instrument Performance Target Criteria **Baseline:** Tier I 4 **Federal AYP Ratings** School Year: Tier I \$2,500 Met Standards Or Or 2010 - 2011 Tier II Tier II Met Standards with required \$1,500 Improvement. 2011 - 2012 Or Or Tier III Tier III 2012 - 2013 Met Standards with Texas Projection Model (TPM). \$1,000 Target: All award amounts listed above Met or Exceed Standards include TRS benefits and Tax Deductions Tier I Baseline: 4 **AEIS Ratings** School Year: \$2,500 Tier I Campus received an "Exemplary" Or state accountability rating. Or 2010 - 2011Tier II Tier II Campus received a "Recognized" \$1,500 2011 - 2012state accountability rating. Or Or Tier III Tier III 2012 - 2013 Campus received an "Acceptable" state accountability rating. \$1.000 Target: All award amounts listed above **Recognized or Exemplary Status** include TRS benefits and Tax Deductions **Baseline:** 4 **AEIS Comparable** Tier I Improvement Report Tier I \$2,000 School Year: Campus in the top 25% of Comparable Schools for all tests Or taken. Tier II Or 2010 - 2011 \$1,000 Tier II Campus in the top 50% of 2011 - 2012Comparable Schools for all tests All award amounts listed above taken. include TRS benefits and Tax Deductions Target: 2012 - 2013 Top 10% of Comparable Schools for all tests taken.

#### Assistant Principal Awards: In order to support School Improvement Activities and Performance Measures

For TEA Use Only         Adjustments and/or annotations made         on this page have been confirmed with         by telephone/e-mail/FAX on         School Years 2010-2013					240901 County-District No.		
by tere	of TEA.	Amendment No.					
		Texas Title I Priority Schools					
್ಷಕ್ಕೆ S	chedule #5C- Itemized 620	0 Professional and Contracted Ser	vices Co	osts Requirin	g Specific Ap		
	E	xpense Item Description			Pre-Award	Total Amount Budgeted	
621 2	Audit Costs (other than audits re Specify purpose	\$	\$				
626	Rental or Lease of Buildings, Spa	ce in Buildings or Land					
626 9	Specify purpose and provide calc						
629 9	Contracted Publication and Printi schools)	ng Costs (specific approval required only fo	or nonpro	fit charter			
	Specify purpose:						
629	Lange and the second seco	t allowed for nonprofit charter schools)					
9	Specify purpose:	and a construction of the const	S. C. P. C. Mark			No. of Market and American	
Subto							
		nal and Contracted Services Cost Requ	liring Spe	ecific Approva			
Profe	ssional and Consulting Service	s (6219/6239) Less than \$10,000				-	
#	Topic/Purpose/Service			Total Contracted Amount	Pre-Award	Total Amount Budgeted	
1.	Mathematics/To improve tead	\$	\$ 9,500				
2.	Reading ELA/To improve tead			\$9,500			
3.	Science/To improve teacher of			\$9,500			
4.	Social Studies/To improve te	acher quality				\$9,500	
5.	Bilingual ESL/To improve tea	cher quality				\$9,500	
6.	Special Education/To improve	e teacher quality				\$9,500	
7.	Region I TEEM services					\$9,800	
8.	<b>Classroom and Behavioral Ma</b>	nagement/To improve teacher quality	,			\$9,500	
9.	Conflict Resolution/To improv	ve teacher quality				\$9,500	
10.	Leadership Effectiveness Trai	ning				\$9,500	
11.	Parental Involvement Trainin	g				\$9,500	
12.	Technology Integration/To in	nprove teacher quality				\$9,500	
Subto	ıtal						
		Professional and Consulting Serv	ices Less	; than \$10,000	\$	\$114,300	
Profe	ssional and Consulting Service	s (6219) Greater than or Equal to \$10,	000				
1. Des	scription of Professional or Cor	sulting Service (Topic/Purpose/Service)	ce):		<u>,</u>		
Contr	actor's Cost Breakdown of Ser		sitions	Total Contracted Amount	Pre-Award	Total Amount Budgeted	
200	Contractor's Payroll C	\$	\$	\$			
Title:							
Subgrants, Subcontracted Services							
Other Operating Costs							
	Capital Outlay (Subgr	ants Only)					
	Indirect Cost (	_%) Total Pa	yment:	<b>*</b>	\$	\$	
1		i utal Pa	ivili Glili			- <b>-</b>	

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#### TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

240901

County-District No.

by telephone/e-mail/FAX on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of TEA.

School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

#### **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant** Schedule #5C- Itemized 6200 Professional and Contracted Services Costs Regulring Specific Approval (cont.) Professional and Consulting Services (6219) Greater than or Equal to \$10,000 (cont.) 2. Description of Professional or Consulting Service (Topic/Purpose/Service): Total Total Pre-# Positions Contracted Amount Contractor's Cost Breakdown of Service to be Provided Award Budgeted Amount Contractor's Payroll Costs \$ \$ \$ Sec. 1 Title: Subgrants, Subcontracts, Subcontracted Services Mary Sec. Supplies and Materials Other Operating Costs Capital Outlay (Subgrants Only) %) Indirect Cost ( Total Payment: \$ \$ \$ 3. Description of Professional or Consulting Service (Topic/Purpose/Service): Total Total Pre-**Contractor's Cost Breakdown of Service to be Provided #** Positions Contracted Amount Award Amount Budgeted Contractor's Payroll Costs \$ \$ \$ Title: Subgrants, Subcontracts, Subcontracted Services Supplies and Materials Other Operating Costs Capital Outlay (Subgrants Only) Indirect Cost %) ( Total Payment: \$ \$ \$ 4. Description of Professional or Consulting Service (Topic/Purpose/Service): Total Total Pre-Contractor's Cost Breakdown of Service to be Provided # Positions Amount Contracted Award Budgeted Amount Contractor's Payroll Costs \$ \$ \$ Title: Subgrants, Subcontracts, Subcontracted Services Supplies and Materials Other Operating Costs Capital Outlay (Subgrants Only) Indirect Cost (\_\_\_\_ %) Total Payment: \$ \$ \$ Subtotal: Professional and Consulting Services Greater Than or Equal to \$10,000: \$ \$ \$ in the second second second Subtotal of Professional and Contracted Services Costs Requiring Specific Approval: Subtotal of Professional and Consulting Services or Subgrants Less than \$10,000: \$114,300 Subtotal of Professional and Consulting Services Greater than or Equal to \$10,000: Remaining 6200- Professional and Contracted Services that do not require specific approval: \$35,700 Grand Total: \$150,000

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by telephone/e-mail/FAX on School Years 2010-2013		Amendment No.	-		
		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant			
	Schedule #5D - Itemize	d 6300 Supplies and Materials Costs Requi	ring Speci	fic Approval	
	Exț	pense Item Description		Pre-Award	Total Budgeted
	Technology Hardware- Not Capita	······································			
	# Type	Purpose	Quantity		
6399	2			\$	\$
	3			Ŧ	Ŧ
	4				
6200	5				
6399	Technology Software- Not Capital				
6399	Supplies and materials Associated	with Advisory Council or Committee			States - Avenue
		Total Supplies and Materials Requiring Specifi	c Approval:		
	Remaining 6300- Supplies and Materials that do not require specific approval:				1,065,210
			rand Total		1,065,210

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by telep	by telephone/e-mail/FAX on School Years 2010-2013					
by				Amendment No.		
- A 10 - 10 - 10 - 10		·····	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant			
	Schedul	e #5E - Ite	mized 6400 Other Operating Costs Requirin	g Specific A	Approval	
Expense Item Description				Pre-Award	Total Budgeted	
6411			es (includes registration fees)		\$	\$ 35,000
	Specify purpose:		development trainings, sessions and workshops.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+
6412	Travel for Student required only for n	onprofit chart				\$45,000
	Specify purpose: Educational enrichment including UIL competitions, Fine Arts, Science, Math, Reading ELA, and Social Studies					+,
6413	Stipends for Non-I	Employees (sp	ecific approval required only for nonprofit charter scho	ools)		
0413	Specify purpose:					
6419	Travel for Non-Employees (includes registration fees; does not include field trips) (specific approval required only for nonprofit charter schools)					\$25,000
			ucational Enrichment - seminars, trainings, and works			
6411/ 6419	6411/ Travel Costs for Executive Director (6411), Superintendents (6411), or Board Members (6419) 6419 (includes registration fees)					
	Specify purpose:					
6429	Actual losses whic	h could have l	peen covered by permissible insurance			
6490	Indemnification Compensation for Loss or Damage					
6490	Advisory Council/Committee Travel or Other Expenses (explain purpose of Committee on Schedule #4B-Program Description: Project Management)					
	Membership Dues	in Civic or Co	mmunity Organizations (Not allowable for University a	pplicants)		
	Specify name and purpose of organization:					
6499	Publication and Printing Costs- if reimbursed (specific approval required only for nonprofit charter schools)			ofit charter		¢10.000
	Specify purpose:	Parental No as needed	tification letters, special event programs, and other pu	blications	\$10,000	
			A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT.			
Total 64XX- Operating Costs Requiring specific approval: \$				\$115,000		
	Remai	ning 6400 -	Other Operating Costs that do not require specif	ic approval:		\$507,500
			G	irand Total	\$	\$622,500

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by te	by telephone/e-mail/FAX on School Years 201		0-2013		Amendment No.	-	
<u></u>	Texas Title I Priority Schools G		chools Grant				
	Schedule #5G - Itemized 66				less of Unit (	Cost	
		Charter Schools sponse					
	Description/P	urpose	Unit Cost	Quantity	Pre-Award	Total Budgeted	
<b>669</b>	9/15XX- Library Books and Media ( Reference Materials/Periodicals/A	udio Books/Instructional	y library)	al an an Ard Vill Al	<u>an 200 (no sector</u>	\$55,000	
	Based Videos/eBooks/Professiona				16.2		
2.	Library Books – Fiction/Non-Fictio X/15XX- Technology Hardware - Ca					\$45,000	
3	Interactive White Boards	pitalized	\$3,000	10		\$30,000	
4	Interactive Answering Systems		\$3,000	50		\$150,000	
5	Notebooks (classroom sets 30 eac	h) + 50 for Library	\$650	1352		\$878,800	
6	Teacher Laptops		\$1,500	93		\$139,500	
7	Classroom LED Projectors + 2 for	Library	\$1,000	95		\$95,000	
8	Color Printers + 2 for Library		\$1,000	95		\$95,000	
9	Plasma Screen TV's and mounts -	Classrooms	\$2,500	93		\$232,500	
10	Large Plasma Screen TV's and more		\$4,750	2		\$9,500	
11	DVD/VCR Combo's and mounts +		\$150	95		\$14,250	
12	Electronic Projection Screen - for		\$1,000	1		\$1,000	
13	Large Capacity Plotter - for Librar		\$10,500	1		\$10,500	
14	Portable Sound System with wirel		\$1,500	2		\$3,000	
66X	X/15XX- Technology Software- Cap		tin da grad			égétet i	
15						T	
16							
17							
18							
19							
20	·····						
21				L			
<u>66X</u>	X/15XX- Equipment and Furniture					-	
22	Computer desks		\$500	90		\$45,000	
23	Large Capacity Laminator		\$3,000	3		\$9,000	
24	Shelves		\$300	20		\$6,000	
25	Display Cases for Library		\$1200	5		\$6,000	
26	Storage cabinets for notebook con	nputers	\$4,250	40		\$170,000	
·	tel avendellerene fan lenerene in						
Lap	ital expenditures for improvements	to lang, puligings, or equip	ment which mat		se meir value (		
20 1	nd Total						
30				the second s		Charles and a second second	

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**SCHEDULE #6A** 

# TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

Standard Application System

GENERAL PROVISIONS & ASSURANCES

School Years 2010-2013

240901

County-District No.

