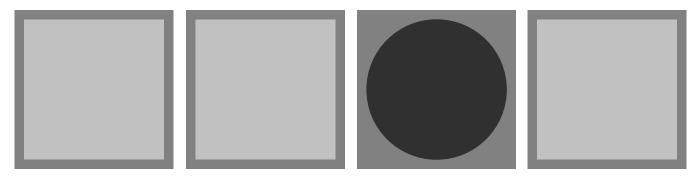
Grade-Level Retention in Texas Public Schools, 2016-17



Division of Research and Analysis
Office of Academics
Texas Education Agency
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Grade-Level Retention in Texas Public Schools 2016-17

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Division of Research and Analysis
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Abstract. This annual report provides information for the 2016-17 school year on grade-level retention in the Texas public school system. Data on retention are provided by student characteristics, including grade level; race/ethnicity; gender; degree of English proficiency; and economic, at-risk, foster care, homeless, immigrant, migrant, military-connected, and overage statuses. Data also are provided by program participation in special education, career and technical education, gifted and talented, and Title I.

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Introduction

Overview

Highlights

Overview

This report provides retention rates for students attending Texas public schools in 2016-17. The retention rate measures the percentage of students enrolled in the fall of a given school year who were enrolled in the same grade in the previous school year. Because grade-level retention differs between elementary and secondary grades, retention rates at the elementary and secondary levels are presented separately in this report. Rates are provided by student characteristics, including grade level; race/ethnicity; gender; and economic, at-risk, foster care, homeless, English language learner, immigrant, migrant, military-connected, and overage statuses. Data also are provided by participation in special education, career and technical education, gifted and talented, and Title I programs. In addition to statewide rates, the report provides historical information about retention and promotion policies in Texas public schools. A companion report, *Grade-Level Retention and Student Performance in Texas Public Schools, 2016-17* (Texas Education Agency, forthcoming), presents data on the performance of retained students on the State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness. Grade-level retention data by campus, district, and education service center region are available on the Texas Education Agency website at http://tea.texas.gov/acctres/retention/years.html.

Highlights

- In 2016-17, the retention rate for Texas public school students in Grades K-12 was 2.6 percent, a decrease of 0.2 percentage points from the previous year.
- In 2016-17, the retention rate for students in elementary grades was 1.6 percent, a decrease of 0.1 percentage points from the previous year. The rate for students in secondary grades was 3.9 percent, a decrease of 0.3 percentage points from the previous year.
- Across the elementary grades in 2016-17, retention rates were highest in Grade 1 and kindergarten (3.7% and 2.2%, respectively) and lowest in Grades 6 and 4 (0.5% and 0.6%, respectively). Across secondary grades, retention rates were highest in Grades 9 and 10 (8.5% and 5.5%, respectively) and lowest in Grades 8 and 7 (0.6% and 0.7%, respectively).
- Across the five largest racial/ethnic groups in 2016-17, the retention rate for Grades K-12 was highest for African American students (3.4%), followed by Hispanic (3.1%), multiracial (1.9%), White (1.8%), and Asian (0.8%) students.

History of Promotion Policies in Texas

History of Promotion Policies in Texas

While consistently requiring that decisions about student promotion be based on academic achievement, Texas policy on promotion and retention has evolved over the past three decades. Legislation passed in 1984 prohibited social promotion, requiring instead that students be promoted only on the basis of academic achievement (Texas Education Code [TEC] §21.721, Grade Requirement for Advancement or Course Credit, 1986). The State Board of Education (SBOE) rules implementing the legislation, Promotions and Alternatives to Social Promotion (Title 19 of the Texas Administrative Code [TAC] §§75.191-75.195, 1985), outlined the grading procedures to be used by districts and guidelines for promotion. The rules included the provisions that no student could repeat the same grade more than once or repeat more than two grade levels during the elementary grades.

In 1987, legislation was enacted to expand TEC §21.557, Compensatory and Remedial Instruction (1988). The legislation provided a definition of students in Grades 7-12 considered to be at risk of dropping out of school and required districts to provide remedial and support programs for these students. The definition of "at-risk" students included students who had not advanced from one grade level to the next in two or more school years.

In 1991, the rule prohibiting retention of students below Grade 1 was amended to allow districts to assign six-year-old students who were not developmentally ready for the first grade to grades deemed appropriate by the schools (19 TAC §75.195(j), 1992 Supplement).

Also in 1991, legislation updated TEC §21.721 (1992) to eliminate the prohibition on advancement of students with grade averages below 70. Policies on advancement from one grade level to the next were to be adopted by school districts. Local policies on promotion had to incorporate a variety of factors, including a minimum, yearly grade average of 70; course grades earned in each subject; performance on the Texas Assessment of Academic Skills (TAAS); extenuating circumstances; and the judgments of parents and teachers. Districts were required to consider alternatives to retention, including extended school day, extended school year, specialized tutorial support, peer tutoring, cross-age tutoring, student mentoring, and summer programs.

A retention reduction grant program was enacted in 1993 (TEC §21.562, 1994). A \$5 million appropriation allowed 54 Texas school districts to pilot extended instructional programs to eliminate retentions in first grade during the 1992-93 school year. The retention reduction grants allowed school districts and campuses to offer programs based on lengthening the school year as alternatives to retention. These programs provided additional instruction to students who needed extra assistance to master the first-grade objectives in the Essential Elements—the state-mandated curriculum in place at that time. The pilots were extended to the second grade in 1994-95.

School districts not receiving retention reduction grants could apply to the commissioner of education for approval to provide extended year programs (TEC §21.563, *Optional Extended Year Program*, 1994). Optional extended year programs (OEYPs) of up to 45 days in length could be

provided to students in Grades K-8 who would otherwise be retained. To fund the programs, school districts could reduce the number of instructional days during the regular school year by five.

In 1995, the Texas Education Code was reviewed and readopted. In the new code, the provisions on promotion, *Student Advancement*, reiterated that students be promoted only on the basis of academic achievement or demonstrated proficiency in the subject matter of the course or grade level (TEC §28.021, 1996). At the same time, the language regulating local promotion and retention policies was repealed. In April 1996, the SBOE rules regulating local policies, including restrictions on the number of times students could be retained in grade, were also repealed. The definition of students at risk of dropping out was carried forward (TEC §29.081, 1996).

The 1995 TEC revisions included a single set of provisions for extended year programs (TEC §29.082, 1996). Commissioner of education rules implementing the OEYP were adopted to be effective in May 1996 (19 TAC §105.1001, 1997). Districts were required to promote each student who attended at least 90 percent of the extended year program days, unless the student's parents requested that the student be retained. If the parents requested retention, the student's principal, teacher, and counselor were required to meet with the parents to provide information on the effects of retention on future academic performance, student self-esteem, and high school completion. The commissioner of education was directed to withhold 5 percent of the Foundation School Program compensatory education allotment to finance extended year programs. This increased to about \$50 million per year the allocation for extended year programs for students in Grades K-8 who were identified as not likely to be promoted. Districts could use portions of their compensatory education allotments or apply for state funds to implement extended year programs. Although districts had to apply for state OEYP funds, they were no longer required to apply for approval to operate OEYPs funded locally.

The promotion policies implemented in Texas public schools in 2002-03 built on the state curriculum and assessment programs that had been developed over many years. In 1984, Texas first adopted a state curriculum, known as the Essential Elements (19 TAC Chapter 75, Subchapters B-D, 1984). Over the years, the rigor of knowledge and skills required of students increased. A revised curriculum, the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS), was adopted by the SBOE and became effective on September 1, 1998 (19 TAC Chapters 110-128, 1998). By state law and SBOE rule, the TEKS in the foundation areas of English language arts and reading, mathematics, science, and social studies are required for use in instruction and statewide assessment. The TEKS have been widely distributed to schools and to the public. Professional development on TEKS implementation in the classroom has been available statewide.

The state testing program known as TAAS was introduced in 1990. When last administered in 2002, the TAAS measured mastery of the state curriculum in reading and mathematics at Grades 3-8 and 10; in writing at Grades 4, 8, and 10; and in science and social studies at Grade 8. The Grade 10 tests served as an exit-level examination. As was the case under the previous testing program, the Texas Educational Assessment of Minimum Skills (TEAMS), satisfactory performance on the exit-level examination was a prerequisite to a high school diploma.

In 2002-03, a new, more rigorous state assessment system, the Texas Assessment of Knowledge and Skills (TAKS), was introduced. Like the TAAS, the TAKS was aligned with the state curriculum, measuring the extent to which a student learned and was able to apply the knowledge and skills defined in the TEKS at each grade level tested.

In response to statutory requirements, the TAKS was replaced by the more rigorous State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness (STAAR) beginning in 2011-12 (TEC Chapter 39, 2010). High school students who began Grade 9 in 2010-11 or earlier continued to take grade-specific TAKS assessments to comply with graduation standards already in place. STAAR is aligned with the TEKS and provides the foundation for the accountability system for Texas public education. In Grades 3-8, STAAR assesses the same grade-specific subjects that were assessed with the TAKS. In high school, however, grade-specific assessments have been replaced by end-of-course (EOC) assessments. Although 15 EOCs were originally required to graduate for students who started Grade 9 in 2011-12, the 83rd Texas Legislature reduced the requirement to five assessments in 2013: Algebra I, Biology, English I, English II, and U.S. History. In 2015, the 84th Texas Legislature passed SB 149, which revised the state's assessment graduation requirements for students enrolled in Grade 11 or 12 during the 2014-15, 2015-16, or 2016-17 school year (TEC §28.0258, 2016). Under the new requirements, a student who failed an EOC for no more than two of five courses could still receive a Texas high school diploma if he or she was determined to be qualified to graduate by an individual graduation committee (19 TAC §101.3022, 2018, amended to be effective December 5, 2017). In 2017, the 85th Texas Legislature amended TEC §28.0258 (2018) to extend the revised graduation requirements through the 2018-19 school year.

State testing procedures allow accommodations on STAAR for students who need them. Several accommodations are available to eligible students, including content and language supports, spelling assistance, supplemental aids, and extra time to complete assessments. Admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committees and placement committees for students served under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (Title 29 of the United States Code §794 [Section 504], 2018; Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 104, 2018), determine which accommodations can be used by students receiving special education services and Section 504 services, respectively. When a student does not receive special education or Section 504 services but meets the eligibility criteria for testing accommodations, the decision is made by the appropriate team of people at the campus level, such as the response to intervention (RtI) team or the student assistance team. English language learners (ELLs) may also receive accommodations on the statewide assessments, and ELL students in Grades 3-5 may be provided Spanish-language versions of tests when available. Language proficiency assessment committees (LPACs) make assessment and accommodation decisions for ELL students.

Since 1995, Texas statute has stipulated that "a student may be promoted only on the basis of academic achievement or demonstrated proficiency of the subject matter of the course or grade level" (TEC §28.021, 1996). In 1999, specific provisions linking test performance, promotion, and instruction were added (TEC §28.0211, 1999). From 2002-03 to 2008-09, students in Grade 3 were required to pass the state reading test to advance to Grade 4. Students in Grade 5 were required to

pass the state reading and mathematics tests beginning in 2004-05. Students in Grade 8 were required to pass the reading and mathematics tests beginning in 2007-08. Through the 2010-11 school year, students in Grades 5 and 8 were given three opportunities to pass the TAKS. School districts were required to provide accelerated instruction in the subject areas failed after each test administration (TEC §28.0211, 2010).

If a student failed the test a second time, the district was required to establish a grade placement committee (GPC) to determine the accelerated instruction the student would receive before the third testing opportunity. A student who failed to perform satisfactorily on the third opportunity was required to be retained. A parent or guardian could appeal the retention decision to the GPC. The GPC could decide in favor of advancement if committee members unanimously concluded, based on standards adopted by the local school board, that the student was likely to perform on grade level if given additional accelerated instruction during the next school year.

In 2009, the 81st Texas Legislature stipulated that students in Grade 5 or Grade 8 who fail the state reading or mathematics assessment must complete accelerated instruction before they may be promoted to the next grade level (TEC §28.0211, 2010). Districts anticipated difficulty implementing the provision for students who fail the third administration of a Grade 5 or Grade 8 test, which occurs during the summer. To help districts and charter schools meet the requirement, the Texas Education Agency developed a waiver allowing promotion of such students to the next grade level prior to the completion of accelerated instruction. A district or charter school applying for the waiver in 2016-17 was required to: identify the intensive instruction each student needed; target the instruction to the STAAR objectives on which each student demonstrated weakness; ensure each student completed the instruction during the first six weeks of the school year; and document that each student completed the instruction. In addition, the GPC is responsible for developing a plan that will provide the student with ongoing instructional support during the next school year.

In 2011, the 82nd Texas Legislature directed that a student in Grade 5 or Grade 8 who is enrolled in a course above the student's grade level or for which the student will receive high school credit is not required to take a grade-level state assessment in the corresponding subject (TEC §28.0211, 2011).

Because performance standards for STAAR had not been established in time for student promotion decisions, promotion criteria for Grades 5 and 8 that were based on state assessment results were suspended in 2011-12. Instead, promotion criteria developed entirely at the district level were in effect. Statutory promotion criteria, including requirements that students receive three opportunities to pass the reading and mathematics tests, GPCs be established, and accelerated instruction be provided, were made effective again in 2012-13 and remained in effect in 2013-14.

In 2014-15, the STAAR mathematics tests were updated to reflect the revised mathematics TEKS adopted by the State Board of Education in 2012. As a result of these changes, performance standards for 2015 STAAR mathematics tests in Grades 3-8 were not set until after the spring 2015 administration. In addition, Student Success Initiative (SSI) retest opportunities for STAAR mathematics tests in Grades 5 and 8 were not offered in May and June of 2015. Districts were

instructed to use other relevant academic information in place of STAAR mathematics results when making promotion and retention decisions. SSI requirements for reading remained in effect in 2014-15.

In 2015-16, the administration of STAAR tests was affected by online testing issues and reporting issues with the state's testing vendor. As a result, the June administration of the Grades 5 and 8 STAAR reading and mathematics tests was not offered. Furthermore, SSI requirements for Grades 5 and 8 were suspended. Districts were instructed to use other relevant academic information in place of STAAR reading and mathematics results when making promotion and retention decisions.

In 2016-17, the administration of STAAR tests went as planned. Statutory promotion criteria, including SSI requirements that students in Grades 5 and 8 receive three opportunities to pass the reading and mathematics tests, GPCs be established, and accelerated instruction be provided, were made effective again.

Retention Reporting for 2016-17

Definitions and Calculations

State Summary

Grade-Level Retention by Grade

Grade-Level Retention by Race/Ethnicity

Grade-Level Retention by Economic Status

Grade-Level Retention by Gender

Grade-Level Retention by English Language Learner Status

Grade-Level Retention of Special Education Students by Primary Disability

Grade-Level Retention by Student Characteristic

Grade-Level Retention by Career and Technical Education, Gifted and Talented, and Title I Program Participation

Definitions and Calculations

Retention Definition

Grade retention has been defined as requiring a child to repeat a particular grade or delaying entry to kindergarten or first grade. This definition of retention—repetition of a grade or delayed entry—applies primarily to Grades K-6. The same grade level in successive years in high school does not necessarily represent the repetition of a full year's curriculum, as it does in elementary school. Secondary school programs are structured around individual courses. Because passing and failing are determined at the level of the course and credits are awarded for courses completed successfully, the concept of a "grade level" becomes more fluid. Students who fail to earn credit in a single course or take fewer courses than required in one year may be classified at the same grade level in two consecutive years. Practices in Grades 7 and 8 may be like those in elementary school or like those in high school, depending on local school district policies.

Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS) data used in this report on the grade levels of all students in the Texas public school system were submitted by districts through the Texas Student Data System (Texas Education Agency [TEA], 2016). PEIMS data on student characteristics and program participation were also available.

Retention Rate Calculations

Retention rates for the 2016-17 school year were calculated by comparing 2016-17 attendance records to fall 2017 enrollment records. Students who left the Texas public school system for any reason other than graduation were excluded from the total student count. Students new to the Texas public school system in fall 2017 were also excluded. Students who enrolled both years or graduated were included in the total student count. Students found to have been enrolled in the same grade in both years were counted as retained. Students found to have been in a higher grade in fall 2017 than in 2016-17 were counted as promoted. Students reported to have had improbable grade sequences were assigned an "unknown" promotion status. Retention rates were calculated by dividing number of students retained by total student count. Because of the criteria used, student counts in this report differ from those in other agency publications.

Retention rates have been calculated by TEA based on year-to-year progress of individual students since 1994-95. Prior to the 1998-99 school year, the retention calculations included only students who were enrolled on the last Friday in October. Beginning in 1998-99, additional enrollment data for Grades 7-12 were collected by TEA to calculate the secondary school dropout and graduation rates. This collection expanded available Grades 7-12 enrollment data beyond students enrolled the last Friday in October to include students enrolled at any time during the fall. The change in the retention calculation allowed more secondary school students to be included and made the calculation of the retention rate more like that of the secondary school dropout and graduation rates. Expanded enrollment data were not collected for Grades K-6, so the method of calculating enrollment counts for Grades K-6 was unchanged.

The source for information on primary disability for students receiving special education services was changed beginning with 2016-17 retention rates. Prior to 2016-17, disability information was drawn from the PEIMS summer data collection; the data collection includes this information for students identified as receiving special education services at any time during the school year. Beginning in 2016-17, disability information was drawn from fall enrollment records.