# **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant**

Statement of provisions and assurances for the program(s) in this application:

## A. Terms defined: As used in these Provisions and Assurances,

- Contract means the entire document, and all of TEA's attachments, appendices, schedules (including but not limited to the General Provisions and the Special Provisions), amendments and extensions of or to the Standard Contract;
- Agency or TEA means the Texas Education Agency;
- Contractor means the party or parties to this contract other than Agency; including its or their officers, directors, employees, agents, representatives, consultants and subcontractors, and subcontractors' officers, directors, employees, agents, representatives and consultants;
- Project Administrator means the person representing Agency or Contractor, as indicated by the contract, for the purposes of administering the contract project;
- Contract Project means the purpose intended to be achieved through the contract of which these Provisions and Assurances are a part;
- Applicant means the same as Contractor;
- SAS means the Standard Application System of which the application document is a part;
- "Application" means the entire package submitted by the Applicant including the schedules contained in the application and so indicated on the General Information page of the application package;
- Amendment means an application that is revised in budget categories and/or in program activities. It includes both the
  original application and any subsequent amendments; or extensions thereto;
- Works means all tangible or intangible material, products, ideas, documents or works of authorship prepared or created by Contractor for or on behalf of TEA at any time after the beginning date of the Contract (Works includes but is not limited to computer software, data, information, images, illustrations, designs, graphics, drawings, educational materials, assessment forms, testing materials, logos, trademarks, patentable materials, etc.); and,
- Intellectual Property Rights means the worldwide intangible legal rights or interests evidenced by or embodied in: (a) any idea, design, concept, method, process, technique, apparatus, invention, discovery, or improvement, including any patents, trade secrets, and know-how; (b) any work of authorship, including any copyrights, moral rights or neighboring rights; (c) any trademark, service mark, trade dress, trade name, or other indicia of source or origin; (d) domain name registrations; and (e) any other similar rights. The Intellectual Property Rights of a party include all worldwide intangible legal rights or interests that the party may have acquired by assignment or license with the right to grant sublicenses.
- Grant means the same as Contract;
- Grantee means the same as Contractor;
- Grantor means the same as Agency; and
- DCC means the Document Control Center of Agency.
- **B. Contingency:** This contract is executed by Agency subject to the availability of funds appropriated by legislative act for the purposes stated. All amendments and/or extensions or subsequent contracts entered into for the same or continued purposes are executed contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds. Notwithstanding any other provision in this contract or any other document, this contract is void upon appropriated funds becoming unavailable. In addition, this contract may be terminated by Agency at any time for any reason upon notice to Contractor. Expenditures and/or activities for which Contractor may claim reimbursement shall not be accrued or claimed subsequent to receipt of such notice from Agency. This contract may be extended or otherwise amended only by formal written amendment properly executed by both Agency and Contractor. No other agreement, written or oral, purporting to alter or amend this contract shall be valid.
- **C. Contractor's Application:** Furnished to Agency in response to a request for application, is incorporated in this contract by reference for all necessary purposes. It is specifically provided, however, that the provisions of this contract shall prevail in all cases of conflict arising from the terms of Contractor's application whether such application is a written part of this contract or is attached as a separate document.
- **D. Requirements, Terms, Conditions, and Assurances:** Which are stated in the Request for Application, in response to which Applicant is submitting this application, are incorporated herein by reference for all purposes although the current General Provisions shall prevail in the event of conflict. The instructions to the Standard Application System, as well as the General and Fiscal Guidelines and Program Guidelines, are incorporated herein by reference.

	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	
SCHEDULE #6A – cont.		
GENERAL PROVISIONS &	Standard Application System	
ASSURANCES		240901
	School Years 2010-2013	County-District No.
	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	

- **E.** Signature Authority; Final Expression; Superseding Document: Applicant certifies that the person signing this application has been properly delegated this authority. The Contract represents the final and complete expression of the terms of agreement between the parties. The Contract supersedes any previous understandings or negotiations between the parties. Any representations, oral statements, promises or warranties that differ from the Contract shall have no force or effect. The Contract may be modified, amended or extended only by formal written amendment properly executed by both TEA and Contractor.
- **F. State of Texas Laws:** In the conduct of the contract project, Contractor shall be subject to Texas State Board of Education and Commissioner rules pertaining to this contract and the contract project and to the laws of the State of Texas governing this contract and the contract project. This contract constitutes the entire agreement between Agency and Contractor for the accomplishment of the contract project. This contract shall be interpreted according to the laws of the State of Texas except as may be otherwise provided for in this contract.
- **G. Monitoring**: Desk reviews or on-site monitoring reviews may be conducted by Agency to determine compliance with the approved application and the applicable statute(s), law(s), regulations, and guidelines.
- H. Sanctions for Failure to Perform or for Noncompliance: If Contractor, in Agency's sole determination, fails or refuses for any reason to comply with or perform any of its obligations under this contract, Agency may impose such sanctions as it may deem appropriate. This includes but is not limited to the withholding of payments to Contractor until Contractor complies; the cancellation, termination, or suspension of this contract in whole or in part; and the seeking of other remedies as may be provided by this contract or by law. Any cancellation, termination, or suspension of this contract, if imposed, shall become effective at the close of business on the day of Contractor's receipt of written notice thereof from Agency.
- I. Contract Cancellation, etc.: If this contract is canceled, terminated, or suspended by Agency prior to its expiration date, the reasonable monetary value of services properly performed by Contractor pursuant to this contract prior to such cancellation, termination or suspension shall be determined by Agency and paid to Contractor as soon as reasonably possible.

#### J. Indemnification:

**For local educational agencies (LEAs), regional education service centers (ESCs), and institutions of higher education (IHEs) and state agencies:** Contractor, to the extent permitted by law, shall hold Agency harmless from and shall indemnify Agency against any and all claims, demands, and causes of action of whatever kind or nature asserted by any third party and occurring or in any way incident to, arising from, or in connection with, any acts of Contractor, its agents, employees, and subcontractors, done in the conduct of the contract project.

**For all other grantees, subgrantees, contractors, and subcontractors, including nonprofit organizations and forprofit businesses:** Contractor shall hold Agency harmless from and shall indemnify Agency against any and all claims, demands, and causes of action of whatever kind or nature asserted by any third party and occurring or in any way incident to, arising from, or in connection with, any acts of Contractor, its agents, employees, and subcontractors, done in the conduct of the contract project.

K. Encumbrances/Obligations: All encumbrances/obligations shall occur on or between the beginning and ending dates of the contract. All goods must be received and all services rendered and subsequently liquidated (recorded as an expenditure or accounts payable) within the contract dates. In no manner shall encumbrances be considered or reflected as accounts payable or as expenditures, and an encumbrance cannot be considered an expenditure or accounts payable until the goods have been received and the services have been rendered. Obligations that are liquidated and recognized as expenditures must meet the allowable cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, A-21, or A-122 (as applicable) and program rules, regulations, and guidelines contained elsewhere. This applies to all grant programs, including state and federal, discretionary and formula.

SCHEDULE	#6A -	- cont.
GENERAL PE	ROVISI	ONS &

ASSURANCES

## TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

Standard Application System

240901

School Years 2010-2013

County-District No.

#### **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant**

- L. Financial Management and Accounting: Grantee assures it will maintain a financial management system that complies with federal standards established in 34 CFR 80.20 and 74.21 and that provides for accurate, current, and complete disclosure of the financial results of each grant project. The financial management system records will identify adequately the source and application of funds and will contain information pertaining to grant awards, authorizations, obligations, unobligated balances, assets, outlays (i.e., expenditures), income, and interest. Fiscal control and accounting procedures will permit the tracing of funds to a level of expenditure adequate to establish that funds have been used in accordance with the approved grant application. The applicant agrees to maintain effective control over and accountability for all funds, property, and other assets. Public school districts, open enrollment charter schools, and regional education service centers in Texas must comply with the accounting requirements in the Financial Accounting and Reporting (FAR) module of the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*, Texas Education Agency (34 CFR 74.21; 34 CFR 80.20; TEA *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*).
- M. Expenditure Reports: Contractor shall submit expenditure reports in the time and manner requested by Agency as specified in the instructions to the Standard Application System (SAS) which are incorporated by reference. Unless otherwise specified, interim reports are due to TEA within 15 days after the end of each reporting period. Unless otherwise specified, the final expenditure report is due within 30 days after the ending date of the grant. Revised expenditure reports, where the grantee is claiming additional expenditures beyond that originally requested, must be submitted within 60 days after the ending date of the grant, or as specified in the applicable Program Guidelines.
- N. Refunds Due to TEA: If Agency determines that Agency is due a refund of money paid to Contractor pursuant to this contract, Contractor shall pay the money due to Agency within 30 days of Contractor's receipt of written notice that such money is due to Agency. If Contractor fails to make timely payment, Agency may obtain such money from Contractor by any means permitted by law, including but not limited to offset, counterclaim, cancellation, termination, suspension, total withholding, and/or disapproval of all or any subsequent applications for said funds.
- **O. Records Retention:** Contractor shall maintain its records and accounts in a manner which shall assure a full accounting for all funds received and expended by Contractor in connection with the contract project. These records and accounts shall be retained by Contractor and made available for programmatic or financial audit by Agency and by others authorized by law or regulation to make such an audit for a period of not less than five years from the date of completion of the contract project or the date of the receipt by Agency of Contractor's final claim for payment or final expenditure report in connection with this contract, whichever is later. If an audit has been announced, the records shall be retained until such audit has been completed.

Contractor understands that acceptance of funds under this contract acts as acceptance of the authority of the State Auditor's office, or any successor agency, to conduct an audit or investigation in connection with those funds. Contractor further agrees to cooperate fully with the State Auditor's Office or its successor in the conduct of the audit or investigation, including providing all records requested. Contractor will ensure that this clause concerning the authority to audit funds received indirectly by subcontractors through Contractor and the requirements to cooperate is included in any subcontract it awards.

- P. Time and Effort Recordkeeping: For those personnel whose salaries are prorated between or among different funding sources, time and effort records will be maintained by Applicant that will confirm the services provided within each funding source. Applicant must adjust payroll records and expenditures based on this documentation. This requirement applies to all projects, regardless of funding source, unless otherwise specified. For federally funded projects, time and effort records must be in accordance with the requirements in the applicable OMB cost principles.
- **Q.** Forms, Assurances, and Reports: Contractor shall timely make and file with the proper authorities all forms, assurances and reports required by federal laws and regulations. Agency shall be responsible for reporting to the proper authorities any failure by Contractor to comply with the foregoing laws and regulations coming to Agency's attention, and may deny payment or recover payments made by Agency to Contractor in the event of Contractor's failure so to comply.
- **R. Intellectual Property Ownership**: Contractor agrees that all Works are, upon creation, works made for hire and the sole property of TEA. If the Works are, under applicable law, not considered works made for hire, Contractor hereby assigns to TEA all worldwide ownership of all rights, including the Intellectual Property Rights, in the Works, without the necessity of any further consideration, and TEA can obtain and hold in its own name all such rights to the Works. Contractor agrees to maintain written agreements with all officers, directors, employees, agents, representatives and subcontractors engaged by Contractor for the Contract Project, granting Contractor rights sufficient to support the performance and grant of rights to TEA by Contractor. Copies of such agreements shall be provided to TEA promptly upon request.

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	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	
SCHEDULE #6A - cont.		
GENERAL PROVISIONS &	Standard Application System	
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#### **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant**

Contractor warrants that (i) it has the authority to grant the rights herein granted, (ii) it has not assigned or transferred any right, title, or interest to the Works or Intellectual Property Rights that would conflict with its obligations under the Contract, and Contractor will not enter into any such agreements, and (iii) the Works will be original and will not infringe any intellectual property rights of any other person or entity. These warranties will survive the termination of the Contract. If any preexisting rights are embodied in the Works, Contractor grants to TEA the irrevocable, perpetual, non-exclusive, worldwide, royalty-free right and license to (i) use, execute, reproduce, display, perform, distribute copies of, and prepare derivative works based upon such preexisting rights and any derivative works thereof and (ii) authorize others to do any or all of the foregoing. Contractor agrees to notify TEA on delivery of the Works if they include any such preexisting rights. On request, Contractor will provide TEA with documentation indicating a third party's written approval for Contractor to use any preexisting rights that may be embodied or reflected in the Works.

**For School Districts and Nonprofit Organizations**: The foregoing Intellectual Property Ownership provisions apply to any school districts, nonprofit organizations, and their employees, agents, representatives, consultants and subcontractors. If a school district or nonprofit organization or any of its subcontractor(s) wish to obtain a license agreement to use, advertise, offer for sale, sell, distribute, publicly display, publicly perform or reproduce the Works, or make derivative works from the Works, then express written permission must first be obtained from the TEA Copyright Office.

**For Education Service Centers (ESCs)**: The foregoing Intellectual Property Ownership provisions apply to an Education Service Center (ESC) and its employees, agents, representatives, consultants, and subcontractors. If an ESC or any of its subcontractor(s) wish to obtain a license agreement to use, advertise, offer for sale, sell, distribute, publicly display, publicly perform or reproduce the Works, or make derivative works from the Works, then express written permission must first be obtained from the TEA Copyright Office.

**For Colleges and Universities**: The foregoing Intellectual Property Ownership provisions apply to any colleges and universities and their employees, agents, representatives, consultants, and subcontractors; provided, that for all Works and derivative works created or conceived by colleges or universities under the Contract, they are granted a non-exclusive, non-transferable, royalty-free license to use the Works for their own academic and educational purposes only. The license for academic and educational purposes specifically excludes advertising, offering for sale, selling, distributing, publicly displaying, publicly performing, or reproducing the Works, or making derivative works from the Works that are created or conceived under this Contract and colleges and universities and their employees, agents, representatives, consultants, and subcontractors are prohibited from engaging in these uses and activities with regard to the Works unless the prior express written permission of the TEA Copyright Office is obtained.

**S. Unfair Business Practices: Unfair Business Practices**: By signing this Contract, Contractor, if other than a state agency, certifies that Contractor, within the preceding 12 months, has not been found guilty, in a judicial or state agency administrative proceeding, of unfair business practices. Contractor, if other than a state agency, also certifies that no officer of its company has, within the preceding 12 months, served as an officer in another company which has been found, in a judicial or state agency administrative proceeding, to be guilty of unfair business practices.

Contractor, whether a state agency or not a state agency, certifies that no funds provided under this Contract shall be used to purchase supplies, equipment, or services from any companies found to be guilty of unfair business practices within 12 months from the determination of guilt.

- **T. Subcontracting:** Contractor shall not assign or subcontract any of its rights or responsibilities under this contract, except as may be otherwise provided for in this application, without prior formal written amendment to this contract properly executed by both Agency and Contractor.
- **U. Use of Consultants:** Notwithstanding any other provision of this application, Applicant shall not use or pay any consultant in the conduct of this application if the services to be rendered by any such consultant can be provided by Applicant's employees.
- V. Capital Outlay: If Contractor purchases capital outlay (furniture and/or equipment) to accomplish the objective(s) of the project, title will remain with Contractor for the period of the contract. Agency reserves the right to transfer capital outlay items for contract noncompliance during the contract period or as needed after the ending date of the contract. This provision applies to any and all furniture and/or equipment regardless of unit price and how the item is classified in Contractor's accounting record.

SCHEDULE	#6A – cont.	
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ASSURANCES

# TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

**Standard Application System** 

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#### **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant**

- **W. Agency Property (terms):** In the event of loss, damage or destruction of any property owned by or loaned by Agency while in the custody or control of Contractor, its employees, agents, consultants or subcontractors, Contractor shall indemnify Agency and pay to Agency the full value of or the full cost of repair or replacement of such property, whichever is the greater, within 30 days of Contractor's receipt of written notice of Agency's determination of the amount due. This applies whether the property is developed or purchased by Contractor pursuant to this contract or is provided by Agency to Contractor for use in the contract project. If Contractor fails to make timely payment, Agency may obtain such money from Contractor by any means permitted by law, including but not limited to offset or counterclaim against any money otherwise due to Contractor by Agency.
- X. **Travel Costs:** Amounts authorized for maximum recovery for travel and per diem costs against any state or federal funding source are restricted to those amounts which are approved in the State of Texas Appropriations Bill in effect for the particular funding period. Any amount over this limit must come from local funding sources. Applicant must recover funds at a lesser rate if local policy amounts are less than the maximum allowed by the state. Out-of-state travel may not exceed the federal government rate for the locale. Travel allowances are not allowable costs.
- Y. Funds for Religious Worship, Instruction: No funds will be used to pay for religious worship, instruction, or proselytization, or for any equipment or supplies for such, or for any construction, remodeling, repair, operation, or maintenance of any facility or part of a facility to be used for religious worship, instruction, or proselytization (34 CFR 76.532 and P. L. 107-110, section 9505).
- Z. Disclosure of Gifts and Campaign Contributions: The grantee shall file disclosures of gifts and campaign contributions as required by State Board of Education Operating Rule 4.3, which is incorporated as if set out in full. The grantee has a continuing obligation to make disclosures through the term of the contract. Failure to comply with State Board of Education Operating Rule 4.3 is grounds for canceling the grant.
- AA. Submission of Audit Reports to TEA: Grantees which are public school districts and open enrollment charter schools agree to submit the required annual audit report, including the reporting package required under OMB Circular A-133, if an audit is required to be conducted in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, to the TEA Division of School Financial Audits in the time and manner requested by the Agency.

Grantees which are **nonprofit organizations (other than charter schools) and universities/colleges** that expend \$500,000 or more total in federal awards in any fiscal year and are thus required to conduct a Single Audit or programspecific audit in accordance with the requirements in OMB Circular A-133, agree to submit a copy of such audit to TEA when the schedule of findings and questioned costs disclosed audit findings relating to any federal awards provided by TEA. A copy of such audit shall also be submitted to TEA if the summary schedule of prior audit findings reported the status of any audit findings relating to any federal awards provided by TEA.

A **nonprofit organization or university/college** grantee shall provide written notification to TEA that an audit was conducted in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 when the schedule of findings and questioned costs disclosed no audit findings related to any federal awards provided by TEA or when the summary schedule of prior audit findings did not report on the status of any prior audit findings related to any federal awards provided by TEA. Nonprofit organizations (other than charter schools) and universities/colleges shall submit the audit report to the TEA Division of Discretionary Grants. Audit reports must be submitted to TEA within 30 days of receipt of the report from the auditor. Failure to submit a copy of the audit to TEA could result in a reduction of funds paid to the grantee, a refund to TEA, termination of the grant, and/or ineligibility to receive additional grant awards from TEA.

- **BB. Federal Rules, Laws, and Regulations That Apply to all Federal Programs:** Contractor shall be subject to and shall abide by all federal laws, rules and regulations pertaining to the contract project, including but not limited to:
  - 1. Americans With Disabilities Act, P. L. 101-336, 42 U.S.C. sec. 12101, and the regulations effectuating its provisions contained in 28 CFR Parts 35 and 36, 29 CFR Part 1630, and 47 CFR Parts 0 and 64;
  - 2. **Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964**, as amended (prohibition of discrimination by race, color, or national origin), and the regulations effectuating its provisions contained in 34 CFR Part 100;
  - Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended (prohibition of sex discrimination in educational institutions) and the regulations effectuating its provisions contained in 34 CFR Part 106, if Contractor is an educational institution;
  - 4. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (nondiscrimination on the basis of handicapping condition), and the regulations effectuating its provisions contained in 34 CFR Part 104 and 105;

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	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	
5 the Age Discrimination Ac	t of 1975 as amended (prohibition of discrimination or	hasis of age) and any regulations

- the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (prohibition of discrimination on basis of age), and any regulations issued thereunder, including the provisions contained in 34 CFR Part 110;
   the Family Educational Picture and Privacy Act (FERPA) of 1975, as amended (ansure access to educational).
- the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) of 1975, as amended (ensures access to educational records for students and parents while protecting the privacy of such records), and any regulations issued thereunder, including Privacy Rights of Parents and Students (34 CFR Part 99), if Contractor is an educational institution (20 USC 1232g);
- 7. Section 509 of H.R. 5233 as incorporated by reference in P. L. 99-500 and P. L. 99-591 (**prohibition against the use** of federal grant funds to influence legislation pending before Congress);
- 8. Pro-Children Act of 2001, which states that no person shall permit smoking within any indoor facility owned or leased or contracted and utilized for the provision of routine or regular kindergarten, elementary, or secondary education or library services to children [P. L. 107-110, Section 4303(a)]. In addition, no person shall permit smoking within any indoor facility (or portion of such a facility) owned or leased or contracted and utilized for the provision of regular or routine health care or day care or early childhood development (Head Start) services [P. L. 107-110, Section 4303(b)(1)]. Any failure to comply with a prohibition in this Act shall be considered to be a violation of this Act and any person subject to such prohibition who commits such violation may be liable to the United States for a civil penalty, as determined by the Secretary of Education (P. L. 107-110, Section 4303(e)(1)].
- Fair Labor Standards Act (29 USC 207), Davis Bacon Act (40 USC 276(a), and Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 USC 327 et seq.), as applicable, and their implementing regulations in 29 CFR 500-899, 29 CFR Parts 1,3,5, and 7, and 29 CFR Parts 5 and 1926, respectively.
- 10. **Buy America Act**: Contractor certifies that it is in compliance with the Buy America Act in that each end product purchased under any federally funded supply contract exceeding \$2,500 is considered to have been substantially produced or manufactured in the United States. End products exempt from this requirement are those for which the cost would be unreasonable, products manufactured in the U. S. that are not of satisfactory quality, or products for which the agency head determines that domestic preference would be inconsistent with the public interest. Contractor also certifies that documentation will be maintained that documents compliance with this requirement (FAR 25.1-.2).
- P.L. 103-227, Title X, Miscellaneous Provisions of the GOALS 2000: Educate America Act; P.L. 103-382, Title XIV, General Provisions of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as amended; and General Education Provisions Act, as amended.

# **CC.** Federal Regulations Applicable to All Federal Programs:

- For Local Educational Agencies (LEAs): 28 CFR 35 Subparts A-E, 28 CFR 36 Subparts C & D, Appendix A, 29 CFR 1630, 34 CFR 75 or 76 as applicable, 77, 79, 80, 81, 82, 85, 97, 98, 99, 104, 47 CFR 0 and 64, and OMB Circulars A-87 (Cost Principles), A-133 (Audits), and A-102 (Uniform Administrative Requirements);
- For Education Service Centers (ESCs): 28 CFR 35 Subparts A-E, 28 CFR 36 Subparts C & D, Appendix A, 29 CFR 1630, 34 CFR 75 or 76 as applicable, 77, 79, 80, 81, 82, 85, 97, 98, 99, 104, 47 CFR 0 and 64, and OMB Circulars A-87 (Cost Principles), A-133 (Audits), and A-102 (Uniform Administrative Requirements);
- For Institutions of Higher Education (IHEs): 28 CFR 35 Subparts A-E, 28 CFR 36 Subparts C & D, Appendix A, 29 CFR 1630, 34 CFR 74, 77, 79, 81, 82, 85, 86, 97, 98, 99, 104, 47 CFR 0 and 64, and OMB Circulars A-21 (Cost Principles), A-133 (Audits), and A-110 (Uniform Administrative Requirements);
- 4. For Nonprofit Organizations: 28 CFR 35 Subparts A-E, 28 CFR 36 Subparts C & D, Appendix A, 29 CFR 1630, 34 CFR 74, 77, 79, 81, 82, 85, 97, 98, 99, 104, 47 CFR 0 and 64, and OMB Circulars A-122 (Cost Principles), A-133 (Audits), and A-110 (Uniform Administrative Requirements);
- For State Agencies: 28 CFR 35 Subparts A-E, 28 CFR 36 Subparts C & D, Appendix A, 29 CFR 1630, 34 CFR 76, 80, 81, 82, 85, 97, 98, 99, 104, 47 CFR 0 and 64, OMB Circulars A-87 (Cost Principles), A-133 (Audits), and A-102 (Uniform Administrative Requirements); and
- 6. For Commercial (for-profit) Organizations: 29 CFR 1630 and 48 CFR Part 31.

## DD.General Education Provisions Act (GEPA), as Amended, <u>Applicable to All Federal Programs Funded or</u> <u>Administered Through or By the U. S. Department of Education</u>:

 Participation in Planning: Applicant will provide reasonable opportunities for the participation by teachers, parents, and other interested parties, organizations, and individuals in the planning for and operation of each program described in this application (20 USC 1232(e)).

#### SCHEDULE #6A – cont.

## **TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY**

#### Standard Application System

GENERAL PROVISIONS & ASSURANCES

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County-District No.

## **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant**

- Availability of Information: Any application, evaluation, periodic program plan, or report relating to each program described in this application will be made readily available to parents and other members of the general public (20 USC 1232(e)).
- 3. Sharing of Information: Contractor certifies that it has adopted effective procedures for acquiring and disseminating to teachers and administrators participating in each program described in this application significant information from educational research, demonstrations, and similar projects, and for adopting, where appropriate, promising educational practices developed through such projects (20 USC 1232(e)).
- 4. Prohibition of Funds for Busing: The applicant certifies that no federal funds (except for funds appropriated specifically for this purpose) will be used for the transportation of students or teachers (or for the purchase of equipment for such transportation) in order to overcome racial imbalance in any school or school system, or for the transportation of students or teachers (or for the purchase of equipment for such transportation) in order to overcome racial imbalance in any school or school system, or for the transportation of students or teachers (or for the purchase of equipment for such transportation) in order to carry out a plan of racial desegregation of any school or school system (20 USC 1228).
- 5. Direct Financial Benefit: Contractor certifies that funds expended under any federal program will not be used to acquire equipment (including computer software) in any instance in which such acquisition results in a direct financial benefit to any organization representing the interests of the purchasing entity or its employees or any affiliate of such an organization [20 USC 1232(b)(8)].
- **EE. Payment for Services:** Payment for service(s) described in this Contract is contingent upon satisfactory completion of the service(s). Satisfaction will be determined by TEA's Project Administrator, in his sole discretion but in accordance with reasonable standards and upon advice of his superiors in TEA, if necessary.
- **FF. Family Code Applicability:** By signing this Contract, Contractor, if other than a state agency, certifies that under Section 231.006, Family Code, that Contractor is not ineligible to receive payment under this Contract and acknowledges that this Contract may be terminated and payment may be withheld if this certification is inaccurate. TEA reserves the right to terminate this Contract if Contractor is found to be ineligible to receive payment. If Contractor is found to be ineligible to receive payment. If Contractor is found to be ineligible to receive payment. If contractor is found to be ineligible to receive payment and the Contract is terminated, Contractor is liable to TEA for attorney's fees, the costs necessary to complete the Contract, including the cost of advertising and awarding a second contract, and any other damages or relief provided by law or equity.
- **GG. Interpretation**: In the case of conflicts arising in the interpretation of wording and/or meaning of various sections, parts, Appendices, General Provisions, Special Provisions, Exhibits, and Attachments or other documents, the TEA Contract and its General Provisions, Appendices and Special Provisions shall take precedence over all other documents which are a part of this contract.
- **HH.** Registered Lobbyists: No state or federal funds transferred to a contractor/grantee may be used to hire a registered lobbyist.
- II. Test Administration and Security: This contract is executed by Agency subject to assurance by Contractor that it has at all times been and shall remain in full compliance with Title 19, Texas Administrative Code Chapter 101, and all requirements and procedures for maintaining test security specified in any test administration materials in the possession or control of Contractor, or any school, campus, or program operated by Contractor. Notwithstanding any other provision in this contract or any other document, this contract is void upon notice by Agency, in its sole discretion, that Contractor or any school, campus, or program operated by Contractor has at any time committed a material violation of Title 19, Texas Administrative Code Chapter 101, or any requirement or procedure for maintaining test security specified in any test administration materials in the possession or control of Contractor, or any school, campus or program operated by Contractor, or any school, campus, or program operated by Contractor has at any time committed a material violation of Title 19, Texas Administrative Code Chapter 101, or any requirement or procedure for maintaining test security specified in any test administration materials in the possession or control of Contractor, or any school, campus, or program operated by Contractor. Expenditures and/or activities for which Contractor may claim reimbursement shall not be accrued or claimed subsequent to receipt of such notice from Agency.
- **JJ. Social Security Numbers**: Social Security numbers will not be provided by TEA as a part of this agreement. TEA is not requiring or requesting school districts or other grantees to provide Social Security numbers as a part of this agreement.
- **KK. Student-identifying Information**: Contractor agrees that in executing tasks on behalf of TEA, Contractor will not use any student-identifying information in any way that violates the provisions of FERPA and will destroy or return all student-identifying information to TEA within thirty (30) days of project completion.