Retention Rates by Race/Ethnicity

Because rates for smaller groups can be less stable over time, comparisons of rates across racial/ethnic groups can be misleading when one group is small compared to other groups. The non-Hispanic American Indian and Pacific Islander student populations are small in number, compared to other racial/ethnic populations. Therefore, discussions of results in this report, including comparisons across racial/ethnic groups, do not include these populations.

Data Masking

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (Title 20 of the United States Code §1232g, 2018; Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 99, 2018) prohibits improper disclosure of personally identifiable student information by any educational agency or institution that receives funding under any program administered by the U.S. Department of Education (ED). In 2016, ED guidance on reporting education data in compliance with FERPA changed, relaxing requirements for masking state-level data. Based on this guidance, data presented in this report is no longer masked, beginning with 2015-16 reporting.

State Summary

In the 2016-17 school year, 2.6 percent (132,603) of Texas public school students in Grades K-12 were retained (Table 1). The retention rate decreased by 0.2 percentage points from the previous school year. The rate for students in elementary grades was 1.6 percent, and the rate for students in secondary grades was 3.9 percent.

Across the five largest racial/ethnic groups in 2016-17, the retention rate was highest for African American students (3.4%), followed by Hispanic (3.1%), multiracial (1.9%), White (1.8%), and Asian (0.8%) students (Figure 1 and Table 1). The retention rate for students identified as economically disadvantaged was 3.4 percent, whereas the rate for students not identified as economically disadvantaged was 1.6 percent. Male students had a higher retention rate (3.2%) than female students (2.1%) (Table 1).

Figure 1
Grade-Level Retention, by Race/Ethnicity and Economic Status, Texas Public Schools, 2015-16 and 2016-17

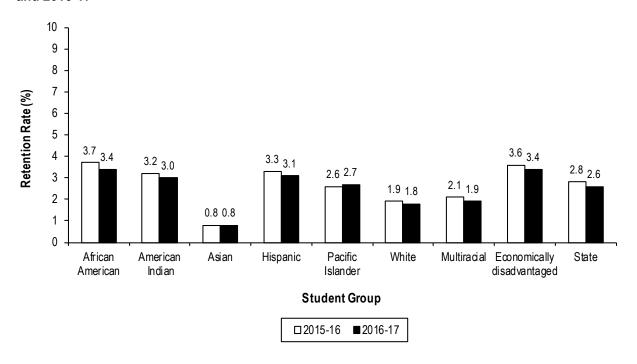


Table 1 Grade-Level Retention, by Race/Ethnicity, Economic Status, Gender, and Grade Span, Texas Public Schools, 2015-16 and 2016-17

		2015-16		2016-17			
Group	All students	Retained	Rate (%)	All students	Retained	Rate (%)	
African American	619,085	22,839	3.7	625,170	21,397	3.4	
American Indian	19,156	605	3.2	19,051	565	3.0	
Asian	202,092	1,712	0.8	212,467	1,776	0.8	
Hispanic	2,579,155	86,321	3.3	2,611,986	81,541	3.1	
Pacific Islander	6,825	177	2.6	7,097	193	2.7	
White	1,430,777	26,672	1.9	1,425,380	25,049	1.8	
Multiracial	101,648	2,125	2.1	108,290	2,082	1.9	
Economically disadvantaged	2,956,275	107,392	3.6	2,982,708	100,798	3.4	
Not economically disadvantaged	2,002,463	33,059	1.7	2,026,733	31,805	1.6	
Female	2,418,903	54,403	2.2	2,444,790	51,802	2.1	
Male	2,539,835	86,048	3.4	2,564,651	80,801	3.2	
Grades K-6	2,743,450	47,884	1.7	2,751,252	43,691	1.6	
Grades 7-12	2,215,288	92,567	4.2	2,258,189	88,912	3.9	
State	4,958,738	140,451	2.8	5,009,441	132,603	2.6	

Grade-Level Retention by **Grade**

Elementary Grades

In 2016-17, the retention rate for Grades K-6 was 1.6 percent, a decrease of 0.1 percentage points from the previous year (Table 2). Across the elementary grades, retention rates were highest in Grade 1 and kindergarten (3.7% and 2.2%, respectively) and lowest in Grades 6 and 4 (0.5% and 0.6%, respectively) (Figure 2 and Table 2).

Figure 2
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade, Texas Public Schools, 2015-16 and 2016-17

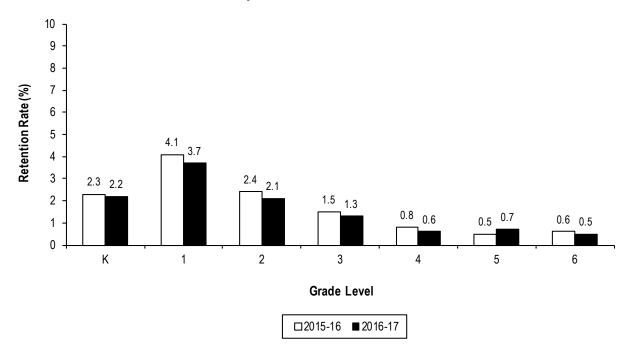


Table 2 Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

		K		1	2		3	
Year	Retained	Rate (%)						
2006-07	12,446	3.6	23,170	6.3	12,383	3.6	9,442	2.8
2007-08	11,457	3.3	21,852	5.9	12,132	3.4	8,918	2.6
2008-09	11,036	3.1	20,970	5.6	11,288	3.1	8,418	2.3
2009-10	10,490	2.9	19,138	5.1	10,830	2.9	7,307	2.0
2010-11	10,271	2.8	19,139	5.0	10,934	2.9	6,864	1.9
2011-12	9,828	2.6	18,314	4.8	11,139	3.0	7,480	2.0
2012-13	9,804	2.5	18,208	4.7	11,395	3.0	8,115	2.2
2013-14	9,610	2.5	18,378	4.6	11,471	3.0	8,150	2.1
2014-15	9,265	2.4	17,562	4.3	11,163	2.8	7,570	1.9
2015-16	8,609	2.3	16,329	4.1	9,837	2.4	6,153	1.5
2016-17	8,230	2.2	14,405	3.7	8,552	2.1	5,289	1.3

		4		5		6		Total K-6	
Year	Retained	Rate (%)							
2006-07	5,351	1.6	7,288	2.2	3,816	1.2	73,896	3.1	
2007-08	4,505	1.3	6,746	2.0	3,182	1.0	68,792	2.8	
2008-09	3,984	1.1	5,735	1.7	2,792	0.8	64,223	2.6	
2009-10	3,988	1.1	4,713	1.3	2,692	0.8	59,158	2.3	
2010-11	3,609	1.0	4,230	1.2	2,594	0.7	57,641	2.2	
2011-12	3,650	1.0	2,004	0.5	2,481	0.7	54,896	2.1	
2012-13	4,585	1.2	5,548	1.5	2,951	0.8	60,606	2.3	
2013-14	4,226	1.1	4,773	1.3	2,686	0.7	59,294	2.2	
2014-15	3,884	1.0	3,486	0.9	2,409	0.6	55,339	2.0	
2015-16	2,986	0.8	1,784	0.5	2,186	0.6	47,884	1.7	
2016-17	2,561	0.6	2,572	0.7	2,082	0.5	43,691	1.6	

Grade-Level Retention by **Grade**

Secondary Grades

Retention in the secondary grades does not necessarily take the same form as retention in the elementary grades. Whereas a student retained in the elementary grades is likely to repeat a year's curriculum in its entirety, a student retained in the secondary grades may only need to repeat a single course. In Grades 9-12, a student can be classified at the same grade level for two years because one course out of six or seven was not completed successfully. In such a case, the student may be able to "catch up" with his or her peers by making up the required course. Policies on grade-level assignment at the secondary level vary by district. Retention practices in Grades 7 and 8 may be like those in elementary school or like those in high school, depending on local school district policies.

In 2016-17, the retention rate for Grades 7-12 was 3.9 percent, a decrease of 0.3 percentage points from the previous year (Table 3). Across secondary grades, retention rates were highest in Grades 9 and 10 (8.5% and 5.5%, respectively) and lowest in Grades 8 and 7 (0.6% and 0.7%, respectively) (Figure 3).

Figure 3
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade, Texas Public Schools, 2015-16 and 2016-17

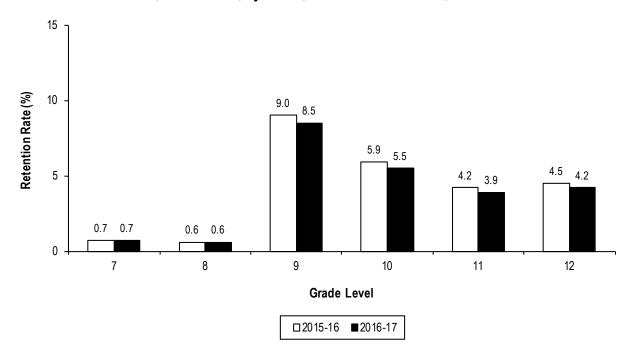


Table 3 Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

		7		8		9		10	
Year	Retained	Rate (%)							
2006-07	5,663	1.7	4,943	1.5	57,213	15.4	25,242	8.3	
2007-08	5,052	1.5	6,323	1.9	54,831	14.7	22,214	7.2	
2008-09	4,267	1.3	5,165	1.5	45,016	12.3	21,125	6.8	
2009-10	3,712	1.1	4,503	1.3	40,200	10.8	18,436	5.9	
2010-11	3,513	1.0	4,164	1.2	36,243	9.7	17,303	5.4	
2011-12	3,618	1.0	2,900	0.8	37,250	10.0	18,720	5.7	
2012-13	3,726	1.0	4,128	1.1	36,648	9.6	19,085	5.8	
2013-14	3,854	1.0	3,718	1.0	34,498	8.9	19,959	5.8	
2014-15	3,162	0.8	3,205	0.8	34,644	8.6	20,200	5.6	
2015-16	2,784	0.7	2,111	0.6	37,091	9.0	21,851	5.9	
2016-17	2,598	0.7	2,355	0.6	35,150	8.5	20,899	5.5	

	1	1	1	2	Total	Total 7-12		
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)		
2006-07	15,800	5.9	19,342	7.5	128,203	6.9		
2007-08	15,530	5.7	21,524	8.0	125,474	6.6		
2008-09	15,855	5.6	22,050	7.8	113,478	5.9		
2009-10	15,916	5.4	20,155	6.8	102,922	5.2		
2010-11	15,046	5.1	18,516	6.1	94,785	4.8		
2011-12	15,830	5.2	16,709	5.5	95,027	4.7		
2012-13	15,660	5.1	16,010	5.1	95,257	4.6		
2013-14	13,462	4.3	16,188	5.1	91,679	4.3		
2014-15	13,546	4.2	14,849	4.6	89,606	4.1		
2015-16	13,755	4.2	14,975	4.5	92,567	4.2		
2016-17	13,351	3.9	14,559	4.2	88,912	3.9		

Grade-Level Retention by Race/Ethnicity

Elementary Grades

Across elementary grades and the five largest racial/ethnic groups, Hispanic students in Grade 1 had the highest retention rate (4.4%), followed by African American students in Grade 1 (4.2%) (Figure 4 and Table 4). Asian students in Grade 6 (0.1%) had the lowest retention rate, followed by Asian students in Grades 4 and 5 (0.2% each).

Figure 4
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Race/Ethnicity, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

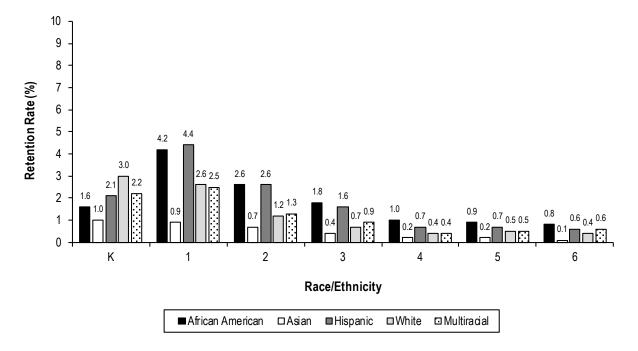


Table 4
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and Race/Ethnicity, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

	African Ame		American Indian		As	sian	Hisp	oanic	Pacific Islander	
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)
Kindergarten										
2013-14	957	2.1	44	2.7	153	1.1	4,751	2.3	16	3.1
2014-15	931	2.0	57	3.1	148	1.0	4,576	2.2	10	1.9
2015-16	795	1.8	30	1.5	137	0.9	4,221	2.2	13	2.3
2016-17	704	1.6	37	2.8	158	1.0	4,048	2.1	10	1.8
Grade 1										
2013-14	2,652	5.4	89	5.8	193	1.3	11,547	5.3	15	2.7
2014-15	2,435	4.9	92	5.7	186	1.2	11,214	5.2	26	4.8
2015-16	2,350	4.7	75	4.2	168	1.1	10,319	4.8	15	2.7
2016-17	2,009	4.2	60	2.9	151	0.9	9,067	4.4	20	3.5
Grade 2										
2013-14	1,855	3.9	43	2.9	122	0.9	7,481	3.6	17	3.3
2014-15	1,717	3.5	57	3.8	138	0.9	7,379	3.4	11	2.0
2015-16	1,564	3.1	30	2.0	104	0.6	6,392	3.0	8	1.5
2016-17	1,308	2.6	33	1.9	110	0.7	5,609	2.6	12	2.2
Grade 3										
2013-14	1,479	3.1	39	2.8	83	0.6	5,243	2.6	11	2.3
2014-15	1,280	2.6	27	1.9	79	0.5	4,898	2.4	11	2.0
2015-16	1,051	2.1	26	1.8	67	0.4	4,005	1.9	8	1.4
2016-17	899	1.8	20	1.3	69	0.4	3,406	1.6	4	0.8
Grade 4										
2013-14	745	1.6	10	0.8	57	0.4	2,660	1.3	6	1.3
2014-15	690	1.5	24	1.7	38	0.2	2,422	1.2	7	1.5
2015-16	493	1.0	15	1.1	52	0.3	1,840	0.9	7	1.3
2016-17	505	1.0	9	0.6	40	0.2	1,516	0.7	9	1.6
Grade 5										
2013-14	776	1.7	_	1.7	68	0.5	3,022	1.5	_	0.7
2014-15	553	1.2	_	0.9	58	0.4	2,149	1.1	_	0.9
2015-16	282	0.6	8	0.6	39	0.2	983	0.5	4	0.8
2016-17	424	0.9	12	8.0	40	0.2	1,495	0.7	2	0.4
Grade 6										
2013-14	510	1.1	_	0.8	19	0.1	1,596	0.8	_	0.7
2014-15	439	0.9	_	0.6	21	0.1	1,426	0.7	_	0.4
2015-16	379	0.8	4	0.3	10	0.1	1,310	0.7	5	1.0
2016-17	382	0.8	6	0.4	18	0.1	1,197	0.6	3	0.6
Total K-6										
2013-14	8,974	2.7	257	2.6	695	0.7	36,300	2.6	71	2.1
2014-15	8,045	2.4	276	2.7	668	0.6	34,064	2.4	71	2.0
2015-16	6,914	2.0	188	1.7	577	0.5	29,070	2.0	60	1.6
2016-17	6,231	1.8	177	1.6	586	0.5	26,338	1.8	60	1.6

Note. A dash (–) indicates data are masked. See the section "Data Masking" on page 9 for additional information.

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Table 4 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade
and Race/Ethnicity, Texas Public Schools,
2013-14 Through 2016-17

	WI	nite	Multiracial		
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%	
Kindergarten					
2013-14	3,509	3.2	180	2.2	
2014-15	3,315	3.1	228	2.6	
2015-16	3,180	3.0	233	2.5	
2016-17	3,064	3.0	209	2.2	
Grade 1					
2013-14	3,621	3.2	261	3.	
2014-15	3,358	3.0	251	2.8	
2015-16	3,150	2.9	252	2.	
2016-17	2,857	2.6	241	2.	
Grade 2					
2013-14	1,803	1.7	150	1.9	
2014-15	1,722	1.6	139	1.0	
2015-16	1,592	1.4	147	1.	
2016-17	1,355	1.2	125	1.3	
Grade 3					
2013-14	1,201	1.1	94	1.:	
2014-15	1,169	1.1	106	1.3	
2015-16	907	0.8	89	1.	
2016-17	808	0.7	83	0.	
Grade 4					
2013-14	691	0.6	57	0.	
2014-15	635	0.6	68	0.	
2015-16	538	0.5	41	0.	
2016-17	445	0.4	37	0.4	
Grade 5					
2013-14	822	0.8	60	0.	
2014-15	659	0.6	52	0.	
2015-16	437	0.4	31	0.4	
2016-17	554	0.5	45	0.9	
Grade 6					
2013-14	505	0.5	43	0.	
2014-15	479	0.4	34	0.	
2015-16	435	0.4	43	0.	
2016-17	424	0.4	52	0.0	
Total K-6					
2013-14	12,152	1.6	845	1.0	
2014-15	11,337	1.5	878	1.	
2015-16	10,239	1.3	836	1.4	
2016-17	9,507	1.2	792	1.3	

 $\it Note.\ A\ dash\ (-)\ indicates\ data\ are\ masked.\ See\ the\ section\ "Data\ Masking"\ on\ page\ 9\ for\ additional\ information.$

Grade-Level Retention by Race/Ethnicity

Secondary Grades

Across secondary grades and the five largest racial/ethnic groups, African American and Hispanic students in Grade 9 had the highest retention rates (11.7% and 10.4%, respectively), followed by African American students in Grade 10 (7.7%) (Figure 5 and Table 5). Asian students in Grades 7 and 8 had the lowest retention rates (0.1% and 0.2%, respectively).