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LL. High-Risk Status, Special Conditions, and Enforcement Actions: Pursuant to the provisions in 34 CFR 80.12 and 74.14, a grantee may be identified by TEA as high-risk if the grantee has a history of unsatisfactory performance; is not financially stable; has a financial management system that does not meet federal financial management standards or the requirements in TEA's Financial Accounting and Reporting (FAR) module; has not conformed to terms and conditions of previous awards; or is otherwise not responsible. TEA may impose one or more special conditions or restrictions on a high-risk grantee, including payment on a reimbursement basis; withholding authority to proceed to the next phase until receipt of evidence of acceptable performance within a given funding period; requiring additional, more detailed financial reports; additional project monitoring; requiring the grantee to obtain technical or management assistance; establishing additional prior approvals; or other conditions that may be legally available. A grantee identified as high-risk status and special conditions.

Pursuant to the provisions in 34 CFR 80.43 and 74.62, if a grantee materially fails to comply with any term of an award, whether stated in a federal statute or regulation, an assurance, in a grant application, or elsewhere, TEA may take one or more of the following enforcement actions as appropriate in the circumstances: temporarily withhold cash payments pending correction of the deficiency or more severe enforcement action; disallow all or part of the cost of an activity or action not in compliance; wholly or partly suspend or terminate the current award; withhold further awards for the program; or take other remedies that may be legally available. If an enforcement action is imposed, the grantee will be notified in writing by TEA of the actions imposed and the process for remedying the noncompliance or removing the enforcement actions.

TEA reserves the right to not award a discretionary grant to a high-risk grantee or to a grantee that is materially noncompliant with the terms and conditions of another award.

#### Rev. 03/2010

The signing of Schedule #1 - General Information by applicant indicates acceptance of and compliance with all requirements described on this schedule.

SCHEDULE #6 B

# TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

Standard Application System

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion—Lower Tier Covered Transactions

## School Years 2010-2013

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#### **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant**

This certification is required by the Department of Education regulations implementing Executive Order 12549, Debarment and Suspension, 34 CFR Part 85, for all lower tier transactions meeting the threshold and tier requirements stated at Section 85.11.

Terms defined: As used in these Provisions and Assurances

- "Covered Transaction"— A transaction under Federal non-procurement programs, which can be either a primary covered transaction or a lower tier covered transaction.
- "Lower Tier Covered Transaction"— (1) Any transaction between a participant and a person other than a procurement contract for goods or services, regardless of type, under a primary covered transaction; (2) Any procurement contract for goods or services between a participant and a person, regardless of type, expected to equal or exceed the Federal procurement small purchase threshold of \$25,000; (3) Any procurement contract for goods or services between a participant and a person under a covered transaction, regardless of amount.
- "Participant"- Any person who submits a proposal for, enters into, or reasonably may be expected to enter into a covered transaction, including an agent or representative of another participant.
- "Principal"— An officer, director, owner, partner, principal investigator, or other person within a participant with
  management or supervisory responsibilities related to a covered transaction; or a consultant or other person, whether or
  not employed by the participant or paid with Federal funds, who (1) is in a position to handle Federal funds; (2) is in a
  position to influence or control the use of those funds; or (3) occupies a technical or professional position capable of
  substantially influencing the development or outcome of an activity required to perform the covered transaction.
- "Excluded Parties List System (EPLS)"— The list maintained and disseminated by the General Services Administration (GSA) containing names and other information about persons who are ineligible.
- "Debarment"— Action taken by a debarring official (Federal agency) to exclude a person (recipient) from participating in covered transactions.
- "Suspension"— An action taken that immediately prohibits a person from participating in covered transactions for a temporary period, pending completion of an agency investigation and any judicial or administrative proceedings that may ensue.
- "Ineligible" generally refers to a person who is either excluded or disqualified.
- "Person"— Any individual, corporation, partnership, association, unit of government or legal entity, however organized, except: foreign governments or foreign governmental entities, public international organizations, foreign government owned (in whole or in part) or controlled entities, and entities consisting wholly or partially of foreign governments or foreign governmental entities.
- "Proposal"—A solicited or unsolicited bid, application, request, invitation to consider or similar communication by or on behalf of a person seeking to participate or to receive a benefit, directly or indirectly, in or under a covered transaction.
- "Voluntarily Excluded"—A status of nonparticipation or limited participation in covered transactions assumed by a person pursuant to the terms of a settlement.
- 1. By signing SAS Schedule #1 and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- 2. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- 3. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to whom this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- 4. The terms "covered transaction", "debarred", "suspended", "ineligible", "lower tier covered transaction", "participant", " person", "primary covered transaction", "principal", "proposal", and "voluntarily excluded", as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- 5. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion—Lower Tier Covered Transactions

# TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

#### Standard Application System School Years 2010-2013

Required for all federal grants regardless of the dollar amount

240901

County-District No.

#### **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant**

- 6. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility, and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- 7. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may but is not required to, check the Non-procurement List.
- 8. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 9. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 5 of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

#### Certification

- (1) The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by signature on SAS Schedule #1 and by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals are presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
- (2) Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

ED 80-0014, 9/90 (Replaces GCS-009 (REV.12/88), which is obsolete)

68 FR 66544, 66611, 66612, 66613, 66614, November 26, 2003

As amended by the Texas Education Agency (04/02)

The signing of Schedule #1--General Information by applicant indicates acceptance of all requirements described on this schedule.

SCHEDULE #6C.

Lobbying Certification

TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

Standard Application System School Years 2010-2013

greater than \$100,000.

Required for all federally funded grants

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County-District No.

**Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant** 

Submission of this certification covers all federal programs in this application, is required by the U. S. Department of Education and Section 1352, Title 31, of the United States Code, and is a prerequisite for making or entering into a subgrant or subcontract over \$100,000 with any organization. (Read instructions for this schedule for further information.)

The applicant certifies by signature on Schedule #1 - General Information, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- (1) No federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the making of any federal grant, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any federal grant or cooperative agreement.
- (2) If any funds other than federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this federal grant or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form - LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities," in accordance with its instructions. (See Schedule #6D - Disclosure of Lobbying Activities.)
- (3) The applicant shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subgrants, contracts under grants and cooperative agreements, and subcontracts) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact on which the U. S. Department of Education and the Texas Education Agency relied when they made or entered into this grant or contract. Any organization that fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

Dept. of Education form #ED 80-0008 As amended by the Texas Education Agency 11/89 03/90

The signing of Schedule #1--General Information by applicant indicates acceptance of all requirements described on this schedule.

	TEXAS EDUCAT	ION AGENCY			
SCHEDULE #6D -	Standard Appli	cation System			
Disclosure of Lobbying Activities	School Years	2010-2013	-	240901	
				nty-District No.	
	Texas Title I Priori	ty Schools Grant			
Complete this form to disclose lobbying activities for lobbying services procured (pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352). This disclosure form is required for any federal grant/contract received in excess of \$100,000 and on any subgrant/subcontract made by the grantee/contractor. (Read the instructions for this schedule for further informati <b>Do not sign and submit this disclosure form unless lobbying activities are being disclosed.</b>			ny further information.)		
Federal Program:					
Name:					
1. Type of Federal Action	2. Status of Federal A	Action:	3. Report Type:		
B a. Contract b. Grant	A a. Bid/C b. Initia c. Post-		A a. Initia b. Mate	al filing erial change	
			For Material Chan	ge Only:	
				Year:	
			Date of last	Quarter: Report:	
4. Name and Address of Reporting En	tity:	5. If Reporting Entity and Address of Pri	in No. 4 is Suba	awardee, Enter Name	
Subawardee		Texas Education Agency 1701 N. Congress Avenue Austin, Texas 78701			
Tier (if known):					
Congressional District (if known):		Congressional District	(if known):	2 <b>9</b>	
6. Federal Department/Agency:		7. Federal Program Name/Description:			
		CFDA Number, if applicable:			
8. Federal Action Number, if known:		9. Award Amount, if k \$	nown:		
		<b>10. b. Individuals Performing Services</b> (including address if different from No. 10a; last name, first name, MI):			
	(Attach Continuation Sh	eet(s), if necessary	)		
	[ITEMS 11-15	REMOVED]		D	
16. Information requested through this for U.S.C. Section 1352. This disclosure of representation of fact upon which reli	of lobbying activities is a mate	h	scol		
when this transaction was made or er required pursuant to 31 U.S.C 1352.	ntered into. This disclosure is	Name.	Scott, Robert	<u>s</u>	
to the Congress semi-annually and wi	ll be available for public	Title.	Grant Writer/	Research Analyst	
inspection. Any person who fails to fi subject to a civil penalty of not less th \$100,000 for each such failure.		n Telephone#			
Federal Use Only:		:	956-795-3394	Date: 5-21-10 Standard Form LLL	
i cuerar ose only.				Stanuard Form LLL	

SCHEDULE #6E

# **TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY**

#### Standard Application System

NCLB ACT PROVISIONS & ASSURANCES

School Years 2010-2013

**Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant** 

The following special provisions apply to all programs funded under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as amended by P. L. 107-110, No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act of 2001. By signing Schedule #1 of this SAS, the applicant is assuring it is in compliance with the following provisions:

- A. Each such program will be administered in accordance with all applicable statutes, regulations, program plans, and applications.
- **B.** The control of funds provided under each such program and title to property acquired with program funds will be in a public agency or in a nonprofit private agency, institution, organization, or Indian tribe, if the law authorizing the program provides for assistance to such entities.
- **C.** The public agency, nonprofit private agency, institution, or organization, or Indian tribe will administer such funds and property to the extent required by the authorizing statutes.
- D. The applicant will adopt and use proper methods of administering each such program, including the enforcement of any obligations imposed by law on agencies, institutions, organizations, and other recipients responsible for carrying out each program and the correction of deficiencies in program operations that are identified through audits, monitoring, or evaluation.
- **E.** The applicant will cooperate in carrying out any evaluation of each such program conducted by or for the Texas Education Agency, the Secretary of Education or other federal officials.
- F. The applicant will use such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures as will ensure proper disbursement of, and accounting for, federal funds paid to such applicant under each such program.
- **G.** The applicant will submit such reports to the Texas Education Agency (which shall make the reports available to the Governor) and the Secretary of Education, as the Texas Education Agency and the Secretary of Education may require to enable the Texas Education Agency and the Secretary of Education to perform their duties under each such program.
- H. The applicant will maintain such records, provide such information, and afford access to the records as the Agency (after consultation with the Governor) or the Secretary may find necessary to carry out the Agency's or the Secretary's duties.
- I. Before the application was submitted, the applicant afforded a reasonable opportunity for public comment on the application and has considered such comment.
- J. Gun-Free Schools Act: The local education agency assures that it is in compliance with Section 37.007(e) of the Texas Education Code, which requires expulsion of a student who brings to school or possesses at school a firearm as defined by 18 U.S.C. Section 2891 [pursuant to the requirements in P. L. 107-110, Section 4141(d)(1)]. In addition, the local educational agency certifies that it has a policy requiring referral to the criminal justice or juvenile delinquency system of any student who brings a firearm or weapon to school [P. L. 107-110, Section 4141(h)(1)].
- K. Student Records Transfer: The local educational agency shall ensure that a student's records and, if applicable, a student's individualized education program as defined in section 602(11) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, are transferred to a charter school upon the transfer of the student to the charter school, and to another public school upon the transfer of the student from a charter school to another public school, in accordance with applicable state law (P. L. 107-110, section 5208).
- L. Consolidation of Administrative Funds: A local educational agency, with the approval of TEA, may consolidate and use for the administration of one or more programs under the No Child Left Behind Act not more than the percentage, established in each program, of the total available for the local educational agency under those programs. A local educational agency that consolidates administrative funds shall not use any other funds under the programs included in the consolidation for administration for that fiscal year. Consolidated administrative funds shall be used for the administration of the programs covered and may be used for coordination of these programs with other federal and non-federal programs and for dissemination of information regarding model programs and practices.
- M. Privacy of Assessment Results: Any results from an individual assessment referred to in the No Child Left Behind Act of a student that become part of the education records of the student shall have the protections provided in section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act [P. L. 107-110, section 9523 and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) of 1975, as amended].

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	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	
SCHEDULE #6E - cont.		-
NCLB ACT PROVISIONS &	Standard Application System	
ASSURANCES	School Years 2010-2013	240901
	School rears 2010-2015	County-District No.
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- N. School Prayer: The local educational agency certifies that it is in compliance with Section 25.901 of the Texas Education Code. In addition, as a condition of receiving funds under the No Child Left Behind Act, the local educational agency certifies that no policy of the local educational agency prevents, or otherwise denies participation in, constitutionally protected prayer in public elementary schools and secondary schools, as detailed in the guidance provided by the U. S. Secretary of Education pertaining to such. The state educational agency shall report to the Secretary of Education each year a list of those local educational agencies that have not filed this assurance or against which complaints have been made to the State educational agency that the local educational agencies are not in compliance with this requirement (P. L. 107-110, section 9524(b).
- O. Equal Access to Public Schools Facilities Boy Scouts of America Equal Access Act: No public elementary school, public secondary school or local educational agency that has a designated open forum or a limited public forum and that receives funds made available from the U.S. Department of Education shall deny equal access or a fair opportunity to meet, or to discriminate against, any group officially affiliated with the Boy Scouts of America, or any other youth group listed in Title 36 of the United States Code (as a patriotic society), that wishes to conduct a meeting within that designated open forum or limited public forum, including denying such access or opportunity or discriminating for reasons based on the membership or leadership criteria or oath of allegiance to God and country of the Boy Scouts of America or of the youth group listed in Title 36 of the United States Code (as a patriotic society). For the purposes of this section, an elementary school or secondary school has a limited public forum whenever the school involved grants an offering to, or opportunity for, one or more outside youth or community groups to meet on school premises or in school facilities before or after the hours during which attendance at the school is compulsory. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require any school, agency, or a school served by an agency to sponsor any group officially affiliated with the Boy Scouts of America, or any other youth group listed in Title 36 of the United States Code (as a patriotic society). Compliance with this provision will be enforced through rules and orders issued by the Office for Civil Rights. If the public school or agency does not comply with the rules or orders, no funds made available through the Department of Education shall be provided by a school that fails to comply with such rules or orders or to any agency or school served by an agency that fails to comply with such rules or orders (P. L. 107-110, section 9525).
- P. General Prohibitions: None of the funds authorized under the No Child Left Behind Act shall be used to develop or distribute materials, or operate programs or courses of instruction directed at youth, that are designed to promote or encourage sexual activity, whether homosexual or heterosexual; to distribute or to aid in the distribution by any organization of legally obscene materials to minors on school grounds; to provide sex education or HIV-prevention education in schools that instruction is age appropriate and includes the health benefits of abstinence; or to operate a program of contraceptive distribution in schools (P. L. 107-110, section 9526).
- Q. Armed Forces Recruiter Access to Students and Student Recruiting Information: In accordance with guidance issued by the U. S. Department of Education, each local educational agency receiving assistance under the No Child Left Behind Act shall provide, on a request made by military recruiters or an institution of higher education, access to secondary school students names, address, and telephone listings, upon prior written consent of a student or the parent of a student. A secondary school student or the parent of the student may request that the student's name, address, and telephone listing not be released without prior written parental consent, and the local educational or private nonprofit school shall notify parents of the option to make a request and shall comply with any request. Each local educational agency receiving assistance under the No Child Left Behind Act shall provide military recruiters the same access to secondary school students as is provided generally to post secondary educational institutions or to prospective employers of those students (P. L. 107-110, section 9528).
- **R. Unsafe School Choice Option**: The local educational agency certifies that it shall establish and implement a policy requiring that a student attending a persistently dangerous public elementary school or secondary school, as determined by the Texas Education Agency, or who becomes a victim of a violent criminal offense, while in or on the grounds of a public elementary or secondary school that the student attends, be allowed to attend a safe public elementary or secondary school within the local educational agency, including a public charter school (P. L. 107-110, section 9532).
- S. Civil Rights: Nothing in the No Child Left Behind Act shall be construed to permit discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex (except as otherwise permitted under Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972), national origin, or disability in any program funded under the No Child Left Behind Act (P. L. 107-110, section 9534).

SCHEDULE	#6E -	cont.
NCLB ACT P	ROVIS	IONS &

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# **TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY**

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# Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

T. Student Privacy, Parental Access to Information, and Administration of Certain Physical Examinations to Minors: The local educational agency assures that it is in compliance with Chapter 26 of the Texas Education Code concerning parental rights and responsibilities. In addition, the local educational agency receiving funds under the No Child Left Behind Act certifies that it shall develop and adopt policies, in consultation with parents, regarding certain rights of a parent to access and inspect information; student privacy; the administration of physical examinations or screenings (except for examinations or screenings required by state law); and the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information collected from students for the purpose of marketing or selling that information. The local educational agency also assures that it is in compliance with the requirements for annually notifying parents of such policies and specific events (P. L. 107-110, Title X, Part F, section 1061).

# **U.** Assurances related to the **education of homeless children and youths**:

- (1) The LEA assures that each child of a homeless individual and each homeless youth shall have equal access to the same free, appropriate public education, including a public preschool education, as provided to other children and youth.
- (2) The LEA assures that homeless children and youth are afforded the same free, appropriate public education as provided to other children and youth.
- (3) The LEA assures that it will review and undertake steps to revise any laws, regulations, practices, or policies that may act as a barrier to the enrollment, attendance, or success in school of homeless children and youth.
- (4) The LEA assures that it will not separate students from the mainstream school environment on the basis of homelessness alone.
- (5) The LEA assures that homeless children and youth have access to the education and other services that they need to in order to meet the same challenging State student academic achievement standards to which all students are held.
- V. **Definitions**: The following terms shall be defined as follows for programs authorized and carried out under the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001:
  - 1. **Charter School:** An open enrollment charter school receiving federal funds of any type must meet the federal definition of a charter school as provided in P. L. 107-110, Section 5210(1). The term "charter school" means a school that:
    - (A) is created by a developer as a public school, or is adapted by a developer from an existing public school, and is **operated under public supervision and control**;
    - (B) operates in pursuit of a specific set of educational objectives determined by the school's developer and agreed to by the authorized public chartering agency [i.e., the State Board of Education (SBOE)];
    - (C) provides a program of elementary or secondary education, or both;
    - (D) is nonsectarian in its programs, admissions policies, employment practices, and all other operations, and is not affiliated with a sectarian school or religious instruction;
    - (E) does not charge tuition;
    - (F) complies with the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and Part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act;
    - (G) is a school to which parents choose to send their children, and that **admits students on the basis of a lottery, if more students apply for admission than can be accommodated;**
    - (H) agrees to comply with the same Federal and State audit requirements as do other elementary schools and secondary schools in the State, unless such requirements are specifically waived for the purpose of this program;
    - (I) meets all applicable Federal, State, and local health and safety requirements;
    - (J) operates in accordance with State law; and
    - (K) has a written performance contract with the authorized public chartering agency in the State (i.e., SBOE) that includes a description of how student performance will be measured pursuant to State assessments that are required of other schools and pursuant to any other assessments mutually agreeable to the SBOE.
  - Community-Based Organization: A public or private nonprofit organization of demonstrated effectiveness that is
    representative of a community or significant segment of a community and that provides educational or related services
    to individuals in the community.
  - 3. **Core Academic Subjects**: English, reading or language arts, mathematics, science, foreign languages, civics and government, economics, art, history, and geography.

ASSURANCES

# TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

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School Years 2010-2013

# **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant**

# 4. Highly Qualified:

- (A) when used with respect to any public elementary school or secondary school teacher teaching in a State, means that-
  - (i) the teacher has obtained full State certification as a teacher (including certification obtained through alternative routes to certification) or passed the State teacher licensing examination, and holds a license to teach in such State, except that when used with respect to any teacher teaching in a public charter school, the term means that the teacher meets the requirements set forth in the State's public charter school law; and
  - (ii) the teacher has not had certification or licensure requirements waived on an emergency, temporary, or provisional basis;
- (B) when used with respect to-
  - (i) an elementary school teacher who is new to the profession, means that the teacher-
    - (I) holds at least a bachelor's degree; and
      - (II) has demonstrated, by passing a rigorous State test, subject knowledge and teaching skills in reading, writing, mathematics, and other areas of the basic elementary school curriculum (which may consist of passing a State-required certification or licensing test or tests in reading, writing, mathematics, and other areas of the basic elementary school curriculum); or
  - a middle or secondary school teacher who is new to the profession, means that the teacher holds at least a bachelor's degree and has demonstrated a high level of competency in each of the academic subjects in which the teacher teaches by-
    - passing a rigorous State academic subject test in each of the academic subjects in which the teacher teaches (which may consist of a passing level of performance on a State-required certification or licensing test or tests in each of the academic subjects in which the teacher teaches); or
    - (II) successful completion, in each of the academic subjects in which the teacher teaches, of an academic major, a graduate degree, coursework equivalent to an undergraduate academic major, or advanced certification or credentialing; and
- (C) when used with respect to an elementary, middle, or secondary school teacher who is not new to the profession, means that the teacher holds at least a bachelor's degree and-
  - (i) has met the applicable standard in clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (B), which includes an option for a test; or
  - (ii) demonstrates competence in all the academic subjects in which the teacher teaches based on a high objective uniform State standard of evaluation that-
    - (I) is set by the State for both grade appropriate academic subject matter knowledge and teaching skills;
       (II) is aligned with challenging State academic content and student academic achievement standards and
    - developed in consultation with core content specialists, teachers, principals, and school administrators;
       (III) provides objective, coherent information about the teacher's attainment of core content knowledge in the academic subjects in which a teacher teaches;
    - (IV) is applied uniformly to all teachers in the same academic subject and the same grade level throughout the State;
    - (V) takes into consideration, but not be based primarily on, the time the teacher has been teaching in the academic subject;
    - (VI) is made available to the public upon request; and
    - (VII) may involve multiple, objective measures of teacher competency.
- 5. **Parental Involvement**: The participation of parents in regular, two-way and meaningful communication involving student academic learning and other school activities, including ensuring:
  - (A) that parents play an integral role in assisting their child's learning;
  - (B) that parents are encouraged to be actively involved in their child's education at school;
  - (C) that parents are full partners in their child's education and are included, as appropriate, in decision making and on advisory committees to assist in the education of their child; and
  - (D) the carrying out of other activities, such as those described in section 1118 of P. L. 107-110.

SCHEDULE	#6E –	cont.
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# **TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY**

# Standard Application System

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- 6. Professional Development includes activities that:
  - (A) improve and increase teachers' knowledge of the academic subjects the teachers teach, and enable teachers to become highly qualified;
  - (B) are an integral part of broad schoolwide and districtwide educational improvement plans;
  - (C) give teachers, principals, and administrators the knowledge and skills to provide the students with the opportunity to meet challenging State academic content standards and student academic achievement standards;
  - (D) improve classroom management skills;
  - (E) are high quality, sustained, intensive, and classroom-focused in order to have a positive and lasting impact on classroom instruction and the teacher's performance in the classroom and are not one-day or short-term workshops or conferences;
  - (F) support the recruiting, hiring, and training of highly qualified teachers, including teachers who became highly qualified through State and local alternative routes to certification;
  - (G) advance teacher understanding of effective instructional strategies that are:
  - (H) based on scientifically based research (except for programs under Title II, Part D, Enhancing Education Through Technology of this Act); and
  - (I) strategies for improving student academic achievement or substantially increasing the knowledge and teaching skills of teachers; and
  - (J) are aligned with and directly related to State academic content standards, student academic achievement standards, and assessments and the curricula and programs tied to the standards;
  - (K) are developed with extensive participation of teachers, principals, parents, and administrators of schools to be served under this Act;
  - (L) are designed to give teachers of limited English proficient children, and other teachers and instructional staff, the knowledge and skills to provide instruction and appropriate language and academic support services to those children, including the appropriate use of curricula an assessments;
  - (M) to the extent appropriate, provide training for teachers and principals in the use of technology so that technology and technology applications are effectively used in the classroom to improve teaching and learning in the curricula and core academic subjects in which the teachers teach;
  - (N) as a whole, are regularly evaluated for their impact on increased teacher effectiveness and improved student
  - academic achievement with the findings of the evaluations used to improve the quality of professional development; (O) provide instruction in methods of teaching children with special needs;
  - (P) include instruction in the use of data and assessments to inform and instruct classroom practice;
  - (Q) include instruction in ways that teachers, principals, pupil services personnel, and school administrators may work more effectively with parents; and
  - (R) may include activities that:
    - (i) involve the forming of partnerships with institutions of higher education to establish school-based teacher training programs that provide prospective teachers and beginning teachers with an opportunity to work under the guidance of experienced teachers and college faculty;
    - (ii) create programs to enable paraprofessionals (assisting teachers employed by an LEA receiving assistance under Title I Part A) to obtain the education necessary for those paraprofessionals to become certified and licensed teachers; and
    - (iii) provide follow-up training to teachers who have participated in activities described previously in this definition that are designed to ensure that the knowledge and skills learned by the teachers are implemented in the classroom.