Figure 5
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Race/Ethnicity, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

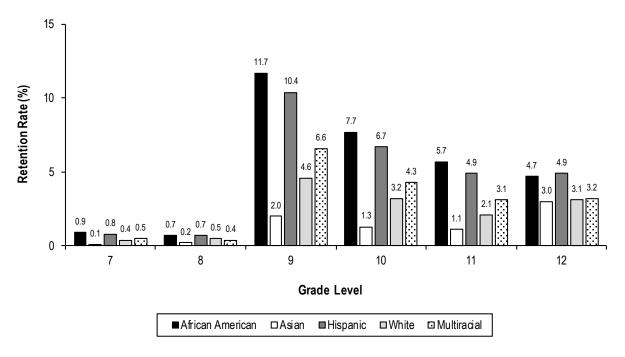


Table 5
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Race/Ethnicity, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

	African A	American	American Indian		Asian		Hisp	anic	Pacific Islander	
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)
Grade 7										
2013-14	684	1.4	_	1.1	25	0.2	2,388	1.2	_	0.2
2014-15	541	1.1	_	1.3	29	0.2	1,919	1.0	_	1.3
2015-16	468	1.0	18	1.3	15	0.1	1,693	0.8	1	0.2
2016-17	462	0.9	7	0.5	25	0.1	1,563	0.8	6	1.2
Grade 8										
2013-14	486	1.0	_	1.3	60	0.4	2,367	1.2	_	0.9
2014-15	421	0.9	_	0.7	46	0.3	1,996	1.0	_	0.4
2015-16	293	0.6	3	0.2	17	0.1	1,298	0.7	2	0.4
2016-17	331	0.7	11	0.8	32	0.2	1,388	0.7	2	0.4
Grade 9										
2013-14	5,797	11.4	129	8.3	432	3.1	21,678	11.0	38	7.3
2014-15	6,216	11.9	176	11.4	387	2.5	21,676	10.5	43	8.3
2015-16	6,779	12.8	177	11.1	350	2.2	23,481	10.9	41	7.1
2016-17	6,245	11.7	154	10.2	334	2.0	22,519	10.4	46	7.9
Grade 10										
2013-14	3,439	7.7	88	6.1	200	1.5	12,293	7.2	23	5.3
2014-15	3,594	7.8	82	5.8	206	1.5	12,257	6.9	27	5.3
2015-16	3,794	8.0	95	7.0	200	1.3	13,588	7.2	29	5.6
2016-17	3,667	7.7	94	6.7	206	1.3	13,019	6.7	32	5.8
Grade 11										
2013-14	2,321	5.9	63	4.7	167	1.3	8,318	5.6	11	2.4
2014-15	2,499	6.1	53	4.0	151	1.1	8,212	5.3	19	4.5
2015-16	2,503	6.0	66	5.3	163	1.2	8,404	5.2	15	3.0
2016-17	2,425	5.7	62	5.1	167	1.1	8,257	4.9	24	4.7
Grade 12										
2013-14	2,442	6.1	76	5.7	455	3.6	9,470	6.3	19	4.5
2014-15	2,084	5.0	54	4.0	417	3.1	8,702	5.6	20	4.0
2015-16	2,088	4.9	58	4.4	390	2.8	8,787	5.3	29	6.2
2016-17	2,036	4.7	60	4.6	426	3.0	8,457	4.9	23	4.2
Total 7-12										
2013-14	15,169	5.6	389	4.6	1,339	1.7	56,514	5.4	96	3.4
2014-15	15,355	5.6	392	4.7	1,236	1.4	54,762	5.0	117	4.0
2015-16	15,925	5.7	417	5.0	1,135	1.3	57,251	5.1	117	3.8
2016-17	15,166	5.3	388	4.8	1,190	1.2	55,203	4.8	133	4.1

Note. A dash (–) indicates data are masked. See the section "Data Masking" on page 9 for additional information.

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Table 5 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade
and Race/Ethnicity, Texas Public Schools,
2013-14 Through 2016-17

	White		Multiracial	
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)
Grade 7				
2013-14	686	0.6	55	0.8
2014-15	592	0.5	58	0.8
2015-16	543	0.5	46	0.6
2016-17	496	0.4	39	0.5
Grade 8				
2013-14	743	0.6	40	0.6
2014-15	691	0.6	39	0.6
2015-16	466	0.4	32	0.5
2016-17	557	0.5	34	0.4
Grade 9				
2013-14	5,991	5.1	433	6.5
2014-15	5,680	4.8	466	6.7
2015-16	5,777	4.9	486	6.6
2016-17	5,349	4.6	503	6.6
Grade 10				
2013-14	3,666	3.3	250	4.2
2014-15	3,713	3.3	321	5.1
2015-16	3,838	3.4	307	4.6
2016-17	3,574	3.2	307	4.3
Grade 11				
2013-14	2,430	2.4	152	2.9
2014-15	2,434	2.4	178	3.2
2015-16	2,413	2.3	191	3.2
2016-17	2,216	2.1	200	3.1
Grade 12				
2013-14	3,542	3.3	184	3.4
2014-15	3,384	3.2	188	3.4
2015-16	3,396	3.2	227	3.8
2016-17	3,350	3.1	207	3.2
Total 7-12				
2013-14	17,058	2.6	1,114	3.1
2014-15	16,494	2.5	1,250	3.3
2015-16	16,433	2.5	1,289	3.2
2016-17	15,542	2.3	1,290	3.0

Note. A dash (–) indicates data are masked. See the section "Data Masking" on page 9 for additional information.

Grade-Level Retention by Economic Status

Elementary Grades

Under Texas Education Agency (TEA) guidelines, students were identified as economically disadvantaged if they were eligible for free or reduced-price meals under the National School Lunch and Child Nutrition Program (TEA, 2016). In every elementary grade, students who were identified as economically disadvantaged had a higher retention rate in 2016-17 than students who were not identified as economically disadvantaged (Figure 6 and Table 6). The rate for economically disadvantaged students was highest in Grade 1 (4.9%) and lowest in Grade 6 (0.7%). Rates for non-economically disadvantaged students were highest in kindergarten (1.9%) and lowest in Grades 4, 5, and 6 (0.3% each).

Figure 6
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and Economic Status, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

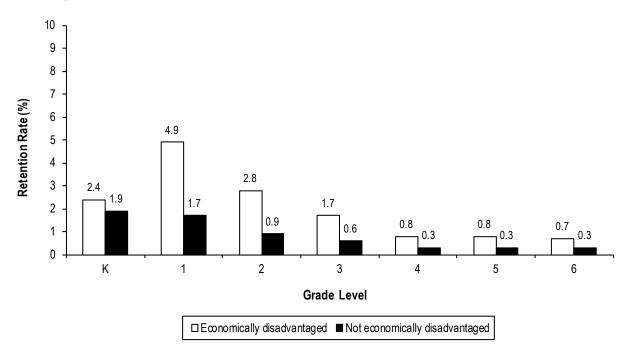


Table 6
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and Economic Status,
Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

		mically antaged		nomically antaged
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%
Kindergarten				
2006-07	7,686	3.7	4,760	3.
2007-08	7,006	3.4	4,451	3.
2008-09	5,846	3.0	5,190	3.
2009-10	5,912	2.8	4,578	3.
2010-11	7,166	3.1	3,105	2.
2011-12	7,041	2.9	2,787	2.
2012-13	7,024	2.8	2,780	2.
2013-14	6,889	2.7	2,721	2.
2014-15	6,430	2.6	2,835	2.
2015-16	5,878	2.5	2,731	2.
2016-17	5,532	2.4	2,698	1.
Grade 1				
2006-07	17,758	8.1	5,412	3.
2007-08	16,678	7.6	5,174	3.
2008-09	14,109	6.7	6,861	4.
2009-10	13,133	6.0	6,005	3.
2010-11	15,686	6.5	3,453	2.
2011-12	15,612	6.1	2,702	2.
2012-13	15,471	6.0	2,737	2.
2013-14	15,596	5.9	2,782	2.
2014-15	14,669	5.6	2,893	2.
2015-16	13,589	5.2	2,740	1.
2016-17	11,918	4.9	2,487	1.
Grade 2				
2006-07	9,707	4.7	2,676	1.
2007-08	9,397	4.4	2,735	1.
2008-09	7,830	3.8	3,458	2.
2009-10	7,674	3.6	3,156	2.
2010-11	9,067	3.9	1,867	1.
2011-12	9,640	3.9	1,499	1.
2012-13	9,778	3.9	1,617	1.
2013-14	9,915	3.9	1,556	1.
2014-15	9,452	3.7	1,711	1.
2015-16	8,359	3.2	1,478	1.
2016-17	7,250	2.8	1,302	0.
Grade 3				
2006-07	7,514	3.8	1,928	1.
2007-08	7,091	3.5	1,827	1.
2008-09	5,929	2.9	2,489	1.

Table 6 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and Economic Status,
Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

	Econo disadva	mically antaged	Not econ disadva	nomically antaged
2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 ade 4 2006-07 2007-08 2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 ade 5 2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 ade 6 2016-17	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%
2009-10	5,146	2.4	2,161	1.4
2010-11	5,726	2.5	1,138	0.8
2011-12	6,487	2.7	993	0.
2012-13	7,078	2.9	1,037	0.
2013-14	7,058	2.9	1,092	0.8
2014-15	6,383	2.6	1,187	0.
2015-16	5,206	2.0	947	0.
2016-17	4,408	1.7	881	0.
Grade 4				
2006-07	4,163	2.2	1,188	0.
2007-08	3,475	1.8	1,030	0.
2008-09	2,676	1.4	1,308	0.
2009-10	2,802	1.4	1,186	0.
2010-11	2,970	1.3	639	0.
2011-12	3,126	1.3	524	0.
2012-13	3,898	1.7	687	0.
2013-14	3,598	1.5	628	0.
2014-15	3,220	1.3	664	0.
2015-16	2,459	1.0	527	0.
2016-17	2,109	0.8	452	0.
rade 5				
2006-07	5,749	3.1	1,539	1.
2007-08	5,203	2.7	1,543	1.
2008-09	3,943	2.1	1,792	1.
2009-10	3,343	1.7	1,370	0.
2010-11	3,507	1.6	723	0.
2011-12	1,608	0.7	396	0.
2012-13	4,692	2.0	856	0.
2013-14	4,064	1.7	709	0.
2014-15	2,857	1.2	629	0.
2015-16	1,384	0.6	400	0.
2016-17	2,066	0.8	506	0.
irade 6				
2006-07	2,768	1.5	1,048	0.
2007-08	2,231	1.3	861	0.
2008-09	1,708	1.0	1,084	0.
2009-10	1,705	0.9	987	0.
2010-11	2,089	1.0	505	0.
2011-12	2,011	0.9	470	0.
2012-13	2,470	1.1	481	0.

Table 6 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and Economic Status,
Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

		mically antaged	Not economically disadvantaged			
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)		
2013-14	2,210	1.0	476	0.3		
2014-15	1,958	0.9	451	0.3		
2015-16	1,786	0.8	400	0.3		
2016-17	1,679	0.7	403	0.3		
Total K-6						
2006-07	55,345	4.0	18,551	1.9		
2007-08	51,171	3.6	17,621	1.7		
2008-09	42,041	3.1	22,182	2.0		
2009-10	39,715	2.7	19,443	1.8		
2010-11	46,211	2.9	11,430	1.2		
2011-12	45,525	2.7	9,371	1.0		
2012-13	50,411	3.0	10,195	1.1		
2013-14	49,330	2.9	9,964	1.0		
2014-15	44,969	2.6	10,370	1.0		
2015-16	38,661	2.2	9,223	0.9		
2016-17	34,962	2.0	8,729	3.0		

Grade-Level Retention by Economic Status

Secondary Grades

In every secondary grade, students who were identified as economically disadvantaged had a higher retention rate in 2016-17 than students who were not identified as economically disadvantaged (Figure 7 and Table 7). The rate for economically disadvantaged students was highest in Grade 9 (11.4%) and lowest in Grade 8 (0.8%). Similarly, rates for non-economically disadvantaged students were highest in Grade 9 (4.5%) and lowest in Grades 7 and 8 (0.3% each).

Figure 7
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Economic Status, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

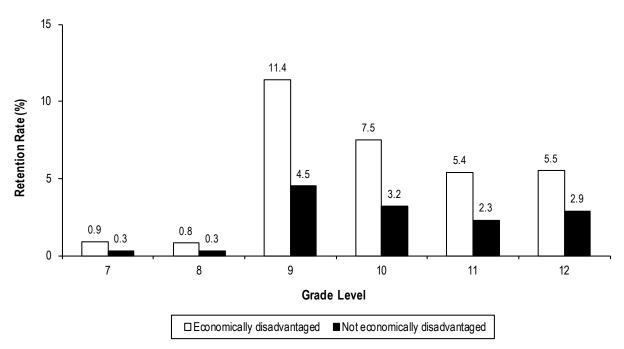


Table 7
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Economic Status, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

		mically antaged		nomically antaged
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%
Grade 7				
2006-07	4,009	2.3	1,654	1.
2007-08	3,559	2.0	1,493	1.
2008-09	2,346	1.4	1,921	1.
2009-10	2,106	1.1	1,606	1.
2010-11	2,834	1.4	679	0.
2011-12	2,933	1.3	685	0.
2012-13	3,068	1.4	658	0.
2013-14	3,219	1.4	635	0.
2014-15	2,516	1.1	646	0.
2015-16	2,271	1.0	513	0.
2016-17	2,123	0.9	475	0.
Grade 8				
2006-07	3,209	1.9	1,734	1.
2007-08	4,287	2.6	2,036	1.
2008-09	2,921	1.7	2,244	1.
2009-10	2,546	1.5	1,957	1
2010-11	3,270	1.7	894	0
2011-12	2,230	1.1	670	0
2012-13	3,270	1.5	858	0
2013-14	2,981	1.3	737	0
2014-15	2,501	1.1	704	0
2015-16	1,633	0.7	478	0
2016-17	1,802	0.8	553	0
Grade 9				
2006-07	36,268	19.8	20,945	11
2007-08	35,007	18.9	19,824	10
2008-09	22,994	13.5	22,022	11
2009-10	21,150	11.6	19,050	10
2010-11	27,044	13.1	9,199	5.
2011-12	28,686	13.4	8,564	5.
2012-13	28,750	13.0	7,898	4
2013-14	26,838	11.9	7,660	4
2014-15	26,537	11.6	8,107	4
2015-16	29,140	12.2	7,951	4.
2016-17	27,371	11.4	7,779	4.
Grade 10				
2006-07	14,640	10.9	10,602	6
2007-08	12,899	9.5	9,315	5.
2008-09	10,219	7.6	10,906	6.

Table 7 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Economic Status,
Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

				nomically antaged
2009-10 9,050 2010-11 11,939 2011-12 13,469 2012-13 13,954 2013-14 14,613 2014-15 14,567 2015-16 16,298 2016-17 15,493 ade 11 2006-07 8,566 2007-08 8,681 2008-09 7,795 2009-10 8,101 2011-12 11,157 2012-13 11,049 2013-14 9,622 2014-15 9,478 2015-16 9,793 2016-17 9,508 ade 12 2006-07 10,688 2008-09 11,204 2009-10 10,461 2010-11 11,592 2011-12 10,638 2010-11 11,592 2011-12 10,638 2011-12 10,638 2011-12 10,638 2011-12 10,638 2011-12 10,638	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%	
2009-10	9,050	6.4	9,386	5.
2010-11	11,939	7.3	5,364	3.
2011-12	13,469	7.7	5,251	3.
2012-13	13,954	7.9	5,131	3.
2013-14	14,613	7.7	5,346	3.
2014-15	14,567	7.6	5,633	3.
2015-16	16,298	8.1	5,553	3.
2016-17	15,493	7.5	5,406	3.
rade 11				
2006-07	8,566	8.1	7,234	4.
2007-08	8,681	7.8	6,849	4.
2008-09	7,795	6.7	8,060	4.
2009-10	8,101	6.3	7,815	4.
2010-11	10,131	7.1	4,915	3.
2011-12	11,157	7.2	4,673	3.
2012-13	11,049	7.0	4,611	3
2013-14	9,622	6.1	3,840	2
2014-15	9,478	5.9	4,068	2
2015-16	9,793	5.8	3,962	2.
2016-17	9,508	5.4	3,843	2.
rade 12				
2006-07	10,688	11.7	8,654	5
2007-08	11,804	11.9	9,720	5
2008-09	11,204	10.3	10,846	6
2009-10	10,461	8.5	9,694	5
2010-11	11,592	8.1	6,924	4
2011-12	10,638	7.2	6,071	3
2012-13	10,377	6.8	5,633	3.
2013-14	10,655	6.8	5,533	3
2014-15	9,479	6.0	5,370	3.
2015-16	9,596	5.7	5,379	3
2016-17	9,539	5.5	5,020	2
otal 7-12				
2006-07	77,380	9.0	50,823	5.
2007-08	76,237	8.7	49,237	4.
2008-09	57,479	6.6	55,999	5.
2009-10	53,414	5.7	49,508	4
2010-11	66,810	6.3	27,975	3
2011-12	69,113	6.2	25,914	2
2012-13	70,468	6.1	24,789	2

Table 7 (continued) Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Economic Status, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

	Econon disadvar		Not economically disadvantaged			
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)		
2013-14	67,928	5.7	23,751	2.5		
2014-15	65,078	5.5	24,528	2.5		
2015-16	68,731	5.6	23,836	2.4		
2016-17	65,836	5.2	23,076	2.3		

Grade-Level Retention by **Gender**

Elementary Grades

The retention rate for males was higher than that for females in every elementary grade (Figure 8 and Table 8). Across elementary grades, retention rates for both males and females were highest in Grade 1 (4.2% and 3.1%, respectively). The rate for females was lowest in Grade 6 (0.3%), and the rates for males were lowest in Grades 4, 5, and 6 (0.7% each).