# 7. Scientifically Based Research:

- (A) means research that involves the application of rigorous, systematic, and objective procedures to obtain reliable and valid knowledge relevant to education activities and programs; and
- (B) includes research that:
  - (i) employs systematic, empirical methods that draw on observation or experiment;
  - (ii) involves rigorous data analyses that are adequate to test the stated hypotheses and justify the general conclusions drawn;
  - (iii) relies on measurements or observational methods that provide reliable and valid data across evaluators and observers, across multiple measurements and observations, and across studies by the same or different investigators;

SCHEDULE #6E - con	t.
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NCLB ACT PROVISIONS & ASSURANCES

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- (iv) relies on measurements or observational methods that provide reliable and valid data across evaluators and observers, across multiple measurements and observations, and across studies by the same or different investigators;
- (v) is evaluated using experimental or quasi-experimental designs in which individuals, entities, programs, or activities are assigned to different conditions and with appropriate controls to evaluate the effects of the condition of interest, with a preference for random-assignment experiments, or other designs to the extent that those designs contain within-condition or across-condition controls;
- (vi) ensures that experimental studies are presented in sufficient detail and clarity to allow for replication or, at a minimum, offer the opportunity to build systematically on their findings; and
- (vii)has been accepted by a peer-reviewed journal or approved by a panel of independent experts through a comparably rigorous, objective, and scientific review.

### 8. Teacher Mentoring: Activities that-

- (A) consist of structured guidance and regular and ongoing support for teachers, especially beginning teachers, that-
  - (i) are designed to help the teachers continue to improve their practice of teaching and to develop their instructional skills; and part of an ongoing developmental induction process that-
    - (I) involves the assistance of an exemplary teacher and other appropriate individuals from a school, local educational agency, or institution of higher education; and
    - (II) may include coaching, classroom observation, team teaching, and reduced teaching loads; and
    - (III) may include the establishment of a partnership by a local educational agency with an institution of higher education.
- 9. Technology: State-of-the-art technology products and services.
- W. ESEA Performance Goals, Indicators, and Performance Reporting: The LEA assures it has adopted the five performance goals and the related performance indicators established by the U. S. Department of Education and as submitted in the *Texas Consolidated State Application for Funds Under the No Child Left Behind Act*. The LEA also assures that it will develop and implement procedures for collecting data related to the performance indicators where such data is not already collected through the Academic Excellence Indicator System (AEIS) or PEIMS and that it will report such data to the Agency in the time and manner requested.
- X. Transfer of School Disciplinary Records: The LEA assures it has a procedure in place to transfer disciplinary records, with respect to a suspension or expulsion, to any private or public elementary school or secondary school for any student who is enrolled or seeks, intends, or is instructed to enroll, on a full- or part-time basis, in the school. This requirement shall not apply to any disciplinary records with respect to a suspension or expulsion that are transferred from a private, parochial or other nonpublic school, person, institution, or other entity, that provides education below the college level (P. L. 107-110, section 4155).

### Revised 03/03

The signing of Schedule #1 - General Information by applicant indicates acceptance of and compliance with all requirements described on this schedule.

# SCHEDULE #6F

& ASSURANCES

# TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

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# **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant**

# **Federal Statutory Requirements**

PROGRAM-SPECIFIC PROVISIONS

- 1) The LEA must demonstrate that the LEA has analyzed the needs of each school and selected an intervention for each school.
- 2) The LEA must demonstrate that it has the capacity to use these grant funds to provide adequate resources and related support to each Tier campus identified in the LEA's application in order to implement, fully and effectively, the required activities of the school intervention model it has selected.
- If the LEA is not applying to serve each Tier I school (through a separate application for each campus), the LEA must explain why it lacks capacity to serve each Tier I school.
- 4) The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to design and implement interventions consistent with the final federal requirements, including the services the campus will receive or the activities the campus will implement.
- 5) The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to recruit, screen, and select external providers, if applicable, to ensure their quality.
- 6) The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to align other resources with the interventions.
- 7) The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to modify its practices or policies, if necessary, to enable its schools to implement the interventions fully and effectively.
- 8) The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to sustain the reforms after the funding period ends.
- 9) The LEA must include a timeline delineating the steps it will take to implement the selected intervention in each campus.
- 10) The LEA must describe the annual goals for student achievement on the State's assessments in both reading/language arts and mathematics that it has established in order to monitor its Tier I and Tier II schools that receive school improvement funds.
- 11) As appropriate, the LEA must consult with relevant stakeholders regarding the LEA's application and implementation of school improvement models on its campus.
- 12) Applicant provides assurance that financial assistance provided under the grant program will supplement, and not supplant, the amount of state and local funds allocated to the campus.
- 13) Applicant provides assurance that it will use its School Improvement Grant to implement fully and effectively an intervention in each Tier I and Tier II school that the LEA commits to serve consistent with the final federal requirements.
- 14) Applicant provides assurance that it will establish annual goals for student achievement on the State's assessments in both reading/language arts and mathematics and measure progress on the leading indicators in section III of the final federal requirements in order to monitor each Tier I and Tier II school that it serves with school improvement funds, and establish goals (approved by the TEA) to hold accountable its Tier III schools that receive grant funds.
- 15) Applicant provides assurance that it will, if it implements a restart model in a Tier I or Tier II school, include in its contract or agreement terms and provisions to hold the charter operator, charter management organization (CMO), or education management organization (EMO) accountable for complying with the final federal requirements.
- 16) Applicant provides assurance that it will report to the TEA the school-level data required under section III of the final federal requirements.
- 17) If the LEA/campus selects to implement the **turnaround model**, the campus **must** implement the following federal requirements.
  - Replace the principal and grant the principal sufficient operational flexibility (including in staffing, calendars/time, and budgeting) to implement fully a comprehensive approach in order to substantially improve student achievement outcomes and increase high school graduation rates;
  - b. Using locally adopted competencies to measure the effectiveness of staff who can work within the turnaround environment to meet the needs of students;
    - 1. Screen all existing staff and rehire no more than 50 percent; and
    - 2. Select new staff.
  - c. Implement such strategies as financial incentives, increased opportunities for promotion and career growth, and more flexible work conditions that are designed to recruit, place, and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students in the turnaround school;
  - d. Provide staff ongoing, high-quality, job-embedded professional development that is aligned with the school's comprehensive instructional program and designed with school staff to ensure that they are equipped to facilitate effective teaching and learning and have the capacity to successfully implement school reform strategies;
  - e. Adopt a new governance structure, which may include, but is not limited to, requiring the school to report to a

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#### **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant** new "turnaround office" in the LEA or SEA, hire a "turnaround leader" who reports directly to the Superintendent or Chief Academic Officer, or enter into a multi-year contract with the LEA or SEA to obtain added flexibility in exchange for greater accountability; f. Use data to identify and implement an instructional program that is research-based and vertically aligned from one grade to the next as well as aligned with State academic standards; g. Promote the continuous use of student data (such as from formative, interim, and summative assessments) to inform and differentiate instruction in order to meet the academic needs of individual students; h. Establish schedules and implement strategies that provide increased learning time (as defined in this notice); and Provide appropriate social-emotional and community-oriented services and supports for students. i. If the LEA/campus selects to implement the turnaround model, the campus may implement the following federal 18) requirements. 1. Any of the required and permissible activities under the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model: or 2. A new school model (e.g., themed, dual language academy). 19) If the LEA/campus selects to implement the school closure model, the campus must implement the following requirement.

- a. Enroll the students who attended that school in other schools in the LEA that are higher achieving within reasonable proximity to the closed school and may include, but are not limited to, charter schools or new schools for which achievement data are not yet available.
- b. A grant for school closure is a one-year grant without the possibility of continued funding.
- If the LEA/campus selects to implement the <u>restart model</u>, the campus must implement the following federal requirements.
  - a. Convert or close and reopen the school under a charter school operator, a charter management organization (CMO), or an education management organization (EMO) that has been selected through a rigorous review process. A CMO is a non-profit organization that operates or manages charter schools by centralizing or sharing certain functions and resources among schools. An EMO is a for-profit or non-profit organization that provides "whole-school operation" services to an LEA.
  - b. Enroll, within the grades it serves, any former student who wishes to attend the school.

- 21) If the LEA/campus selects to implement the <u>Transformation to Educational Excellence Model</u>, the campus **must** implement the following federal requirements.
  - 1. Develop and increase teacher and school leader effectiveness.
    - (A) Replace the principal who led the school prior to commencement of the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model;
    - (B) Use rigorous, transparent, and equitable evaluation systems for teachers and principals that--
      - (1) Take into account data on student growth as a significant factor as well as other factors such as multiple observation-based assessments of performance and ongoing collections of professional practice reflective of student achievement and increased high school graduation rates; and
      - (2) Are designed and developed with teacher and principal involvement;
    - (C) Identify and reward school leaders, teachers, and other staff who, in implementing this model, have increased student achievement and high school graduation rates and identify and remove those who, after ample opportunities have been provided for them to improve their professional practice, have not done so;
    - (D) Provide staff ongoing, high-quality, job-embedded professional development (e.g., regarding subject-specific pedagogy, instruction that reflects a deeper understanding of the community served by the school, or differentiated instruction) that is aligned with the school's comprehensive instructional program and designed with school staff to ensure they are equipped to facilitate effective teaching and learning and have the capacity to successfully implement school reform strategies; and
    - (E) Implement such strategies as financial incentives, increased opportunities for promotion and career growth, and more flexible work conditions that are designed to recruit, place, and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students in a Transformation to Educational Excellence Model school.
  - 2. Comprehensive instructional reform strategies.
    - (A) Use data to identify and implement an instructional program that is research-based and vertically aligned from one grade to the next as well as aligned with State academic standards; and
    - (B) Promote the continuous use of student data (such as from formative, interim, and summative assessments) to inform and differentiate instruction in order to meet the academic needs of

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- individual students.
- 3. Increasing learning time and creating community-oriented schools.
  - (A) Establish schedules and strategies that provide increased learning time; and
  - (B) Provide ongoing mechanisms for family and community engagement.
- 4. Providing operational flexibility and sustained support.
  - (A) Give the school sufficient operational flexibility (such as staffing, calendars/time, and budgeting) to implement fully a comprehensive approach to substantially improve student achievement outcomes and increase high school graduation rates; and
  - (B) Ensure that the school receives ongoing, intensive technical assistance and related support from the LEA, the SEA, or a designated external lead partner organization (such as a school turnaround organization or an EMO).
- 22) An LEA may also implement other strategies to develop teachers' and school leaders' effectiveness, such as--
  - (A) Provide additional compensation to attract and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students in a Transformation to Educational Excellence Model school;
  - (B) Institute a system for measuring changes in instructional practices resulting from professional development; or
  - (C) Ensure that the school is not required to accept a teacher without the mutual consent of the teacher and principal, regardless of the teacher's seniority.
- 23) An LEA may also implement comprehensive instructional reform strategies, such as--
  - (A) Conduct periodic reviews to ensure that the curriculum is being implemented with fidelity, is having the intended impact on student achievement, and is modified if ineffective;
  - (B) Implement a schoolwide "response-to-intervention" model;
  - (C) Provide additional supports and professional development to teachers and principals in order to implement effective strategies to support students with disabilities in the least restrictive environment and to ensure that limited English proficient students acquire language skills to master academic content;
  - (D) Use and integrate technology-based supports and interventions as part of the instructional program; and
  - (E) In secondary schools--
    - (1) Increase rigor by offering opportunities for students to enroll in advanced coursework (such as Advanced Placement; International Baccalaureate; or science, technology, engineering, and mathematics courses, especially those that incorporate rigorous and relevant project-, inquiry-, or design-based contextual learning opportunities), earlycollege high schools, dual enrollment programs, or thematic learning academies that prepare students for college and careers, including by providing appropriate supports designed to ensure that low-achieving students can take advantage of these programs and coursework;
    - (2) Improve student transition from middle to high school through summer transition programs or freshman academies;
    - (3) Increase graduation rates through, for example, credit-recovery programs, reengagement strategies, smaller learning communities, competency-based instruction and performance-based assessments, and acceleration of basic reading and mathematics skills; or
    - (4) Establish early-warning systems to identify students who may be at risk of failing to achieve to high standards or graduate.
- 24) An LEA **may** also implement other strategies that extend learning time and create community-oriented schools, such as--

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			with parents and parent organizations, faith- and	
			clinics, other State or local agencies, and others to tudents' social, emotional, and health needs;	create safe school environments that
	(B) Extend or restructure the school day so as to add time for such strategies as advisory periods that build relationships between students, faculty, and other school staff;			
	(C) Implement approaches to improve school climate and discipline, such as implementing a			
	system of positive behavioral supports or taking steps to eliminate bullying and student harassment; or			eliminate bullying and student
			I the school program to offer full-day kindergarten	
25) The LEA may also implement other strategies for providing operational flexibility and intensive support, such as				
			he school to be run under a new governance arran	gement, such as a turnaround
			within the LEA or SEA; or	is unjobted based on student poods
	<b>(B)</b>	Implem	nent a per-pupil school-based budget formula that	is weighted based off schuenc needs.
Statut	ory Program Assurances	S		
1)			at financial assistance provided under the grant print local funds allocated to the campus.	ogram will supplement, and not
2)			at it will use its School Improvement Grant to impl	ement fully and effectively an
			ier II school that the LEA commits to serve consist	
3)	Applicant provides assura	ance tha	at it will establish annual goals for student achieve	ment on the State's assessments in

- 3) Applicant provides assurance that it will establish annual goals for student achievement on the State's assessments in both reading/language arts and mathematics and measure progress on the leading indicators in section III of the final federal requirements in order to monitor each Tier I and Tier II school that it serves with school improvement funds, and establish goals (approved by the TEA) to hold accountable its Tier III schools that receive school improvement funds.
- 4) Applicant provides assurance that it will, if it implements a restart model in a Tier I or Tier II school, include in its contract or agreement terms and provisions to hold the charter operator, charter management organization, or education management organization accountable for complying with the final federal requirements.
- 5) Applicant provides assurance that it will report to the TEA the school-level data required under section III of the final federal requirements.
- 6) Applicant provides assurance that it will participate in any evaluation of the grant conducted by the U.S. Department of Education, including its contractors, or the Texas Education Agency, including its contractors.