Figure 8
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and Gender, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

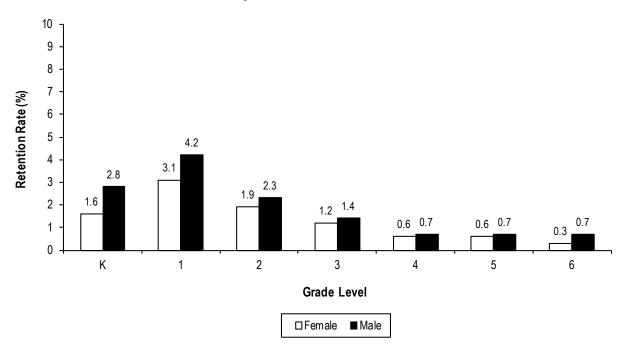


Table 8
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and Gender, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

		Grade												
	K 1		2	2		3		4			6			
		Rate		Rate		Rate		Rate		Rate	'	Rate		Rate
Gender	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)
Female	2,931	1.6	5,907	3.1	3,766	1.9	2,345	1.2	1,092	0.6	1,098	0.6	665	0.3
Male	5,299	2.8	8,498	4.2	4,786	2.3	2,944	1.4	1,469	0.7	1,474	0.7	1,417	0.7

Secondary Grades

As in the elementary grades, males had a higher retention rate than females in every secondary grade (Figure 9 and Table 9). Across secondary grades, retention rates for both males and females were highest in Grade 9 (10.3% and 6.6%, respectively). The rate for males was lowest in Grade 8 (0.7%), and the rates for females were lowest in Grades 7 and 8 (0.5% each).

Figure 9
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Gender, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

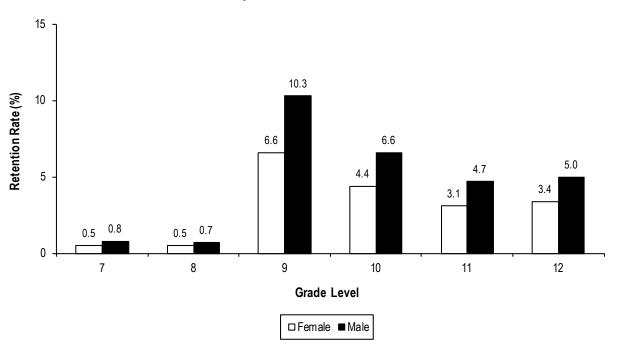


Table 9
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Gender, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

							Grade					
	7 8				9		10	10		11		
Gender	Retained	Rate (%)										
Female	894	0.5	919	0.5	13,014	6.6	8,109	4.4	5,206	3.1	5,856	3.4
Male	1,704	0.8	1,436	0.7	22,136	10.3	12,790	6.6	8,145	4.7	8,703	5.0

Grade-Level Retentionby English Language Learner Status

Elementary Grades

Texas students with limited English proficiency learn English at the same time they learn reading and other language arts skills. Depending on grade level and program availability, most students identified as English language learners (ELLs) are enrolled in bilingual or English as a second language (ESL) programs (Texas Education Code [TEC] §29.053, 2018). ELLs participating in special education receive bilingual or ESL services as part of their special education programs. Although parents can request that a child not receive special language services, in 2016-17, more than 95 percent of all ELLs in the elementary grades participated in bilingual or ESL programs.

In Grades K-6 overall in 2016-17, the retention rate for ELLs was 2.1 percent, compared to 1.4 percent for non-ELLs (Table 10). ELLs overall had a higher rate of retention than non-ELLs in every elementary grade except kindergarten. Among ELLs, the retention rate for students served in bilingual programs was 2.0 percent, and the rate for students served in ESL programs was 1.6 percent (Figure 10). Across elementary grades, retention rates for both ELLs receiving bilingual services and ELLs receiving ESL services were highest in Grade 1 (4.1% and 3.6%, respectively) and lowest in Grade 6 (0.4% and 0.7%, respectively) (Table 10).

Figure 10
Grade-Level Retention of English Language Learners, Grades K-6, by Service Received, Texas Public Schools, 2015-16 and 2016-17

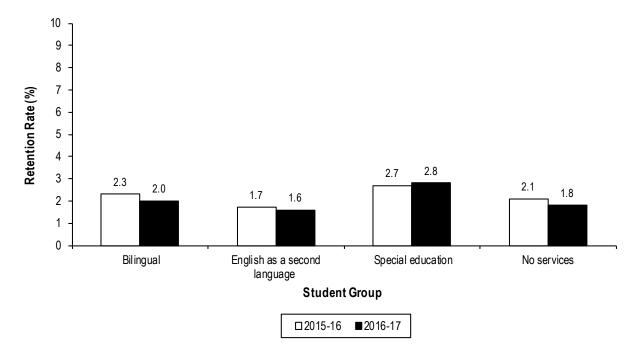


Table 10
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade, English Language Learner Status, and Service Received, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

			Servi	ces rece	ived by ELLs	s ^a						
	Bilingu	ıal	ESL)	Speci educat		No service	:s ^c	ELL		Non-E	LL
V	D. ()	Rate	D 1 : 1	Rate		Rate		Rate	D ()	Rate	D. ()	Rate
Year	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)
Kindergarten											0.700	
2006-07	1,274	2.0	639	3.3	110	11.5	81	2.1	2,686	2.8	9,760	3.9
2007-08	1,246	1.9	598	3.1	135	13.9	83	2.0	2,636	2.7	8,821	3.5
2008-09	1,226	1.8	575	2.8	115	12.5	68	1.8	2,433	2.4	8,603	3.4
2009-10	1,231	1.8	574	2.8	101	11.4	65	1.8	2,393	2.3	8,097	3.1
2010-11	1,204	1.7	543	2.7	109	11.7	53	1.6	2,348	2.3	7,923	3.0
2011-12	1,098	1.5	556	2.7	83	9.2	51	1.6	2,206	2.1	7,622	2.8
2012-13	1,114	1.5	549	2.5	82	8.5	54	1.6	2,218	2.1	7,586	2.7
2013-14	1,006	1.4	540	2.5	86	9.0	46	1.5	2,086	1.9	7,524	2.7
2014-15	962	1.3	552	2.5	71	8.0	36	1.2	2,039	1.9	7,226	2.6
2015-16	932	1.3	497	2.2	70	8.7	35	1.2	1,844	1.8	6,765	2.5
2016-17	833	1.2	543	2.3	64	8.3	26	1.0	1,802	1.8	6,428	2.4
Grade 1												
2006-07	4,300	6.7	1,202	5.7	161	14.1	378	7.6	7,321	7.4	15,849	6.0
2007-08	4,270	6.3	1,195	5.5	170	13.8	312	6.0	7,155	6.9	14,697	5.5
2008-09	4,185	6.0	1,149	5.2	133	12.4	361	6.7	6,861	6.5	14,109	5.3
2009-10	3,910	5.5	1,051	4.6	130	12.2	299	5.8	6,396	5.9	12,742	4.7
2010-11	3,992	5.5	1,073	4.7	98	9.2	272	5.5	6,391	5.9	12,748	4.7
2011-12	3,894	5.2	1,099	4.8	132	11.9	243	5.4	6,236	5.7	12,078	4.4
2012-13	3,842	5.1	992	4.2	128	12.0	271	6.2	6,069	5.5	12,139	4.4
2013-14	3,660	4.7	1,064	4.4	120	11.0	273	6.1	6,014	5.3	12,364	4.3
2014-15	3,717	4.8	1,047	4.2	97	9.2	183	4.5	5,911	5.2	11,651	4.0
2015-16	3,475	4.5	1,047	3.9	59	6.8	187	5.1	5,439	4.8	10,890	3.8
2016-17	2,978	4.1	951	3.6	68	8.2	136	4.0	4,726	4.3	9,679	3.5
Grade 2												
2006-07	2,831	4.9	844	4.1	82	6.4	235	4.4	4,708	5.2	7,675	3.0
2007-08	2,734	4.4	751	3.6	85	6.9	192	3.6	4,530	4.7	7,602	2.9
2008-09	2,734	4.2	751	3.4	62	5.3	178	3.3	4,336	4.3	6,952	2.6
2009-10	2,639	3.9	701	3.2	64	5.8	197	3.5	4,189	4.1	6,641	2.5
2010-11	2,667	3.9	693	3.1	58	4.9	192	3.5	4,135	4.0	6,799	2.5
2011-12	2,714	3.9	669	3.0	69	5.8	194	3.8	4,174	4.0	6,965	2.6
2012-13	2,774	3.9	714	3.2	76	6.0	176	3.7	4,296	4.1	7,099	2.6
2013-14	2,663	3.7	715	3.0	57	4.6	170	3.7	4,240	3.9	7,231	2.6
2013-14	2,735	3.7	713 750	3.0	5 <i>1</i>	4.6	151	3.4	4,247	3.8	6,916	2.4

Note. Counts of English language learners (ELLs) receiving special language program services and of ELLs not receiving such services exclude students for whom information about parental permission for participation in special language programs was missing and, therefore, may not sum to the total number of ELLs.

^aEnglish language learners. ^bEnglish as a second language. ^cIncludes English language learners whose parents did not give permission for participation in special language programs and those whose services received are unknown.

Table 10 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade, English Language Learner Status, and Service Received, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

			Servi	ces rece	ived by ELLs	а						
	Bilingu	ıal	ESL		Specia educati		No service	s ^c	ELL		Non-ELL	
		Rate		Rate		Rate		Rate		Rate		Rat
Year	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%
2015-16	2,402	3.2	642	2.4	42	3.8	130	3.0	3,650	3.3	6,187	2.
2016-17	2,176	3.0	566	2.1	36	3.6	89	2.5	3,294	3.0	5,258	1.
Grade 3												
2006-07	2,355	4.5	767	4.0	55	3.7	136	2.8	3,850	4.6	5,592	2.
2007-08	2,074	3.7	696	3.5	63	4.7	156	3.1	3,474	3.9	5,444	2.
2008-09	2,067	3.4	636	3.0	37	2.9	168	3.1	3,373	3.6	5,045	1.
2009-10	1,843	3.0	462	2.1	40	3.1	116	2.2	2,898	3.0	4,409	1.
2010-11	1,648	2.6	385	1.8	31	2.3	125	2.2	2,533	2.6	4,331	1.
2011-12	1,873	2.9	472	2.2	24	1.7	137	2.6	2,853	2.9	4,627	1.
2012-13	1,995	3.1	542	2.5	28	2.0	166	3.3	3,094	3.1	5,021	1.
2013-14	1,942	2.9	512	2.2	28	2.1	120	2.4	3,035	3.0	5,115	1.
2014-15	1,943	2.8	513	2.1	25	1.8	97	2.1	2,983	2.8	4,587	1.
2015-16	1,593	2.3	375	1.4	19	1.6	93	2.1	2,350	2.2	3,803	1.
2016-17	1,297	1.8	396	1.5	23	1.9	74	1.8	2,040	1.9	3,249	1.
Grade 4												
2006-07	1,048	2.9	306	2.2	26	1.7	52	2.3	1,763	3.0	3,588	1.
2007-08	936	2.3	283	1.7	17	1.1	66	2.0	1,578	2.3	2,927	1.
2008-09	816	1.8	257	1.4	15	1.2	57	1.5	1,394	1.9	2,590	0.
2009-10	877	1.8	256	1.4	20	1.6	54	1.3	1,451	1.9	2,537	0.
2010-11	715	1.4	242	1.3	15	1.1	57	1.4	1,214	1.5	2,395	0.
2011-12	751	1.4	236	1.4	11	0.8	68	1.6	1,249	1.6	2,401	0.
2012-13	1,016	1.9	314	1.6	12	8.0	70	1.6	1,638	1.9	2,947	1.
2013-14	920	1.6	275	1.4	14	1.0	83	2.0	1,542	1.8	2,684	0.
2014-15	886	1.5	249	1.2	15	1.1	56	1.4	1,404	1.5	2,480	0.
2015-16	661	1.1	206	0.9	9	0.7	31	8.0	1,079	1.1	1,907	0.
2016-17	485	8.0	193	8.0	7	0.6	26	0.7	852	0.9	1,709	0
Grade 5												
2006-07	1,289	4.8	713	5.5	42	2.7	93	5.5	2,474	5.2	4,814	1.
2007-08	1,273	4.4	489	3.9	38	2.4	70	3.8	2,202	4.5	4,544	1.
2008-09	1,174	3.7	470	3.5	23	1.7	66	2.9	1,976	3.8	3,759	1.
2009-10	1,035	3.1	386	2.9	21	1.7	68	3.2	1,726	3.2	2,987	1.
2010-11	957	2.7	332	2.6	13	1.0	59	2.2	1,550	2.8	2,680	0
2011-12	272	0.7	149	1.1	14	1.2	26	1.0	530	0.9	1,474	0.
2012-13	999	2.4	468	2.8	23	1.6	84	2.3	1,835	2.7	3,713	1.

Note. Counts of English language learners (ELLs) receiving special language program services and of ELLs not receiving such services exclude students for whom information about parental permission for participation in special language programs was missing and, therefore, may not sum to the total number of ELLs.

[®]English language learners. [®]English as a second language. [©]Includes English language learners whose parents did not give permission for participation in special language programs and those whose services received are unknown.

Table 10 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade, English Language Learner Status, and Service Received, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

			Servic	es rece	ived by ELLs	а						
	Bilingu	ıal	ESL ^t)	Special educati		No service	c c	ELL		Non-El	11
	Dilligo	Rate		Rate	Gucan	Rate	361 1106	Rate	Rate		Rate	
Year	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)
2013-14	915	2.0	440	2.5	16	1.1	77	2.3	1,714	2.4	3,059	1.0
2014-15	695	1.4	349	1.7	13	1.0	44	1.4	1,257	1.6	2,229	0.7
2015-16	249	0.5	184	0.9	5	0.4	17	0.6	564	0.7	1,220	0.4
2016-17	380	0.7	278	1.2	6	0.5	31	1.0	841	1.0	1,731	0.6
Grade 6												
2006-07	49	1.1	463	2.0	39	2.1	31	2.5	723	2.1	3,093	1.1
2007-08	48	1.0	445	1.6	29	1.8	26	1.6	688	1.8	2,494	0.9
2008-09	44	8.0	363	1.3	16	1.2	27	1.7	572	1.4	2,220	0.7
2009-10	51	0.9	443	1.5	21	1.8	24	1.3	647	1.6	2,045	0.7
2010-11	31	0.6	447	1.4	19	1.7	24	1.2	621	1.5	1,973	0.6
2011-12	37	0.6	363	1.1	12	1.1	17	8.0	505	1.2	1,976	0.6
2012-13	57	1.0	495	1.4	12	1.0	43	2.0	718	1.5	2,233	0.7
2013-14	36	0.7	486	1.2	10	8.0	30	1.2	676	1.3	2,010	0.6
2014-15	42	0.6	438	0.9	14	1.1	32	1.2	624	1.0	1,785	0.6
2015-16	46	0.7	412	8.0	7	0.6	26	1.1	573	0.9	1,613	0.5
2016-17	33	0.4	404	0.7	6	0.5	23	0.9	544	8.0	1,538	0.5
Total K-6												
2006-07	13,146	4.3	4,934	3.8	515	5.2	1,006	4.1	23,525	4.6	50,371	2.7
2007-08	12,581	3.8	4,457	3.2	537	5.6	905	3.4	22,263	4.1	46,529	2.5
2008-09	12,246	3.5	4,201	2.9	401	4.7	925	3.3	20,945	3.7	43,278	2.3
2009-10	11,586	3.2	3,873	2.6	397	4.9	823	3.0	19,700	3.4	39,458	2.0
2010-11	11,214	3.0	3,715	2.5	343	4.2	782	2.8	18,792	3.2	38,849	2.0
2011-12	10,639	2.8	3,544	2.4	345	4.1	736	2.7	17,753	3.0	37,143	1.8
2012-13	11,797	3.0	4,074	2.5	361	4.2	864	3.1	19,868	3.2	40,738	2.0
2013-14	11,142	2.8	4,032	2.4	331	3.9	799	3.0	19,307	3.0	39,987	2.0
2014-15	10,980	2.7	3,898	2.1	289	3.4	599	2.3	18,465	2.8	36,874	1.8
2015-16	9,358	2.3	3,363	1.7	211	2.7	519	2.1	15,499	2.3	32,385	1.6
2016-17	8,182	2.0	3,331	1.6	210	2.8	405	1.8	14,099	2.1	29,592	1.4

Note. Counts of English language learners (ELLs) receiving special language program services and of ELLs not receiving such services exclude students for whom information about parental permission for participation in special language programs was missing and, therefore, may not sum to the total number of ELLs.

^aEnglish language learners. ^bEnglish as a second language. ^cIncludes English language learners whose parents did not give permission for participation in special language programs and those whose services received are unknown.

Grade-Level Retention by English Language Learner Status

Secondary Grades

In Grades 7-12 overall in 2016-17, the retention rate for ELLs was 7.5 percent, compared to 3.5 percent for non-ELLs (Table 11). ELLs overall had a higher rate of retention than non-ELLs in every secondary grade. Nearly 94 percent of ELLs in secondary school were served in ESL programs, and the retention rate for these students was 6.2 percent (Figure 11). Across secondary grades, the retention rate for ELLs receiving ESL services was highest in Grade 9 (13.6%) and lowest in Grade 7 (0.9%) (Table 11).

Figure 11
Grade-Level Retention of English Language Learners, Grades 7-12, by Service Received, Texas Public Schools, 2015-16 and 2016-17

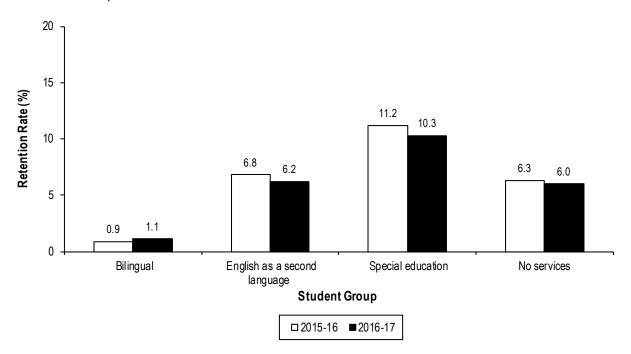


Table 11
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade, English Language Learner Status, and Service Received, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

			Servi	ces rece	ived by ELLs	S ^a						
	Bilingu	ıal	ESL	b	Speci educat		No service	esc	ELL		Non-E	LL
V	Datainad	Rate	Deteined	Rate	Datainad	Rate	Datainad	Rate	Deteined	Rate	Datainad	Rate
Year Crede 7	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)
Grade 7		2.0	607	2.0	02	4.2	42	4.0	040	2.4	1715	1.0
2006-07	_	3.0	607	2.8	83	4.3	43	4.0	948	3.4	4,715	1.6
2007-08	-	0.5	665	2.6	62	3.3	33	2.5	968	3.0	4,084	1.3
2008-09	_	1.2	465	1.7	49	3.1	26	1.7	722	2.1	3,545	1.2
2009-10	-	0.3	472	1.7	27	2.3	23	1.7	690	2.0	3,022	1.0
2010-11	-	0.4	487	1.6	23	2.1	37	2.3	691	1.9	2,822	0.9
2011-12	_	0.2	501	1.7	22	2.2	29	1.8	706	1.9	2,912	0.9
2012-13	14	1.8	560	1.8	18	1.8	33	1.9	774	2.0	2,952	0.9
2013-14	-	0.5	644	1.8	24	2.3	33	1.8	905	2.1	2,949	0.9
2014-15	-	0.6	530	1.3	23	2.0	34	1.6	737	1.5	2,425	0.7
2015-16	6	8.0	509	1.1	13	1.2	23	1.1	654	1.2	2,130	0.6
2016-17	8	0.9	476	0.9	10	0.8	33	1.6	632	1.1	1,966	0.6
Grade 8												
2006-07	0	0.0	564	2.5	92	4.5	36	2.5	898	3.1	4,045	1.3
2007-08	-	1.8	892	4.5	91	4.5	47	4.6	1,278	5.0	5,045	1.7
2008-09	0	0.0	768	3.5	54	3.2	32	2.7	1,076	3.9	4,089	1.3
2009-10	-	1.0	674	3.0	42	3.2	25	2.3	995	3.6	3,508	1.1
2010-11	_	1.6	665	3.0	26	2.7	35	3.5	911	3.4	3,253	1.0
2011-12	_	0.4	282	1.2	19	2.1	20	1.9	526	1.9	2,374	0.7
2012-13	8	1.8	558	2.3	23	2.5	33	2.7	809	2.7	3,319	1.0
2013-14	5	1.1	676	2.4	12	1.4	30	2.0	939	2.7	2,779	0.8
2014-15	7	1.7	616	1.7	11	1.2	26	1.5	844	2.0	2,361	0.7
2015-16	1	0.2	319	8.0	10	1.0	17	0.9	460	1.0	1,651	0.5
2016-17	1	0.2	424	1.0	13	1.2	15	8.0	589	1.2	1,766	0.5
Grade 9												
2006-07	_	50.0	6,064	25.2	772	31.6	488	26.5	9,478	29.0	47,735	14.1
2007-08	_	16.7	6,161	24.1	811	32.5	445	25.0	9,667	28.0	45,164	13.3
2008-09	0	0.0	4,714	20.4	611	29.7	287	23.5	7,742	25.2	37,274	11.1
2009-10	0	0.0	4,257	18.4	440	30.2	226	19.5	6,852	23.1	33,348	9.7
2010-11	0	0.0	3,993	17.0	347	28.4	192	17.6	6,332	21.2	29,911	8.8
2011-12	_	5.1	3,807	17.0	249	26.6	170	16.7	5,906	21.1	31,344	9.1
2012-13	12	21.1	3,964	16.8	247	27.8	203	18.8	6,437	21.6	30,211	8.6
2013-14	11	17.2	3,760	14.7	250	28.2	149	12.8	6,540	20.1	27,958	7.8
2014-15	8	10.1	4,243	13.9	231	27.3	190	13.4	6,701	17.8	27,943	7.7

Note. A dash (-) indicates data are masked. See the section "Data Masking" on page 9 for additional information. Counts of English language learners (ELLs) receiving special language program services and of ELLs not receiving such services exclude students for whom information about parental permission for participation in special language programs was missing and, therefore, may not sum to the total number of ELLs.

^aEnglish language learners. ^bEnglish as a second language. ^cIncludes English language learners whose parents did not give permission for participation in special language programs and those whose services received are unknown.

Table 11 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade, English Language Learner Status, and Service Received, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

			Servi	ces rece	ived by ELLs	S ^a						
	Biling	ual	ESL	b	Speci educat		No service	esc	ELL		Non-E	LL
		Rate	-	Rate	-	Rate		Rate		Rate		Rat
Year	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%
2015-16	2	2.9	5,309	14.7	232	26.5	249	16.1	7,939	18.3	29,152	7.
2016-17	8	11.8	5,276	13.6	233	22.9	242	14.5	8,399	17.7	26,751	7.
Grade 10												
2006-07	0	0.0	1,835	13.0	269	17.8	175	17.4	2,769	15.1	22,473	7.
2007-08	_	20.0	1,719	11.1	244	14.9	139	11.1	2,544	12.7	19,670	6.
2008-09	0	0.0	1,708	10.5	213	16.4	129	12.0	2,547	12.5	18,578	6.
2009-10	0	0.0	1,316	9.1	153	15.1	67	9.3	1,929	10.9	16,507	5.
2010-11	0	0.0	1,133	7.9	111	14.6	74	10.4	1,688	9.8	15,615	5.
2011-12	_	4.5	1,391	9.0	107	16.2	69	8.9	2,010	10.9	16,710	5.
2012-13	_	8.0	1,738	10.5	72	13.7	73	9.2	2,338	11.9	16,747	5.
2013-14	0	0.0	1,959	10.2	93	18.2	92	10.5	2,707	12.0	17,252	5.
2014-15	-	8.1	2,113	9.9	94	18.0	90	10.1	2,893	11.6	17,307	5.
2015-16	2	7.1	2,740	10.6	99	17.3	101	9.3	3,503	11.9	18,348	5.
2016-17	1	3.6	2,965	9.9	101	16.1	103	9.4	3,840	11.3	17,059	4.
Grade 11												
2006-07	0	0.0	1,161	11.4	150	13.2	95	12.8	1,687	13.0	14,113	5.
2007-08	0	0.0	1,232	11.3	143	11.5	106	14.2	1,713	12.4	13,817	5.
2008-09	0	0.0	1,355	11.4	156	13.4	88	11.3	1,928	12.9	13,927	5.
2009-10	0	0.0	1,383	11.0	119	14.8	59	8.4	1,844	12.3	14,072	5.
2010-11	0	0.0	1,176	10.6	97	14.8	55	10.2	1,604	12.1	13,442	4
2011-12	0	0.0	1,421	12.5	83	16.2	41	8.2	1,867	13.9	13,963	4.
2012-13	_	14.3	1,445	11.8	67	14.0	47	8.8	1,885	13.1	13,775	4
2013-14	_	4.5	1,322	9.0	49	13.1	44	6.4	1,736	10.3	11,726	4
2014-15	0	0.0	1,285	8.1	45	13.1	55	8.1	1,751	9.7	11,795	3.
2015-16	0	0.0	1,531	8.8	43	11.7	67	9.1	1,936	9.8	11,819	3.
2016-17	0	0.0	1,601	7.6	41	9.8	68	8.1	2,069	8.8	11,282	3.
Grade 12												
2006-07	_	33.3	2,065	31.3	240	20.0	161	27.0	2,767	30.4	16,575	6.
2007-08	0	0.0	2,508	31.9	287	21.7	165	28.2	3,260	31.3	18,264	7.
2008-09	0	0.0	2,603	29.8	215	18.8	161	28.2	3,330	29.6	18,720	6
2009-10	0	0.0	2,601	29.1	217	23.1	134	22.6	3,209	28.9	16,946	6
2010-11	0	0.0	2,319	25.5	188	25.3	94	18.5	2,856	25.9	15,660	5
2011-12	_	33.3	1,977	24.0	171	27.7	65	14.9	2,486	24.9	14,223	4
2012-13	0	0.0	1,792	20.9	137	25.3	55	13.9	2,267	22.2	13,743	4.

Note. A dash (-) indicates data are masked. See the section "Data Masking" on page 9 for additional information. Counts of English language learners (ELLs) receiving special language program services and of ELLs not receiving such services exclude students for whom information about parental permission for participation in special language programs was missing and, therefore, may not sum to the total number of ELLs.

[®]English language learners. [®]English as a second language. [©]Includes English language learners whose parents did not give permission for participation in special language programs and those whose services received are unknown.

Table 11 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade, English Language Learner Status, and Service Received, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

			Servi	ces rece	eived by ELLs	Sa						
	Bilingu	al	ESLb		•	Special education		es ^c	ELL		Non-E	LL
		Rate		Rate		Rate		Rate		Rate		Rate
Year	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)	Retained	(%)
2013-14	0	0.0	1,993	22.2	99	23.1	45	11.9	2,406	23.1	13,782	4.5
2014-15	0	0.0	1,762	12.8	102	24.7	55	8.1	2,176	13.8	12,673	4.1
2015-16	1	9.1	1,900	12.0	85	22.4	51	7.4	2,274	12.9	12,701	4.0
2016-17	0	0.0	1,864	10.4	94	21.8	40	5.7	2,240	11.3	12,319	3.8
Total 7-12												
2006-07	8	3.5	12,296	12.4	1,606	15.6	998	15.0	18,547	14.3	109,656	6.3
2007-08	5	1.6	13,177	12.6	1,638	15.5	935	14.0	19,430	14.2	106,044	6.1
2008-09	_	8.0	11,613	10.6	1,298	14.6	723	11.4	17,345	12.5	96,133	5.4
2009-10	-	0.6	10,703	9.8	998	14.9	534	9.5	15,519	11.5	87,403	4.8
2010-11	5	8.0	9,773	8.9	792	14.6	487	8.9	14,082	10.5	80,703	4.3
2011-12	6	0.6	9,379	8.5	651	14.1	394	7.3	13,501	10.0	81,526	4.3
2012-13	38	2.8	10,057	8.6	564	13.0	444	7.7	14,510	10.2	80,747	4.2
2013-14	22	1.5	10,354	7.8	527	12.8	393	6.1	15,233	9.5	76,446	3.9
2014-15	22	1.8	10,549	6.7	506	12.1	450	6.0	15,102	8.1	74,504	3.8
2015-16	12	0.9	12,308	6.8	482	11.2	508	6.3	16,766	8.0	75,801	3.8
2016-17	18	1.1	12,606	6.2	492	10.3	501	6.0	17,769	7.5	71,143	3.5

Note. A dash (–) indicates data are masked. See the section "Data Masking" on page 9 for additional information. Counts of English language learners (ELLs) receiving special language program services and of ELLs not receiving such services exclude students for whom information about parental permission for participation in special language programs was missing and, therefore, may not sum to the total number of ELLs.

^aEnglish language learners. ^bEnglish as a second language. ^cIncludes English language learners whose parents did not give permission for participation in special language programs and those whose services received are unknown.

Grade-Level Retentionof Special Education Students by Primary Disability

Elementary Grades

Each student receiving special education services has an individualized education program that is developed by a local admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee and that specifies goals and objectives for the year (Title 19 of the Texas Administrative Code [TAC] §89.1055, 2018, amended to be effective February 15, 2018). The student progresses to the next grade level whenever the goals and objectives are met. Retention and promotion policies and practices for students with disabilities vary across Texas districts.

ARDs assign each elementary special education student a primary disability from 1 of 13 categories of disability (TEA, 2016). Among elementary special education students in 2016-17 for whom primary disability information was available, 91.7 percent were assigned a primary disability from 1 of 5 categories: speech impairment; learning disability; other health impairment, such as attention deficit disorder; autism; or intellectual disability (Table 12 on page 44). The same five categories accounted for 90.6 percent of retained elementary special education students for whom primary disability information was available. Across these five categories, the retention rate in Grades K-6 overall was highest for students with speech impairments (3.7%), followed by students with other health impairments (1.6%), autism (1.3%), intellectual disabilities (0.9%), and learning disabilities (0.6%) (Figure 12).

Across elementary grades in 2016-17, retention rates for the five most common primary disabilities were highest in kindergarten or first grade (Table 12 on page 44). Rates for students with other health impairments, learning disabilities, autism, and intellectual disabilities were highest in kindergarten (7.8%, 6.6%, 4.8%, and 3.7%, respectively). The rate for students with speech impairments was highest in Grade 1 (7.0%).

Figure 12 Grade-Level Retention of Special Education Students, Grades K-6, by Primary Disability, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

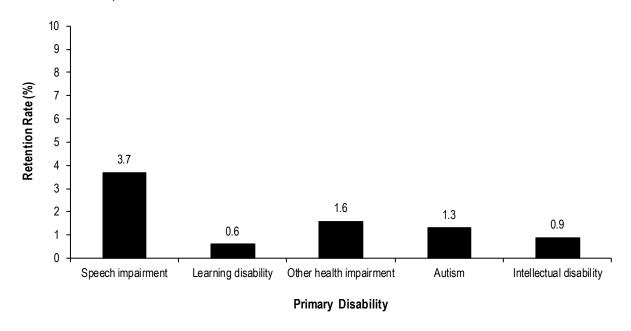


Table 12
Grade-Level Retention of Special Education Students, Grades K-6, by Grade and Primary Disability, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

	Sp	eech impairm	nent	Le	arning disabi	lity	Other	health impa	irment
Year	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)
Kindergarten									
2013-14	1,401	16,790	8.3	54	573	9.4	296	2,362	12.5
2014-15	1,380	17,077	8.1	62	481	12.9	248	2,441	10.2
2015-16	1,374	17,994	7.6	53	512	10.4	224	2,471	9.1
2016-17	860	14,061	6.1	8	122	6.6	121	1,556	7.8
Grade 1									
2013-14	1,660	15,760	10.5	267	2,942	9.1	284	3,470	8.2
2014-15	1,577	16,058	9.8	230	2,788	8.2	301	3,550	8.5
2015-16	1,569	17,148	9.1	197	2,747	7.2	259	3,897	6.6
2016-17	1,129	16,203	7.0	27	822	3.3	122	2,603	4.7
Grade 2									
2013-14	574	11,663	4.9	266	6,848	3.9	180	4,228	4.3
2014-15	534	12,139	4.4	236	6,507	3.6	176	4,570	3.9
2015-16	515	13,484	3.8	217	6,530	3.3	164	4,840	3.4
2016-17	378	13,370	2.8	54	3,334	1.6	81	3,814	2.1
Grade 3									
2013-14	212	8,600	2.5	150	11,353	1.3	84	5,118	1.6
2014-15	206	8,692	2.4	174	11,024	1.6	100	5,229	1.9
2015-16	161	10,258	1.6	133	10,694	1.2	71	5,749	1.2
2016-17	117	10,276	1.1	54	6,868	0.8	46	4,676	1.0
Grade 4									
2013-14	68	5,936	1.1	119	15,225	0.8	56	5,475	1.0
2014-15	65	6,265	1.0	90	14,645	0.6	61	6,030	1.0
2015-16	55	7,077	8.0	82	14,332	0.6	59	6,287	0.9
2016-17	42	7,702	0.5	43	10,874	0.4	31	5,621	0.6
Grade 5									
2013-14	46	3,694	1.2	118	17,851	0.7	70	5,790	1.2
2014-15	33	3,766	0.9	128	17,638	0.7	71	6,051	1.2
2015-16	29	4,804	0.6	77	17,159	0.4	57	6,728	0.8
2016-17	21	5,138	0.4	58	13,971	0.4	44	5,976	0.7
Grade 6									
2013-14	15	1,979	0.8	117	18,083	0.6	48	5,284	0.9
2014-15	7	2,055	0.3	124	18,342	0.7	60	5,897	1.0
2015-16	10	2,581	0.4	116	18,317	0.6	53	6,332	0.8
2016-17	12	2,920	0.4	73	16,366	0.4	40	6,309	0.6
Grades K-6									
2013-14	3,976	64,422	6.2	1,091	72,875	1.5	1,018	31,727	3.2
2014-15	3,802	66,052	5.8	1,044	71,425	1.5	1,017	33,768	3.0
2015-16	3,713	73,346	5.1	875	70,291	1.2	887	36,304	2.4
2016-17	2,559	69,670	3.7	317	52,357	0.6	485	30,555	1.6