### **TEA Program Assurances**

- Before full implementation funds are made available, the grantee must demonstrate that all early implementation activities have been completed. Successful completion of the early implementation will be measured in the <u>Quarterly Implementation Reports</u>, the <u>Model Selection and Description Report</u>, and through participation in TEA technical assistance. Copies of the above named reports can be found on the TTIPS website at the following link: http://www.tea.state.tx.us/index4.aspx?id=7354&menu\_id=798
  - a. The Model Selection and Description Report must be submitted to TEA no later than <u>February 1, 2011</u>. This report may be submitted at any time prior to the deadline. Grantees must demonstrate successful completion of the following activities:
    - i. Comprehensive Needs Assessment process.
    - ii. Establish the grant budget by the required categories.
    - ili. Identification and Selection of the intervention model.
    - iv. Development of activities to implement selected intervention model.
    - v. Development of Timeline of Grant Activities.
- 2) The applicant provides assurance that the LEA will designate an individual or office with primary responsibilities for supporting the LEA/campus' school improvement efforts. This individual/office will have primary responsibility and authority for ensuring the effective implementation of the grant option approved by TEA; serve as the district liaison to TEA and those providing technical assistance and/or contracted service to the LEA/campus as part of the approved grant.
- 3) The applicant provides assurance that a team from the grantee LEA/campus will attend and participate in grant orientation meetings, technical assistance meetings, other periodic meetings of grantees, the Texas School Improvement Conference, and sharing of best practices.

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4)	For LEAs selecting the TEA Designed Model, the applicant must participate in and make use of technical assistance and
	coaching support provided by TEA, SIRC, and/or its subcontractors.
5)	The applicant will establish or provide evidence of a system of formative assessment aligned to the Texas Essential
	Knowledge and Skills which provides robust, targeted data to evaluate the effectiveness of the LEA's curriculum and its
	alignment with instruction occurring on the campus; assesses progress on student groups' academic achievement at the
	campus level; and guide instructional decisions by teachers for individual students.
6)	The applicant will participate in a formative assessment of the LEA's capacity and commitment to carry out the grant
	intervention models.
7)	The applicant will provide access for onsite visits to the LEA and campus by TEA, SIRC and its contractors.
8)	The applicant, if selecting the Restart Model, agrees to contract only with CMO or EMO providers on the State's
	approved list of CMO and EMO providers.
9)	The applicant, if selecting the Turnaround Model or Transformation to Educational Excellence Model (Tiers I and Tiers
	II only) agrees to the participation of the campus principal or principal candidates in a formative assessment of their
	turnaround leadership capacity.
10)	If the LEA/Tier III campus selects to implement the Educational Excellence Model, the campus assures that it will it
	implement the following federal requirements.
	1. Develop and increase teacher and school leader effectiveness.
	A. Evaluate the effectiveness of the current principal and use the results of the evaluation to determine whether the
	principal should be replaced, be retained on the campus, or be provided leadership coaching or training.
	B.Identify and reward school leaders, teachers, and other staff who, in implementing this model, have increased
	student achievement and high school graduation rates and identify and remove those who, after ample
	opportunities have been provided for them to improve their professional practice, have not done so;
	C.Provide staff ongoing, high-quality, job-embedded professional development (e.g., regarding subject-specific
	pedagogy, instruction that reflects a deeper understanding of the community served by the school, or
	differentiated instruction) that is aligned with the school's comprehensive instructional program and designed with
	school staff to ensure they are equipped to facilitate effective teaching and learning and have the capacity to
	successfully implement school reform strategies; and
	D.Implement such strategies as financial incentives, increased opportunities for promotion and career growth, and
	more flexible work conditions that are designed to recruit, place, and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet
	the needs of the students in a Transformation to Educational Excellence Model school based on rigorous,
	transparent, and equitable evaluation systems for teachers and principals:
	1. Takes into account data on student growth as a a factor as well as other factors such as multiple
	observation-based assessments of student performance and ongoing collections of professional
	practice reflective of student achievement and increased high school graduation rates; and
	2. Are designed and developed and with teacher and principal involvement
	2. Comprehensive instructional reform strategies.
	A. Use data to identify and implement an instructional program that is research-based and vertically aligned from
	one grade to the next as well as aligned with State academic standards; and
	B. Promote the continuous use of student data (such as from formative, interim, and summative assessments) to
	inform and differentiate instruction in order to meet the academic needs of individual students.
	<ol> <li>Increasing learning time and creating community-oriented schools.</li> <li>Establish schedules and strategies that provide increased learning times and</li> </ol>
	A. Establish schedules and strategies that provide increased learning time; and
	B. Provide ongoing mechanisms for family and community engagement.

- 4. Providing operational flexibility and sustained support.
  - A. Give the school sufficient operational flexibility (such as staffing, calendars/time, and budgeting) to implement fully a comprehensive approach to substantially improve student achievement outcomes and increase high school graduation rates; and
  - B. Ensure that the school receives ongoing, intensive technical assistance and related support from the LEA, the SEA, or a designated external lead partner organization (such as a school turnaround organization or an EMO).
- 11) An LEA may also implement other strategies to develop teachers' and school leaders' effectiveness, such as--
  - A. Provide additional compensation to attract and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students in a Transformation to Educational Excellence Model school;
  - B. Institute a system for measuring changes in instructional practices resulting from professional development; or
  - C. Ensure that the school is not required to accept a teacher without the mutual consent of the teacher and principal, regardless of the teacher's seniority.

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12) An IEA	may also implement of	omprehensive instructional reform strategies, such a	96
12) AN LLA A.	Conduct periodic revie	ws to ensure that the curriculum is being implement tudent achievement, and is modified if ineffective;	
В.		de "response-to-intervention" model;	
С.		ports and professional development to teachers and	principals in order to implement
	effective strategies to	support students with disabilities in the least restri- ent students acquire language skills to master acad	ctive environment and to ensure that
D.	Use and integrate tech	nology-based supports and interventions as part of	the instructional program; and
Ε.	In secondary schools-		
	<ul> <li>Placement; Interna especially those tha learning opportunit academies that pre designed to ensure</li> <li>2) Improve student tra academies;</li> <li>3) Increase graduation smaller learning con acceleration of basi</li> <li>4) Establish early-war standards or gradu</li> </ul>	fering opportunities for students to enroll in advance tional Baccalaureate; or science, technology, engine at incorporate rigorous and relevant project-, inquiry ies), early-college high schools, dual enrollment pro- pare students for college and careers, including by that low-achieving students can take advantage of ansition from middle to high school through summe in rates through, for example, credit-recovery progra- mmunities, competency-based instruction and perfor c reading and mathematics skills; or ning systems to identify students who may be at ris- ate. ther strategies that extend learning time and create	eering, and mathematics courses, y-, or design-based contextual grams, or thematic learning providing appropriate supports these programs and coursework; r transition programs or freshman ams, re-engagement strategies, prmance-based assessments, and k of failing to achieve to high
as	and a second data and a second se	the second s	
S		parent organizations, faith- and community-based and others to create safe school environments that	
Β. Ε	xtend or restructure the	e school day so as to add time for such strategies as udents, faculty, and other school staff;	s advisory periods that build
C. Iı b	mplement approaches t ehavioral supports or ta	o improve school climate and discipline, such as imp iking steps to eliminate bullying and student harass	ment; or
		am to offer full-day kindergarten or pre-kindergarte	
		ther strategies for providing operational flexibility a	
S	EA; or	under a new governance arrangement, such as a t	
		ool-based budget formula that is weighted based o	
15) The LEA	Vcampus assures TEA t	hat data to meet the following federal requirements	will be available and reported as
request	ed.		
а,	Number of minutes will	hin the school year.	
b.	Average scale scores of students" group, for ea	n State assessments in reading/language arts and ach achievement quartile, and for each subgroup.	
	or dual enrollment class	e of students completing advanced coursework (e.g. ses. (High Schools Only)	g., AP/IB), early-college high schools,
d.		es. (High Schools Only)	
	Teacher Attendance Ra		
f.	Student Completion Ra		
	Student Drop-Out Rate		
		petencies created to identify teacher strengths/wea	knesses
i.	Types of support offer	ed to teachers	
	INDOC OF OF GOIDS IS	-omnoradod protoccional doublenment ter teachers	

- j. Types of on-going, job-embedded professional development for teachers
  k. Types of on-going, job-embedded professional development for administrators
  l. Strategies to increase parent/community involvement
- m. Strategies which increase student learning time

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# **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant**

By submitting the application for American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) funds (P.L. 111-5), the applicant agrees to comply with the following provisions and assurances for all programs authorized in Division A of the ARRA, Title I School Improvement Grant (SIG). The applicant understands that failure to comply with one or more of these provisions and assurances may result in the Texas Education Agency (TEA) taking one or more enforcement actions authorized in Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) §§ 74.62 and 80.43.

In addition to the standard terms of award, all funding provided under the Recovery Act will be subject to the provisions, assurances and conditions for American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA or Recovery Act).

### Terms defined:

RECIPIENT - The term "recipient" means a State and includes the Texas Education Agency (TEA). It also includes any entity that applies for and receives a grant directly from the federal government.

RECOVERY FUNDS —The term "recovery funds" means any funds that are made available from appropriations made under the Recovery Act.

RECOVERY ACT – the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 (P.L. 111-5)

STIMULUS FUNDS – The term "stimulus funds" means any funds that are made available from appropriations under the Recovery Act; the term may be used interchangeably with "recovery funds."

GRANTEE - the subrecipient of TEA and applicant of funds.

A. One-Time Funding: Unless otherwise specified, ARRA funding is considered one-time funding that is expected to be temporary. Grantees should expend funds in ways that do not result in unsustainable continuing commitments after the funding expires. Grantees must move rapidly, while using prudent grant management practices, to develop plans for using funds, consistent with the ARRA's reporting and accountability requirements, and promptly begin spending funds to help drive the nation's economic recovery. All ARRA funds must be separately accounted for and tracked in their obligation, expenditure, and reporting.

B. Period of Availability and Encumbrances/Obligations: Unless otherwise specified in the Notice of Grant Award (NOGA), all funds are effective from the beginning date specified on the Notice of Grant Award (NOGA) through June 30, 2013. Carryover of funds will not be available beyond that date. Unobligated/unexpended funds will be returned to the Department of Treasury. The paragraph in the General Provisions pertaining to Encumbrances and Obligations applies as follows:

All encumbrances shall occur on or between the beginning and ending dates of the contract. All goods must be received and services rendered and subsequently liquidated (recorded as an expenditure or accounts payable) within the contract dates. In no manner shall encumbrances be considered or reflected as accounts payable or as expenditures. Obligations that are liquidated and recognized as expenditures must meet the allowable cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, A-21, or A-122 (as applicable) and program rules, regulations, and guidelines contained elsewhere. When an obligation is made is defined in 34 CFR 76.707.

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**C. Compliance with Other Provisions and Assurances:** All provisions and assurances stated in the General Provisions, Certification Regarding Debarment and Suspension, Lobbying Certification and Disclosure of Lobbying, No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB) Special Provisions and Assurances, and all other program-specific provisions and assurances apply unless they conflict or are superseded by the following terms and conditions implementing the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) requirements below. This includes compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972; the Age Discrimination Act of 1975; and all other nondiscrimination provisions. It also includes Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (prohibiting race, color, national origin, religion, and sex discrimination in employment; the Americans with Disabilities Act (prohibiting disability discrimination in employment and in services provided by entities receiving federal funds); as well as any other applicable civil rights laws. **By submitting this application, the applicant agrees to comply with all such provisions and assurances**.

**D. Compliance with Other Program Statutes:** The applicant agrees to comply with the authorizing program statutes, regulations, non-regulatory guidelines, and other guidance in the implementation of the programs receiving funding under ARRA. This includes compliance with comparability; supplement, not supplant; maintenance of effort (MOE); equitable participation for private nonprofit school students and teachers; and all other program-specific provisions and requirements. All such are hereby incorporated by reference.