Table 12 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention of Special Education Students, Grades K-6, by Grade and Primary Disability, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

		Autism		Inte	llectual disab	oility	Emo	tional disturb	ance
Year	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)
Kindergarten									
2013-14	253	3,562	7.1	163	1,781	9.2	41	477	8.6
2014-15	241	3,879	6.2	193	1,939	10.0	24	509	4.7
2015-16	247	4,089	6.0	137	1,957	7.0	28	554	5.1
2016-17	150	3,104	4.8	37	1,008	3.7	4	204	2.0
Grade 1									
2013-14	117	3,924	3.0	85	2,411	3.5	65	1,040	6.3
2014-15	84	4,111	2.0	79	2,637	3.0	40	1,047	3.8
2015-16	104	4,586	2.3	79	2,898	2.7	53	1,124	4.7
2016-17	75	4,058	1.8	47	2,055	2.3	18	644	2.8
Grade 2									
2013-14	83	3,961	2.1	77	3,043	2.5	48	1,425	3.4
2014-15	74	4,289	1.7	56	3,221	1.7	40	1,550	2.6
2015-16	78	4,615	1.7	66	3,586	1.8	45	1,576	2.9
2016-17	57	4,465	1.3	35	2,948	1.2	19	1,131	1.7
Grade 3									
2013-14	36	4,057	0.9	21	3,293	0.6	29	1,838	1.6
2014-15	25	4,287	0.6	27	3,699	0.7	14	1,898	0.7
2015-16	30	4,588	0.7	29	4,048	0.7	22	2,084	1.1
2016-17	12	4,461	0.3	20	3,524	0.6	10	1,530	0.7
Grade 4									
2013-14	26	4,176	0.6	22	3,568	0.6	31	2,249	1.4
2014-15	22	4,256	0.5	26	3,778	0.7	18	2,313	0.8
2015-16	34	4,590	0.7	25	4,283	0.6	21	2,398	0.9
2016-17	16	4,473	0.4	9	3,935	0.2	8	1,925	0.4
Grade 5									
2013-14	45	4,024	1.1	27	3,565	0.8	32	2,588	1.2
2014-15	57	4,365	1.3	37	3,884	1.0	36	2,617	1.4
2015-16	28	4,533	0.6	43	4,221	1.0	24	2,699	0.9
2016-17	39	4,354	0.9	28	4,161	0.7	10	2,205	0.5
Grade 6					· ·				
2013-14	21	3,600	0.6	56	3,619	1.5	33	2,640	1.3
2014-15	36	4,133	0.9	42	3,833	1.1	40	2,743	1.5
2015-16	24	4,495	0.5	22	4,212	0.5	38	2,862	1.3
2016-17	23	4,419	0.5	24	4,034	0.6	22	2,399	0.9
Grades K-6					,				
2013-14	581	27,304	2.1	451	21,280	2.1	279	12,257	2.3
2014-15	539	29,320	1.8	460	22,991	2.0	212	12,677	1.7
2015-16	545	31,496	1.7	401	25,205	1.6	231	13,297	1.7
2016-17	372	29,334	1.3	200	21,665	0.9	91	10,038	0.9

Table 12 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention of Special Education Students, Grades K-6, by Grade and Primary Disability, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

	Aud	ditory impairn	nent	Vis	sual impairm	ent	Ortho	opedic impai	
Year	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)
Kindergarten									
2013-14	55	385	14.3	27	261	10.3	20	268	7.5
2014-15	46	415	11.1	18	250	7.2	24	271	8.9
2015-16	50	407	12.3	15	205	7.3	20	250	8.0
2016-17	39	376	10.4	19	189	10.1	8	202	4.0
Grade 1									
2013-14	21	446	4.7	19	249	7.6	18	297	6.1
2014-15	25	408	6.1	18	279	6.5	15	268	5.6
2015-16	20	451	4.4	16	285	5.6	12	282	4.3
2016-17	13	380	3.4	8	200	4.0	12	235	5.1
Grade 2									
2013-14	19	481	4.0	13	290	4.5	10	253	4.0
2014-15	27	502	5.4	9	272	3.3	_	<300	0.3
2015-16	14	446	3.1	11	281	3.9	6	260	2.3
2016-17	14	433	3.2	6	270	2.2	4	256	1.6
Grade 3									
2013-14	11	478	2.3	_	<250	1.2	5	260	1.9
2014-15	_	<550	0.6	5	263	1.9	_	<250	2.1
2015-16	9	507	1.8	3	274	1.1	1	288	0.3
2016-17	5	431	1.2	1	248	0.4	2	230	0.9
Grade 4									
2013-14	_	<500	0.4	_	<300	1.1	_	<300	2.0
2014-15	_	<500	0.6	_	<300	1.2	_	<250	0.9
2015-16	3	523	0.6	2	264	0.8	2	232	0.9
2016-17	0	475	0.0	1	260	0.4	1	264	0.4
Grade 5									
2013-14	_	<550	0.8	6	284	2.1	5	266	1.9
2014-15	_	<500	0.8	_	<300	0.7	9	240	3.8
2015-16	3	506	0.6	6	255	2.4	6	254	2.4
2016-17	0	502	0.0	2	253	0.8	4	219	1.8
Grade 6									
2013-14	_	<500	0.6	_	<300	0.7	_	<250	1.3
2014-15	_	<500	0.2	_	<300	0.4	0	258	0.0
2015-16	0	488	0.0	2	269	0.7	1	236	0.4
2016-17	1	463	0.2	0	235	0.0	3	223	1.3
Grades K-6									
2013-14	115	3,270	3.5	73	1,888	3.9	66	1,835	3.6
2014-15	109	3,300	3.3	56	1,867	3.0	56	1,800	3.1
2015-16	99	3,328	3.0	55	1,833	3.0	48	1,802	2.7
2016-17	72	3,060	2.4	37	1,655	2.2	34	1,629	2.1

Table 12 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention of Special Education Students, Grades K-6, by Grade and Primary Disability, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

	Noncate	gorical early	childhood	Trau	ımatic brain i	njury		Deaf-blind	
Year	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)
Kindergarten									
2013-14	49	371	13.2	10	60	16.7	_	<50	20.0
2014-15	_	<450	16.3	5	58	8.6	_	<50	13.6
2015-16	54	418	12.9	7	55	12.7	1	15	6.7
2016-17	166	1,561	10.6	2	44	4.5	0	7	0.0
Grade 1									
2013-14	0	7	0.0	_	<100	5.5	_	<50	11.1
2014-15	_	<50	20.0	6	72	8.3	0	14	0.0
2015-16	0	8	0.0	2	64	3.1	2	22	9.1
2016-17	0	0		1	52	1.9	0	17	0.0
Grade 2									
2013-14	0	2	0.0	-	<100	1.3	-	<50	8.3
2014-15	_	<50	50.0	_	<100	3.3	0	12	0.0
2015-16	0	0		2	75	2.7	1	16	6.3
2016-17	0	0		1	54	1.9	0	21	0.0
Grade 3									
2013-14	0	0		_	<100	1.2	0	9	0.0
2014-15	0	0		0	88	0.0	_	<50	7.1
2015-16	0	0		1	71	1.4	0	18	0.0
2016-17	0	0		0	71	0.0	0	15	0.0
Grade 4									
2013-14	0	0		_	<100	1.3	0	13	0.0
2014-15	0	0		0	86	0.0	0	11	0.0
2015-16	0	0		1	97	1.0	0	13	0.0
2016-17	0	0		0	62	0.0	0	17	0.0
Grade 5									
2013-14	0	0		_	<100	4.7	0	17	0.0
2014-15	0	0		_	<100	3.2	0	11	0.0
2015-16	0	1	0.0	3	95	3.2	0	13	0.0
2016-17	0	0		0	93	0.0	0	13	0.0
Grade 6				-					
2013-14	0	0		_	<150	1.9	_	<50	8.0
2014-15	0	1	0.0	0	92	0.0	_	<50	5.6
2015-16	0	1	0.0	1	97	1.0	0	13	0.0
2016-17	0	0		2	83	2.4	0	12	0.0
Grades K-6								·-	
2013-14	49	380	12.9	22	544	4.0	8	109	7.3
2014-15	68	414	16.4	16	552	2.9	5	102	4.9
2015-16	54	428	12.6	17	554	3.1	4	110	3.6
2016-17	166	1,561	10.6	6	459	1.3	0	102	0.0

Table 12 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention of Special Education Students, Grades K-6, by Grade and Primary Disability, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

		elopmental d			special educa	
Year	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%
Kindergarten						
2013-14	-	<50	33.3	2,471	28,888	8.6
2014-15	-	<50	33.3	2,417	29,599	8.2
2015-16	0	6	0.0	2,290	29,829	7.
2016-17	0	0		2,184	31,621	6.9
Grade 1						
2013-14	0	0		2,632	32,652	8.
2014-15	0	1	0.0	2,454	33,140	7.
2015-16	0	3	0.0	2,357	34,534	6.
2016-17	0	0		2,224	35,594	6.
Grade 2						
2013-14	0	4	0.0	1,333	34,476	3.
2014-15	0	0		1,225	35,683	3.
2015-16	0	1	0.0	1,142	36,903	3.
2016-17	0	0		987	38,645	2.0
Grade 3						
2013-14	0	1	0.0	601	37,513	1.
2014-15	0	0		598	38,076	1.
2015-16	0	3	0.0	475	39,737	1.
2016-17	0	0		425	40,777	1.
Grade 4						
2013-14	0	0		346	39,551	0.
2014-15	0	1	0.0	315	40,246	0.
2015-16	0	2	0.0	291	40,981	0.
2016-17	0	0		219	42,795	0.
Grade 5						
2013-14	0	0		378	40,631	0.
2014-15	0	0		401	41,404	1.
2015-16	0	0		286	42,260	0.
2016-17	0	0		262	43,084	0.
Grade 6						
2013-14	0	0		313	37,904	0.
2014-15	0	0		325	39,612	0.
2015-16	0	0		275	40,592	0.
2016-17	0	0		253	41,386	0.
Grades K-6					<u> </u>	
2013-14	_	<50	12.5	8,074	251,615	3.
2014-15	_	<50	20.0	7,735	257,760	3.
2015-16	0	15	0.0	7,116	264,836	2.
2016-17	0	0		6,554	273,902	2.

Grade-Level Retentionof Special Education Students by Primary Disability

Secondary Grades

Secondary special education students were assigned 1 of 11 primary disabilities. In 2016-17, among students for whom primary disability information was available, 94.6 percent were assigned a primary disability from 1 of 5 categories: learning disability; other health impairment, such as attention deficit disorder; intellectual disability; autism; or emotional disturbance (Table 13). The same five categories accounted for 95.9 percent of retained secondary special education students for whom primary disability information was available. Across these five categories, the retention rate in Grades 7-12 overall was highest for students with intellectual disabilities (15.7%), followed by students with autism (10.2%), emotional disturbance (9.5%), other health impairments (7.3%), and learning disabilities (5.1%) (Figure 13).

Across secondary grades in 2016-17, retention rates for students with emotional disturbance or learning disabilities were highest in Grade 9 (20.4%, and 12.6%, respectively) (Table 13). Rates for students with intellectual disabilities, autism, or other health impairments were highest in Grade 12 (56.1%, 47.4% and 16.5%, respectively).

Figure 13
Grade-Level Retention of Special Education Students, Grades 7-12, by Primary Disability, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

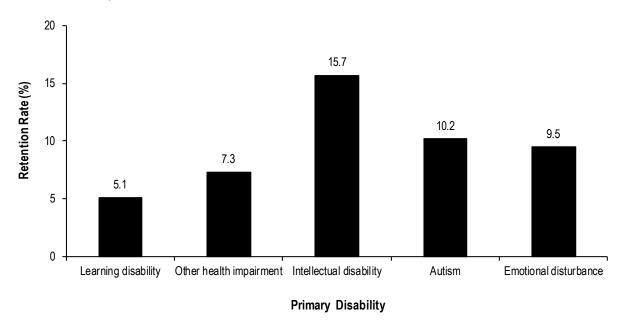


Table 13
Grade-Level Retention of Special Education Students, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Primary Disability, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

	Le	arning disabi	lity	Other	health impai	rment	Intellectual disability			
Year	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	
Grade 7										
2013-14	174	18,260	1.0	62	5,088	1.2	29	3,613	0.8	
2014-15	157	18,265	0.9	60	5,314	1.1	24	3,788	0.6	
2015-16	149	18,628	0.8	67	6,086	1.1	21	4,053	0.5	
2016-17	85	17,160	0.5	43	5,890	0.7	17	3,980	0.4	
Grade 8										
2013-14	149	17,789	0.8	89	4,766	1.9	83	3,151	2.6	
2014-15	148	18,119	0.8	93	5,034	1.8	72	3,730	1.9	
2015-16	87	18,164	0.5	67	5,455	1.2	66	3,932	1.7	
2016-17	76	17,092	0.4	49	5,536	0.9	48	3,842	1.2	
Grade 9										
2013-14	2,897	18,897	15.3	762	4,821	15.8	205	3,264	6.3	
2014-15	2,905	18,973	15.3	804	5,138	15.6	227	3,361	6.8	
2015-16	3,016	19,315	15.6	914	5,531	16.5	321	4,003	8.0	
2016-17	2,231	17,730	12.6	734	5,301	13.8	226	3,866	5.8	
Grade 10										
2013-14	1,586	16,343	9.7	407	4,129	9.9	123	2,783	4.4	
2014-15	1,568	15,582	10.1	434	4,018	10.8	176	3,157	5.6	
2015-16	1,604	16,075	10.0	445	4,387	10.1	165	3,232	5.1	
2016-17	1,267	15,115	8.4	418	4,311	9.7	137	3,509	3.9	
Grade 11										
2013-14	1,000	13,942	7.2	246	3,544	6.9	109	2,595	4.2	
2014-15	1,048	13,842	7.6	272	3,532	7.7	90	2,629	3.4	
2015-16	909	13,059	7.0	238	3,395	7.0	115	3,017	3.8	
2016-17	705	12,680	5.6	197	3,521	5.6	98	2,897	3.4	
Grade 12										
2013-14	526	15,069	3.5	639	4,186	15.3	3,067	5,334	57.5	
2014-15	476	14,637	3.3	690	4,130	16.7	3,092	5,506	56.2	
2015-16	460	14,383	3.2	666	4,151	16.0	3,074	5,553	55.4	
2016-17	396	12,982	3.1	635	3,847	16.5	3,212	5,728	56.1	
Grades 7-12										
2013-14	6,332	100,300	6.3	2,205	26,534	8.3	3,616	20,740	17.4	
2014-15	6,302	99,418	6.3	2,353	27,166	8.7	3,681	22,171	16.6	
2015-16	6,225	99,624	6.2	2,397	29,005	8.3	3,762	23,790	15.8	
2016-17	4,760	92,759	5.1	2,076	28,406	7.3	3,738	23,822	15.7	

Table 13 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention of Special Education Students, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Primary Disability, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

		Autism		Emo	tional disturb	ance	Sp	eech impairn	nent
Year	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)
Grade 7									
2013-14	21	3,409	0.6	56	2,782	2.0	14	1,283	1.1
2014-15	10	3,701	0.3	61	2,825	2.2	_	<1200	0.1
2015-16	19	4,241	0.4	45	2,958	1.5	10	1,524	0.7
2016-17	14	4,351	0.3	28	2,520	1.1	7	1,641	0.4
Grade 8									
2013-14	53	3,033	1.7	58	2,694	2.2	-	<600	1.4
2014-15	54	3,500	1.5	45	2,857	1.6	8	711	1.1
2015-16	52	3,770	1.4	30	2,871	1.0	5	889	0.6
2016-17	39	4,072	1.0	23	2,504	0.9	6	939	0.6
Grade 9									
2013-14	118	2,783	4.2	853	3,247	26.3	20	358	5.6
2014-15	116	3,121	3.7	822	3,227	25.5	29	340	8.5
2015-16	166	3,643	4.6	931	3,445	27.0	31	507	6.1
2016-17	101	3,709	2.7	546	2,675	20.4	34	504	6.7
Grade 10									
2013-14	79	2,365	3.3	420	2,464	17.0	11	183	6.0
2014-15	75	2,684	2.8	444	2,461	18.0	9	240	3.8
2015-16	89	3,038	2.9	447	2,491	17.9	8	239	3.3
2016-17	75	3,366	2.2	286	2,035	14.1	11	311	3.5
Grade 11									
2013-14	44	2,016	2.2	249	1,740	14.3	-	<150	2.3
2014-15	73	2,309	3.2	253	1,837	13.8	_	<150	4.9
2015-16	64	2,609	2.5	242	1,770	13.7	5	183	2.7
2016-17	57	2,828	2.0	159	1,548	10.3	5	177	2.8
Grade 12									
2013-14	1,507	3,168	47.6	174	1,903	9.1	9	96	9.4
2014-15	1,570	3,435	45.7	179	1,831	9.8	7	117	6.0
2015-16	1,755	3,772	46.5	205	1,954	10.5	6	116	5.2
2016-17	2,022	4,270	47.4	199	1,741	11.4	6	145	4.1
Grades 7-12									
2013-14	1,822	16,774	10.9	1,810	14,830	12.2	65	2,613	2.5
2014-15	1,898	18,750	10.1	1,804	15,038	12.0	60	2,707	2.2
2015-16	2,145	21,073	10.2	1,900	15,489	12.3	65	3,458	1.9
2016-17	2,308	22,596	10.2	1,241	13,023	9.5	69	3,717	1.9

Table 13 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention of Special Education Students, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Primary Disability, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

	Aud	ditory impairm	nent	Ortho	pedic impair	ment	Vis	sual impairm	ent
Year	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)
Grade 7									
2013-14	7	459	1.5	5	291	1.7	_	<250	1.7
2014-15	_	<500	0.2	0	244	0.0	_	<300	0.4
2015-16	1	482	0.2	4	246	1.6	2	276	0.7
2016-17	2	467	0.4	2	225	0.9	0	254	0.0
Grade 8									
2013-14	0	445	0.0	5	291	1.7	-	<250	1.6
2014-15	_	<450	0.7	6	284	2.1	6	239	2.5
2015-16	2	500	0.4	5	233	2.1	4	270	1.5
2016-17	3	445	0.7	3	231	1.3	4	258	1.6
Grade 9									
2013-14	36	472	7.6	16	300	5.3	23	250	9.2
2014-15	39	482	8.1	25	295	8.5	16	263	6.1
2015-16	39	461	8.5	23	297	7.7	20	248	8.1
2016-17	26	488	5.3	13	221	5.9	14	262	5.3
Grade 10									
2013-14	24	437	5.5	16	280	5.7	14	208	6.7
2014-15	23	429	5.4	12	268	4.5	12	237	5.1
2015-16	18	441	4.1	10	270	3.7	17	250	6.8
2016-17	16	396	4.0	22	264	8.3	10	224	4.5
Grade 11									
2013-14	15	373	4.0	11	279	3.9	_	<250	1.0
2014-15	17	399	4.3	8	254	3.1	_	<200	2.1
2015-16	15	408	3.7	13	249	5.2	5	210	2.4
2016-17	9	387	2.3	4	251	1.6	9	215	4.2
Grade 12									
2013-14	46	419	11.0	180	444	40.5	99	291	34.0
2014-15	52	425	12.2	174	451	38.6	93	295	31.5
2015-16	42	429	9.8	175	420	41.7	87	284	30.6
2016-17	37	447	8.3	183	407	45.0	85	296	28.7
Grades 7-12									
2013-14	128	2,605	4.9	233	1,885	12.4	146	1,441	10.1
2014-15	135	2,656	5.1	225	1,796	12.5	132	1,499	8.8
2015-16	117	2,721	4.3	230	1,715	13.4	135	1,538	8.8
2016-17	93	2,630	3.5	227	1,599	14.2	122	1,509	8.1

Table 13 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention of Special Education Students, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Primary Disability, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

	Trau	ımatic brain i	njury		Deaf-blind		All special education			
Year	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	Retained	Students	Rate (%)	
Grade 7										
2013-14	_	<150	1.8	0	11	0.0	391	36,781	1.1	
2014-15	0	108	0.0	0	25	0.0	332	37,334	0.9	
2015-16	1	101	1.0	0	19	0.0	323	39,201	0.8	
2016-17	0	94	0.0	0	13	0.0	260	40,207	0.6	
Grade 8										
2013-14	_	<150	3.7	-	<50	11.1	471	34,226	1.4	
2014-15	_	<150	2.5	0	8	0.0	453	36,141	1.3	
2015-16	3	121	2.5	1	21	4.8	331	36,756	0.9	
2016-17	1	99	1.0	1	17	5.9	318	38,444	0.8	
Grade 9										
2013-14	16	127	12.6	-	<50	5.6	5,032	35,211	14.3	
2014-15	16	129	12.4	_	<50	15.4	5,086	36,009	14.1	
2015-16	17	138	12.3	0	10	0.0	5,518	37,938	14.5	
2016-17	8	112	7.1	0	23	0.0	5,240	38,923	13.5	
Grade 10										
2013-14	15	131	11.5	0	8	0.0	2,734	29,864	9.2	
2014-15	_	<150	4.3	0	11	0.0	2,803	29,802	9.4	
2015-16	8	118	6.8	1	12	8.3	2,833	30,822	9.2	
2016-17	4	120	3.3	0	12	0.0	2,887	32,266	8.9	
Grade 11										
2013-14	7	134	5.2	0	10	0.0	1,719	25,370	6.8	
2014-15	8	119	6.7	-	<50	22.2	1,808	25,706	7.0	
2015-16	5	101	5.0	0	14	0.0	1,621	25,294	6.4	
2016-17	4	96	4.2	0	12	0.0	1,556	26,230	5.9	
Grade 12										
2013-14	71	203	35.0	-	<50	53.6	6,512	32,035	20.3	
2014-15	71	207	34.3	10	22	45.5	6,580	31,731	20.7	
2015-16	58	196	29.6	14	21	66.7	6,714	31,859	21.1	
2016-17	59	153	38.6	21	27	77.8	7,123	31,541	22.6	
Grades 7-12							<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
2013-14	115	815	14.1	17	84	20.2	16,859	193,487	8.7	
2014-15	103	799	12.9	14	88	15.9	17,062	196,723	8.7	
2015-16	92	775	11.9	16	97	16.5	17,340	201,870	8.6	
2016-17	76	674	11.3	22	104	21.2	17,384	207,611	8.4	

Grade-Level Retention by Student Characteristic

Elementary Grades

Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS) data on student characteristics were submitted by districts through the Texas Student Data System (TEA, 2016). A student identified as at risk of dropping out of school is under age 26 and meets one or more criteria specified under TEC §29.081. A student identified as in foster care is currently under conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services. A student identified as homeless lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence. Immigrant status applies to individuals, ages 3 through 21, who were not born in the United States and who had not attended more than three years of school in the United States. Migrant status applies to students between the ages of 3 and 21 who had changed school districts at least once in the preceding 36 months because of seasonal or temporary farm or fishing work. A student identified as military-connected is enrolled in a school district or open-enrollment charter school and is a dependent of a member of the U.S. military service in the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard on active duty; the Texas National Guard; or a reserve force in the U.S. military. Based on compulsory school attendance laws in Texas, under which most students begin Grade 1 at the age of six, the age of a student in any specified grade is usually equal to that grade level plus five years. A student whose age on September 1 is higher than his or her grade level plus five years is classified as overage.

In Grades K-6 overall in 2016-17, retention rates for at-risk, foster care, homeless, immigrant, and migrant students were higher than the state average, whereas the rates for military-connected and overage students were lower (Figure 14 on facing page and Table 14 on page 58). Across elementary grades, rates for at-risk, foster care, immigrant, and military-connected students were highest in Grade 1 and lowest in Grade 6. For homeless students, the rate was highest in Grade 1 and lowest in Grade 4. For migrant students, rates were highest in Grade 1 and lowest in Grades 5 and 6. The rate for overage students was highest in Grade 6 and lowest in kindergarten.

Figure 14 Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and At-Risk Status, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

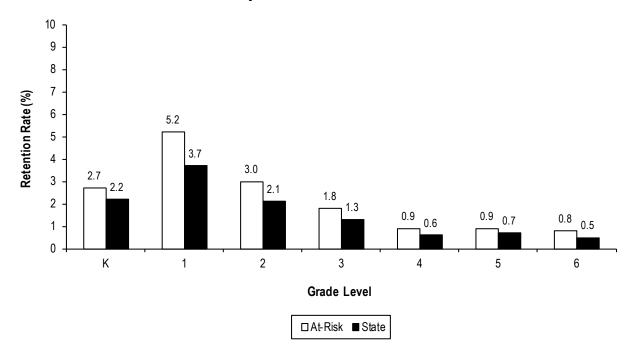


Table 14
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and Student Characteristic, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

	At-F	Risk	Foste	r care	Hom	eless	Immi	grant	Mig	rant
Year	Retained	Rate (%)								
Kindergarten										
2013-14	5,181	2.9	n/aª	n/a	n/a	n/a	92	1.8	56	2.6
2014-15	5,026	2.8	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	89	1.4	67	3.4
2015-16	4,540	2.7	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	95	1.3	47	3.1
2016-17	4,604	2.7	89	5.8	298	4.3	117	1.4	51	4.0
Grade 1										
2013-14	12,696	6.2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	191	3.0	211	8.7
2014-15	12,388	6.1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	258	3.6	221	9.6
2015-16	11,588	5.7	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	293	3.5	140	7.1
2016-17	10,264	5.2	114	7.4	595	8.2	331	3.4	122	8.8
Grade 2										
2013-14	8,280	4.1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	134	2.4	149	6.2
2014-15	8,269	3.9	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	202	3.2	131	5.8
2015-16	7,115	3.5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	193	2.7	97	4.9
2016-17	6,107	3.0	56	3.9	318	4.6	198	2.4	79	5.0
Grade 3										
2013-14	5,274	2.9	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	95	2.3	83	3.4
2014-15	5,192	2.7	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	127	2.5	68	3.0
2015-16	4,081	2.1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	103	1.8	51	2.6
2016-17	3,356	1.8	22	1.9	215	3.1	112	1.7	29	1.9
Grade 4										
2013-14	2,909	1.7	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	62	1.7	49	2.0
2014-15	2,689	1.5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	85	1.9	37	1.6
2015-16	2,020	1.1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	89	1.7	27	1.4
2016-17	1,732	0.9	16	1.4	97	1.5	72	1.2	17	1.1
Grade 5										
2013-14	3,357	1.9	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	107	2.9	39	1.5
2014-15	2,556	1.4	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	84	1.9	31	1.3
2015-16	1,202	0.6	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	56	1.1	17	3.0
2016-17	1,777	0.9	16	1.5	109	1.8	90	1.6	15	0.9
Grade 6										
2013-14	1,582	1.1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	25	0.7	22	0.9
2014-15	1,540	0.9	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	36	0.9	25	1.0
2015-16	1,518	0.8	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	23	0.5	13	0.6
2016-17	1,430	0.8	7	0.8	122	2.0	33	0.6	15	0.9
Total K-6										
2013-14	39,279	3.1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	706	2.2	609	3.6
2014-15	37,660	2.8	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	881	2.3	580	3.7
2015-16	32,064	2.4	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	852	2.0	392	2.9
2016-17	29,270	2.2	320	3.6	1,754	3.8	953	1.9	328	3.1

Note. Students may be counted in more than one category.

58

^aNot available.

Table 14 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and Student
Characteristic, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

	Military-connected		Overage		State	
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%
Kindergarten						
2013-14	n/aª	n/a	48	0.3	9,610	2.
2014-15	n/a	n/a	45	0.3	9,265	2.
2015-16	n/a	n/a	36	0.2	8,609	2.
2016-17	86	1.4	42	0.3	8,230	2.
Grade 1						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	341	1.0	18,378	4.
2014-15	n/a	n/a	318	0.9	17,562	4.
2015-16	n/a	n/a	283	0.8	16,329	4.
2016-17	174	2.8	230	0.7	14,405	3.
Grade 2						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	547	1.2	11,471	3.
2014-15	n/a	n/a	537	1.1	11,163	2.
2015-16	n/a	n/a	437	0.9	9,837	2.
2016-17	75	1.2	334	0.7	8,552	2.
Grade 3						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	582	1.0	8,150	2.
2014-15	n/a	n/a	481	0.9	7,570	1.
2015-16	n/a	n/a	421	0.8	6,153	1.
2016-17	45	0.7	366	0.7	5,289	1.
Grade 4						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	487	0.8	4,226	1.
2014-15	n/a	n/a	438	0.7	3,884	1.
2015-16	n/a	n/a	354	0.6	2,986	0.
2016-17	30	0.5	261	0.5	2,561	0.
Grade 5						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	718	1.1	4,773	1.
2014-15	n/a	n/a	455	0.7	3,486	0.
2015-16	n/a	n/a	256	0.4	1,784	0.
2016-17	32	0.5	328	0.5	2,572	0.
Grade 6						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	853	1.3	2,686	0.
2014-15	n/a	n/a	808	1.2	2,409	0.
2015-16	n/a	n/a	688	1.0	2,186	0.
2016-17	18	0.3	659	1.0	2,082	0.
Total K-6						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	3,576	1.0	59,294	2.
2014-15	n/a	n/a	3,082	0.9	55,339	2.
2015-16	n/a	n/a	2,475	0.7	47,884	1.
2016-17	460	1.1	2,220	0.7	43,691	1.

 ${\it Note}.$ Students may be counted in more than one category.

^aNot available.

Grade-Level Retention by Student Characteristic

Secondary Grades

In Grades 7-12 overall in 2016-17, retention rates for at-risk, foster care, homeless, immigrant, migrant, and overage students were higher than the state average (Figure 15 and Table 15). Across secondary grades, rates for at-risk, foster care, homeless, migrant, military-connected and overage students were highest in Grade 9 and lowest in Grades 7 and 8. The rates for immigrant students were highest in Grade 12 and lowest in Grades 7 and 8.

Figure 15
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Overage Status, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

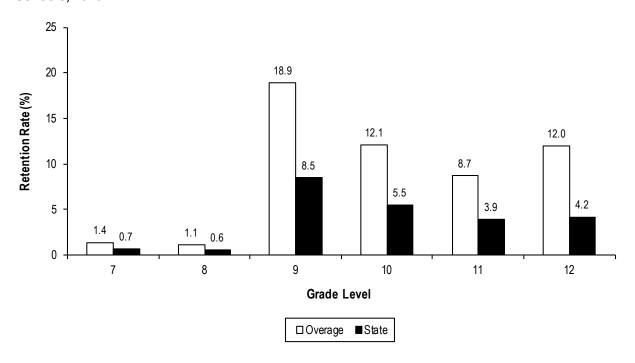


Table 15
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Student Characteristic, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

	At-F	Risk	Foste	r care	Hom	eless	Immi	grant	Mig	rant
Year	Retained	Rate (%)								
Grade 7										
2013-14	2,465	1.6	n/aª	n/a	n/a	n/a	31	0.8	50	1.8
2014-15	1,994	1.2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	43	0.9	49	1.9
2015-16	1,944	1.1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	29	0.6	42	1.9
2016-17	1,775	0.9	10	1.0	130	2.3	45	0.8	36	2.0
Grade 8										
2013-14	2,400	1.5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	99	2.4	58	2.2
2014-15	2,084	1.2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	88	1.7	65	2.5
2015-16	1,332	0.7	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	37	0.7	35	1.6
2016-17	1,546	0.8	27	2.7	124	2.3	64	1.2	30	1.6
Grade 9										
2013-14	20,443	12.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	580	10.0	513	17.2
2014-15	21,478	11.5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	809	11.2	448	15.7
2015-16	25,687	12.8	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	772	10.3	475	18.3
2016-17	23,560	11.8	246	21.6	1,467	23.6	850	10.2	354	16.7
Grade 10										
2013-14	13,333	8.3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	298	6.7	272	10.3
2014-15	13,506	8.8	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	346	6.5	221	9.3
2015-16	15,979	9.5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	472	8.0	289	13.2
2016-17	15,275	8.8	140	17.6	697	14.8	467	7.2	178	9.6
Grade 11										
2013-14	9,269	6.2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	204	6.3	161	7.8
2014-15	9,184	6.5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	220	5.5	122	5.8
2015-16	10,099	7.4	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	244	5.6	133	7.1
2016-17	9,749	6.7	62	12.1	505	12.4	278	5.7	82	5.2
Grade 12										
2013-14	10,305	8.5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	529	18.1	139	5.8
2014-15	9,371	6.3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	502	17.4	125	5.6
2015-16	10,116	7.2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	537	15.8	105	4.8
2016-17	9,713	6.9	90	19.3	484	7.2	537	13.5	83	4.5
Total 7-12										
2013-14	58,215	6.3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,741	7.1	1,193	7.7
2014-15	57,617	5.9	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,008	6.9	1,030	7.0
2015-16	65,157	6.5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,091	6.7	1,079	8.1
2016-17	61,618	5.9	575	11.8	3,407	10.4	2,241	6.4	763	6.9

Note. Students may be counted in more than one category.

aNot available.