**E. DUNS Number:** All entities receiving any federal funds, including ARRA funds, are required to have a DUNS (Dunn & Bradstreet) number. The DUNS number serves as the grantee organization's unique identifier for reporting federal funds received and expended. TEA must use this same DUNS number to report grant awards and expenditures for subrecipients under ARRA to the website specifically provided for in ARRA – <u>http://www.FederalReporting.gov/</u>. The assignment of a DUNS number is a condition of award of ARRA funds and must be validated by TEA prior to issuing a NOGA for ARRA funds. (Section 1512[c][4] of ARRA and the federal Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to comply with the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act [FFATA], P.L. 109-282. OMB adopted the DUNS number as the "unique identifier" required for reporting under FFATA).

**F. Central Contractor Registration (CCR):** All grantees receiving ARRA funds, as well as any other federal funds, are required to register and maintain current registration with the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database at <a href="http://www.ccr.gov">http://www.ccr.gov</a>. Registration in CCR is a condition of award of ARRA funds and must be validated by TEA prior to issuing a NOGA for ARRA funds.

**G. ARRA Reporting Requirements:** The federal Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has issued guidance related to reporting the use of ARRA funds to the various websites. The definition of terms and data elements, as well as any specific instructions for reporting, including required formats, are provided in separate guidance issued by the TEA.

The Texas Education Agency as a direct recipient of funds is required to report certain information at certain intervals throughout the grant period as required in Section 1512 of ARRA. In order to meet the reporting requirements, grantees will be required to provide certain information to TEA. By submitting this application, the grantee agrees to provide information in the form, time, and manner requested so that TEA can meet its reporting requirements and deadlines.

1. **Separate Tracking and Monitoring of ARRA Funds**: ARRA funds must be separately tracked and monitored independently of any non-Recovery Act funding. Grantees must submit certain information to TEA in order for TEA to comply with quarterly reporting requirements established in Section 1512 of the Recovery Act. Recovery Act-related reporting requirements are incorporated as a special condition of this award.

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- 3. Quarterly Reporting for ARRA: Not later than 10 calendar days after the end of each calendar quarter, TEA and any other direct recipient of ARRA funds must report to the U.S. Department of Education with regard to recovery funds received in accordance with number 4 below (Section 1512[c]). (A "direct recipient" is a state agency or any entity that applies for and receives funds directly from a federal government agency.) TEA must obtain certain
- entity that applies for and receives funds **directly** from a federal government agency.) TEA must obtain certain information from grantees in order to comply with this reporting requirement. By submitting this application, the grantee agrees to submit information to TEA in the time, form, and manner requested. **4. Data Elements for Quarterly Reporting for ARRA**: In accordance with Section 1512(c) of ARRA and the <u>Federal</u>
- 4. Data clements for Quarterly Reporting for ARRA: In accordance with Section 1512(c) of ARRA and the <u>redera</u> <u>Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-282)</u>, TEA is required to provide quarterly reports to the U.S. Department of Education or through a central government-wide portal (<u>http://www.FederalReporting.gov</u>). The information adopted by OMB contains the following data elements: submitting this application, the grantee agrees to submit the information to TEA in the time, form, and manner requested. The information may change pending final adoption by OMB.

# For each grant that equals or exceeds \$25,000 in total grant award amount:

- a. The grantee organization's DUNS number (TEA will need to collect this information from grantees)
- b. The grant award number (i.e., NOGA ID number) assigned by TEA (TEA will have this information on file)
- c. The legal name of the grantee organization (as registered in the Central Contractor Registration (CCR), if registered) (TEA will have this information on file provided it is the same legal name on file with TEA)
- d. The physical location (street address) (as listed in the CCR, if registered) (TEA will have this information on file provided it is the same street address on file with TEA)
- e. The (federal) Congressional district number
- f. The grantee organization type (i.e., independent school district, nonprofit organization, etc) (TEA will have this information on file)
- g. The total amount of the grant award (TEA will have this information on file)
- h. The total amount paid to the grantee as of date of report (TEA will have this information on file)
- i. The physical location (street address) of the primary place of performance of the grant (TEA will have this information on file provided it is the same address on file with TEA.)
- j. An evaluation (i.e., status report) of the completion status of the project or activity (for example, Not Started; Less than 50% Completed; Completed 50% or More; Fully Completed) (It is not clear at this time whether this information will need to be collected from the grantees. TEA will notify the grantee in the event status information needs to be collected.)
- k. An estimate of the number of jobs created and the number of jobs retained by the project or activity and a brief description of the types of those jobs (i.e., job titles) (TEA will need to collect this information from grantees.)
- I. The names and total compensation of the five most highly compensated officers of the grantee organization if the organization in its preceding year received 80% or more of its annual gross revenues in Federal awards and \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal awards and the public does not have access to information about the compensation of senior executives. (It is not known at this time whether this data element will be required once the data elements are finalized by OMB. If it is required in the final data elements, TEA will need to collect this information from the grantees.)

For grants that equal less than \$25,000 in total grant award amount or for grantees that in the previous tax year had gross income under \$300,000, amounts will be reported in the aggregate according to the following:

- a. The total number of grants awarded less than \$25,000 (TEA will have this information file)
- b. The total award (aggregate) amount for all grants less than \$25,000 (TEA will have this information on file)
- c. The total (aggregate) amount paid to grantees for all grants less than \$25,000 as of date of report (TEA will have this information on file)

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5. **Posting the Information on Public Website**: Not later than 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter, each federal agency, including the U.S. Department of Education, shall make the information in those reports publicly available by posting the information on the designated public website (Section 1512[d]). Grantees will not be required to post information on the public website unless they apply for and receive other ARRA grants directly from a federal government agency.

Once OMB adopts the final data reporting elements and TEA receives specific instructions for reporting, TEA will provide subsequent guidance to grantees related to required reporting information.

**H. Electronic Drawdown of ARRA Funds from TEA and Use of FAR Fund Codes**: Recipients will draw down ARRA funds on an award-specific basis. **Pooling of ARRA award funds with other funds for drawdown or other purposes is not permitted.** Recipients must account for each ARRA award separately by referencing the assigned FAR (Financial Accounting and Resource) fund code for each award.

**I. Availability of Records:** The applicant agrees to make all financial and programmatic records available in detail for inspection by TEA auditors, local independent auditors, and the offices described below.

- 1. **Examination of Records:** The Comptroller General of the United States and any of its employees, contractors, agents, representatives, or designees, may examine any records related to obligations and use by any state or local government of funds made available under ARRA. (Section 901[b]).
- 2. Access of Government Accountability Office (GAO): Each contract and each subcontract awarded using funds made available under ARRA shall provide that the Comptroller General of the United States and his representatives are authorized to examine any records of the contractor or any of its subcontractors, or any State or local agency administering such contract, that directly pertain to, and involve transactions relating to, the contract or subcontract and to interview any officer or employee of the contractor or any of its subcontractors, or of any State or local government agency administering the contract, regarding such transactions (Section 902).
- 3. Reviews by Inspector General: The inspector general of the U.S. Department of Education shall review, as appropriate, any concerns raised by the public about specific investments using funds made available in this Act. Any findings of such reviews shall be relayed immediately to the Secretary of Education. In addition, the findings of such reviews, along with any audits conducted by any inspector general of ARRA funds, shall be posted on the inspector general's website and linked to the recovery.gov website, except that portions of reports may be redacted to the extent the portions would disclose information that is protected from public disclosure under sections 552 and 552a of Title 5, United States Code (Section 1514).
- 4. Access of Offices of Inspector General to Certain Records and Employees: With respect to each contract or grant awarded using ARRA funds, any representative of an Inspector General of the U.S. Department of Education or other appropriate federal agency is authorized to examine any records of the contractor or grantee, any of its subcontractors or subgrantees, or any State or local agency administering such contract, that pertain to, and involve transactions relating to, the contract, subcontract, grant, or subgrant, and to interview any officer or employee of the contractor, grantee, subgrantee, or agency regarding such transactions (Section 1515).
- 5. Recovery Accountability and Transparency Board: Section 1521 of the ARRA establishes the Recovery Accountability and Transparency Board to coordinate and conduct oversight of ARRA funds to prevent fraud, waste, and abuse. The Board shall submit "flash reports" on potential management and funding problems that require immediate attention; quarterly reports; and annual reports to the President and Congress, including the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives, summarizing the findings on the use of ARRA funds. The Board may conduct its own independent audits and reviews of ARRA funds. All reports shall be made publicly available on the <u>www.recovery.gov</u> website established by the Board. See paragraphs J and K below with regard to reports of suspected fraud or abuse (Sections 1523 and 1524).

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6. **Recovery Independent Advisory Panel**: Section 1541 of the ARRA establishes the Recovery Independent Advisory Panel to make recommendations to the Recovery Accountability and Transparency Board on action the Board could take to prevent fraud, waste, and abuse relating to ARRA funds.

**J. Disclosure of Fraud or Misconduct:** Each grantee awarded funds made available under the ARRA shall promptly refer to the USDE Office of Inspector General any credible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, contractor, subrecipient, subcontractor, or other person has submitted a false claim under the False Claims Act or has committed a criminal or civil violation of laws pertaining to fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, gratuity, or similar misconduct involving those funds.

**K. Protection for Whistleblowers**: Section 1553 of the ARRA provides protection for State and local government and contractor whistleblowers. Any employee of any employer receiving ARRA funds may not be discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for disclosing, including a disclosure made in the ordinary course of an employee's duties, to the Recovery Accountability and Transparency Board, an inspector general, the U. S. Comptroller General, a member of Congress, a State or federal regulatory or law enforcement agency, a person with supervisory authority over the employee (or such other person working for the employer who has the authority to investigate, discover, or terminate misconduct), a court or grand jury, the head of a federal agency, or their representatives, information that the employee reasonably believes is evidence of (1) gross mismanagement of an agency contract or grant relating to ARRA funds; (2) a gross waste of ARRA funds; (3) a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety related to the implementation or use of ARRA funds; (4) an abuse of authority related to the implementation or use of ARRA funds; (4) an abuse of authority related to the implementation or use of ARRA funds; (4) an abuse of authority related to the implementation or use of ARRA funds; (4) an abuse of authority related to the implementation or use of ARRA funds; (4) an abuse of authority related to the implementation or use of ARRA funds; (4) an abuse of authority related to the implementation or use of ARRA funds; (4) an abuse of authority related to the implementation or use of a substantial to an agency contract (including the competition for or negotiation of a contract), or grant, awarded or issued relating to ARRA funds. A person who believes that he or she has been subjected to a reprisal may submit a complaint regarding the reprisal to the inspector general for the appropriate federal agency (in most cases, the U.S. Department of Education).

**L. Use of Funds:** The grantee agrees to comply with the applicable federal cost principles in the obligation and expenditure of ARRA funds as identified in the General Provisions and Assurances as well as other limitations or restrictions and expenditures identified therein. The grantee also agrees to the following:

- Consolidation of ARRA Administrative Funds: Due to the significant reporting requirements under ARRA, it is not known at this time whether grantees may consolidate ARRA administrative funds with other NCLB consolidated administrative funds. TEA will issue further guidance with regard to this provision once guidance is provided by the U.S. Department of Education. If ARRA funds are permitted to be consolidated with other NCLB consolidated administrative funds, grantees must still be able to report the types and number of jobs that were created or saved with ARRA funds.
- 2. **Combining ARRA funds on a Schoolwide Program.** ARRA funds are permitted to be used on a Title I Part A schoolwide Campus/Program, funds may be combined with other funding sources, but grantees still must be able to identify precisely the items of obligation and expenditure for ARRA reporting. You must also be able to report the types and number of jobs that were created or saved with ARRA funds.
- 3. **Special Contracting Provisions**: To the maximum extent possible, contracts funded under the ARRA shall be awarded as fixed-price contracts through the use of competitive procedures. A summary of any new contract awarded with ARRA funds that is not fixed-price and not awarded using competitive procedures shall be posted in a special section of the <u>www.recovery.gov</u> website established by the Recovery Accountability and Transparency Board (Section 1554).

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- 4. **Use of Funds for Certain Expenditures Prohibited:** ARRA funds shall not be used for any casino or other gambling establishment, aquarium, zoo, golf course, or swimming pool (Section 1604).
- 5. **Use of Funds for Construction Prohibited:** Unless specifically authorized in the applicable program statute, regulations, guidelines, Request for Application (RFA), TEA Standard Application System (SAS), the approved grant application, or other written authorization, none of the ARRA additional formula funds shall be used for construction, remodeling, or renovation.
- 6. **Buy American Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods:** If construction is allowed and approved pursuant to the previous paragraph pertaining to "Use of Funds for Construction Prohibited", none of the funds may be used for the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of a public building or public work unless all of the iron, steel, and manufactured goods used in the project are produced in the United States unless waived by the Secretary of Education (Section 1605).
- 7. Wage Rate Requirements for Contracted Laborers and Mechanics- Compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act: Subject to further clarification issued by the Office of Management and Budget, and notwithstanding any other provision of law and in a manner consistent with other provisions of ARRA, all laborers and mechanics employed by contractors and subcontractors on projects funded directly by or assisted in whole or in part by and through the Federal Government pursuant to this award shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a character similar in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code. With respect to the labor standards specified in this section, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United States Code (Section 1606).

# M. Compliance with OMB Circular A-133 Audits and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

Grantees agree to separately identify the expenditures for each grant award funded under ARRA as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations" and to comply with all other provisions of the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133.

The signing of Schedule #1 - General Information by applicant indicates acceptance of and compliance with all requirements described on this schedule

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