Table 15 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and Student
Characteristic, Texas Public Schools, 2013-14 Through 2016-17

	Military-c	onnected	Ove	rage	St	ate
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)
Grade 7						
2013-14	n/aª	n/a	1,534	2.0	3,854	1.0
2014-15	n/a	n/a	1,219	1.7	3,162	0.8
2015-16	n/a	n/a	1,103	1.6	2,784	0.7
2016-17	19	0.3	946	1.4	2,598	0.7
Grade 8						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	1,316	1.7	3,718	1.0
2014-15	n/a	n/a	1,147	1.5	3,205	0.8
2015-16	n/a	n/a	809	1.1	2,111	0.6
2016-17	36	0.6	787	1.1	2,355	0.6
Grade 9						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	18,430	18.4	34,498	8.9
2014-15	n/a	n/a	18,437	18.4	34,644	8.6
2015-16	n/a	n/a	19,456	19.2	37,091	9.0
2016-17	293	5.3	18,590	18.9	35,150	8.5
Grade 10						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	9,583	11.9	19,959	5.8
2014-15	n/a	n/a	10,068	12.3	20,200	5.6
2015-16	n/a	n/a	10,635	12.9	21,851	5.9
2016-17	203	4.0	10,144	12.1	20,899	5.5
Grade 11						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	5,741	9.6	13,462	4.3
2014-15	n/a	n/a	5,821	9.3	13,546	4.2
2015-16	n/a	n/a	5,809	9.3	13,755	4.2
2016-17	139	2.8	5,478	8.7	13,351	3.9
Grade 12						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	9,583	14.3	16,188	5.1
2014-15	n/a	n/a	8,943	13.3	14,849	4.6
2015-16	n/a	n/a	8,620	12.3	14,975	4.5
2016-17	152	3.1	8,506	12.0	14,559	4.2
Total 7-12						
2013-14	n/a	n/a	46,187	10.0	91,679	4.3
2014-15	n/a	n/a	45,635	9.9	89,606	4.1
2015-16	n/a	n/a	46,432	10.1	92,567	4.2
2016-17	842	2.7	44,451	9.8	88,912	3.9

 $\ensuremath{\textit{Note}}.$ Students may be counted in more than one category.

^aNot available.

Grade-Level Retention by Career and Technical Education, Gifted and Talented, and Title I Program Participation

Elementary Grades

Instructional programs are designed to meet students' different educational needs. Gifted and talented programs offer eligible students a range of learning experiences designed to lead to advanced performance (19 TAC §89.3, 2018, adopted to be effective September 1, 1996). Title I is the largest federal aid program for elementary and secondary schools. The goal of Title I is to improve teaching and learning for students attending schools with high percentages of economically disadvantaged students, particularly those students most at risk of not meeting the state's academic achievement standards. Students counted as participating in Title I programs may be participating in Title I-funded programs, or they may be enrolled in campuses that receive school-wide Title I assistance (TEA, 2016). A coherent sequence of study in career and technical education (CTE) programs is offered only in Grades 9-12.

In every elementary grade in 2016-17, the retention rate for students participating in gifted and talented programs was lower than the state average, and the rate for students receiving Title I services was higher than the state average (Figure 16 and Table 16). Across grades, the rate for Title I students was highest in Grade 1 (4.3%) and lowest in Grade 6 (0.6%).

Figure 16
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and Title I Program Participation, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

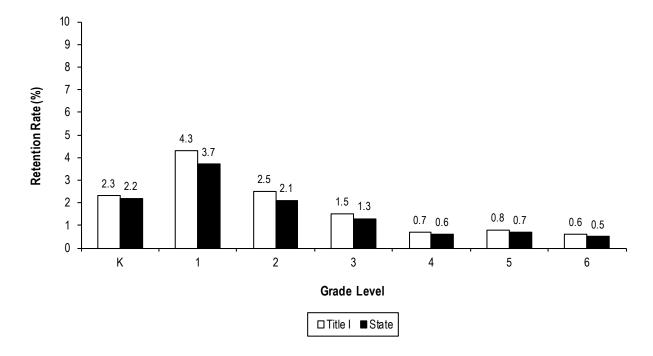


Table 16
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and by Gifted and Talented and Title I Program Participation, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

	Gifted an	d talented	Tit	tle I	State	
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)
Kindergarten						
2006-07	15	0.2	9,253	3.6	12,446	3.6
2007-08	9	0.1	8,701	3.3	11,457	3.3
2008-09	16	0.1	8,436	3.1	11,036	3.1
2009-10	8	0.1	8,205	2.9	10,490	2.9
2010-11	9	0.1	8,272	2.9	10,271	2.8
2011-12	15	0.1	7,854	2.7	9,828	2.6
2012-13	10	0.1	7,962	2.6	9,804	2.5
2013-14	9	0.1	7,868	2.6	9,610	2.5
2014-15	_	<0.1	7,620	2.5	9,265	2.4
2015-16	10	0.1	6,985	2.4	8,609	2.3
2016-17	11	0.1	6,642	2.3	8,230	2.2
Grade 1						
2006-07	13	0.1	20,067	7.4	23,170	6.3
2007-08	20	0.1	19,156	6.9	21,852	5.9
2008-09	25	0.2	18,625	6.6	20,970	5.6
2009-10	22	0.1	17,166	5.9	19,138	5.1
2010-11	18	0.1	17,433	5.8	19,139	5.0
2011-12	25	0.1	16,623	5.5	18,314	4.8
2012-13	20	0.1	16,603	5.4	18,208	4.7
2013-14	21	0.1	16,793	5.2	18,378	4.6
2014-15	13	0.1	16,152	5.0	17,562	4.3
2015-16	15	0.1	14,979	4.7	16,329	4.1
2016-17	14	0.1	13,145	4.3	14,405	3.7
Grade 2						
2006-07	26	0.1	11,017	4.3	12,383	3.6
2007-08	16	0.1	10,858	4.1	12,132	3.4
2008-09	16	0.1	10,201	3.7	11,288	3.1
2009-10	21	0.1	9,926	3.5	10,830	2.9
2010-11	32	0.1	10,103	3.5	10,934	2.9
2011-12	27	0.1	10,300	3.5	11,139	3.0
2012-13	21	0.1	10,581	3.5	11,395	3.0
2013-14	23	0.1	10,713	3.5	11,471	3.0
2014-15	18	0.1	10,436	3.3	11,163	2.8
2015-16	14	<0.1	9,135	2.9	9,837	2.4
2016-17	12	<0.1	7,943	2.5	8,552	2.1
Grade 3						
2006-07	15	0.1	8,467	3.4	9,442	2.8
2007-08	21	0.1	8,075	3.2	8,918	2.6
2008-09	14	0.1	7,674	2.9	8,418	2.3

Note. Students may be counted in more than one category. A dash (–) indicates data are masked. See the section "Data Masking" on page 9 for additional information.

Table 16 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and by Gifted and Talented and Title I Program
Participation, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

	Gifted an	d talented	Tit	ile I	State		
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	
2009-10	18	0.1	6,719	2.4	7,307	2.0	
2010-11	19	0.1	6,360	2.2	6,864	1.9	
2011-12	23	0.1	6,950	2.4	7,480	2.0	
2012-13	33	0.1	7,571	2.6	8,115	2.2	
2013-14	17	0.1	7,617	2.5	8,150	2.1	
2014-15	31	0.1	7,114	2.3	7,570	1.9	
2015-16	25	0.1	5,717	1.8	6,153	1.5	
2016-17	18	0.1	4,867	1.5	5,289	1.3	
Grade 4							
2006-07	19	0.1	4,697	2.0	5,351	1.6	
2007-08	17	0.1	4,018	1.6	4,505	1.3	
2008-09	11	<0.1	3,568	1.4	3,984	1.1	
2009-10	10	<0.1	3,665	1.3	3,988	1.1	
2010-11	17	<0.1	3,315	1.2	3,609	1.0	
2011-12	16	<0.1	3,373	1.2	3,650	1.0	
2012-13	30	0.1	4,237	1.5	4,585	1.2	
2013-14	35	0.1	3,908	1.3	4,226	1.1	
2014-15	18	<0.1	3,603	1.2	3,884	1.0	
2015-16	13	<0.1	2,695	0.9	2,986	0.8	
2016-17	10	<0.1	2,302	0.7	2,561	0.6	
Grade 5							
2006-07	25	0.1	6,359	2.7	7,288	2.2	
2007-08	14	<0.1	5,917	2.4	6,746	2.0	
2008-09	12	<0.1	5,124	2.1	5,735	1.7	
2009-10	25	0.1	4,201	1.6	4,713	1.3	
2010-11	12	<0.1	3,822	1.4	4,230	1.2	
2011-12	12	<0.1	1,776	0.6	2,004	0.5	
2012-13	20	0.1	5,096	1.8	5,548	1.5	
2013-14	14	<0.1	4,381	1.5	4,773	1.3	
2014-15	_	<0.1	3,149	1.1	3,486	0.9	
2015-16	11	<0.1	1,509	0.5	1,784	0.5	
2016-17	12	<0.1	2,267	0.8	2,572	0.7	
Grade 6							
2006-07	26	0.1	2,826	1.4	3,816	1.2	
2007-08	20	0.1	2,330	1.1	3,182	1.0	
2008-09	21	0.1	2,050	1.0	2,792	0.8	
2009-10	30	0.1	2,027	0.9	2,692	0.8	
2010-11	25	0.1	2,073	0.9	2,594	0.7	
2011-12	19	<0.1	1,950	0.8	2,481	0.7	
2012-13	28	0.1	2,331	0.9	2,951	0.8	

Note. Students may be counted in more than one category. A dash (–) indicates data are masked. See the section "Data Masking" on page 9 for additional information.

Table 16 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades K-6, by Grade and by Gifted and Talented and Title I Program
Participation, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

	Gifted an	d talented	Tit	ile I	State	
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)
2013-14	31	0.1	2,214	0.9	2,686	0.7
2014-15	16	<0.1	1,986	0.8	2,409	0.6
2015-16	23	0.1	1,691	0.7	2,186	0.6
2016-17	27	0.1	1,647	0.6	2,082	0.5
Total K-6						
2006-07	139	0.1	62,686	3.7	73,896	3.1
2007-08	117	0.1	59,055	3.4	68,792	2.8
2008-09	115	0.1	55,678	3.1	64,223	2.6
2009-10	134	0.1	51,909	2.7	59,158	2.3
2010-11	132	0.1	51,378	2.6	57,641	2.2
2011-12	137	0.1	48,826	2.4	54,896	2.1
2012-13	162	0.1	54,381	2.7	60,606	2.3
2013-14	150	0.1	53,494	2.6	59,294	2.2
2014-15	112	0.1	50,060	2.4	55,339	2.0
2015-16	111	0.1	42,711	2.0	47,884	1.7
2016-17	104	<0.1	38,813	1.9	43,691	1.6

Note. Students may be counted in more than one category. A dash (–) indicates data are masked. See the section "Data Masking" on page 9 for additional information.

Grade-Level Retention by Career and Technical Education, Gifted and Talented, and Title I Program Participation

Secondary Grades

In addition to the instructional programs available in the elementary grades, a student in Grades 9-12 can participate in a CTE program or course of study that includes a coherent sequence of two or more CTE courses. CTE programs offer a range of training designed to help students gain employment in high-skilled, high-wage jobs and advance to postsecondary education.

In each of Grades 9-12 in 2016-17, the retention rate for students participating in CTE programs was lower than the state average (Figure 17 and Table 17). Across Grades 9-12, the rate for CTE students was highest in Grade 9 (6.3%) and lowest in Grade 12 (1.8%). The retention rate for students participating in gifted and talented programs was lower than the state average in every secondary grade, and the rate for students receiving Title I services was higher (Table 17). Across secondary grades, rates for gifted and talented and Title I students were highest in Grade 9 (0.9% and 10.9%, respectively) and lowest in Grade 8 (<0.1% and 0.7%, respectively).

Figure 17
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 9-12, by Grade and Career and Technical Education Program Participation, Texas Public Schools, 2016-17

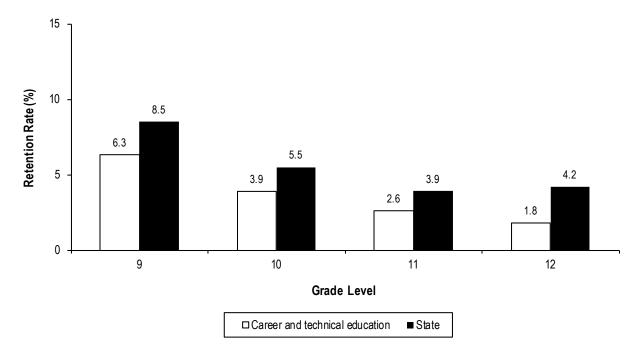


Table 17
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and by Career and Technical Education, Gifted and Talented, and Title I Program Participation, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

		er and education ^a	Gifted an	d talented	Tit	le I	St	ate
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)
Grade 7								
2006-07	n/a ^b	n/a	52	0.1	3,931	2.1	5,663	1.7
2007-08	n/a	n/a	41	0.1	3,483	1.8	5,052	1.5
2008-09	n/a	n/a	38	0.1	2,926	1.5	4,267	1.3
2009-10	n/a	n/a	44	0.1	2,611	1.2	3,712	1.1
2010-11	n/a	n/a	29	0.1	2,595	1.2	3,513	1.0
2011-12	n/a	n/a	45	0.1	2,656	1.2	3,618	1.0
2012-13	n/a	n/a	51	0.1	2,847	1.2	3,726	1.0
2013-14	n/a	n/a	33	0.1	2,921	1.2	3,854	1.0
2014-15	n/a	n/a	23	0.1	2,437	1.1	3,162	0.8
2015-16	n/a	n/a	25	0.1	2,106	0.9	2,784	0.7
2016-17	n/a	n/a	28	0.1	1,966	0.8	2,598	0.7
Grade 8								
2006-07	n/a	n/a	33	0.1	3,306	1.7	4,943	1.5
2007-08	n/a	n/a	38	0.1	4,349	2.3	6,323	1.9
2008-09	n/a	n/a	31	0.1	3,672	1.9	5,165	1.5
2009-10	n/a	n/a	38	0.1	3,366	1.6	4,503	1.3
2010-11	n/a	n/a	39	0.1	3,149	1.4	4,164	1.2
2011-12	n/a	n/a	37	0.1	2,098	0.9	2,900	0.8
2012-13	n/a	n/a	21	0.1	3,012	1.4	4,128	1.1
2013-14	n/a	n/a	34	0.1	2,825	1.2	3,718	1.0
2014-15	n/a	n/a	24	0.1	2,453	1.0	3,205	0.8
2015-16	n/a	n/a	19	<0.1	1,537	0.7	2,111	0.6
2016-17	n/a	n/a	18	<0.1	1,710	0.7	2,355	0.6
Grade 9								
2006-07	6,742	9.9	602	1.8	31,655	19.8	57,213	15.4
2007-08	5,454	8.8	575	1.7	28,887	18.4	54,831	14.7
2008-09	5,803	7.8	488	1.4	24,052	16.2	45,016	12.3
2009-10	6,348	7.7	463	1.3	23,506	13.8	40,200	10.8
2010-11	5,287	6.3	343	1.0	21,984	12.4	36,243	9.7
2011-12	6,092	7.1	367	1.1	22,400	12.7	37,250	10.0
2012-13	6,192	6.9	321	0.9	21,474	12.3	36,648	9.6
2013-14	5,818	6.1	328	0.9	20,002	11.4	34,498	8.9
2014-15	7,217	6.0	316	0.9	20,794	11.3	34,644	8.6
2015-16	9,859	7.0	357	1.0	21,748	11.7	37,091	9.0
2016-17	9,617	6.3	330	0.9	20,480	10.9	35,150	8.5

Note. Students may be counted in more than one category.

^aData reflect students participating in career and technical education programs; students taking career and technical education courses in Grades 7 or 8 or as electives are excluded. ^bNot applicable.

Table 17 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and by Career and Technical Education, Gifted and Talented, and Title I Program Participation, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

		er and education ^a	Gifted an	d talented	Tit	le I	St	ate
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)
Grade 10								
2006-07	5,405	5.7	381	1.2	12,609	10.5	25,242	8.3
2007-08	4,223	4.8	302	1.0	9,882	8.4	22,214	7.2
2008-09	4,339	4.6	239	0.7	8,894	7.6	21,125	6.8
2009-10	3,819	3.7	261	0.8	9,025	6.8	18,436	5.9
2010-11	3,938	3.5	214	0.7	9,196	6.4	17,303	5.4
2011-12	4,448	3.8	212	0.6	9,718	6.7	18,720	5.7
2012-13	4,196	3.7	217	0.7	10,303	7.2	19,085	5.8
2013-14	4,428	3.6	223	0.7	10,867	7.2	19,959	5.8
2014-15	4,857	3.6	275	0.8	11,379	7.2	20,200	5.6
2015-16	6,739	3.9	292	0.8	12,537	7.8	21,851	5.9
2016-17	7,333	3.9	269	0.7	11,783	7.0	20,899	5.5
Grade 11								
2006-07	4,035	3.7	269	0.9	7,984	7.7	15,800	5.9
2007-08	3,691	3.5	255	0.9	7,357	7.1	15,530	5.7
2008-09	3,663	3.3	182	0.6	8,450	7.8	15,855	5.6
2009-10	4,132	3.4	210	0.7	8,668	6.9	15,916	5.4
2010-11	4,008	3.1	185	0.6	8,718	6.6	15,046	5.1
2011-12	4,054	3.1	201	0.7	9,010	6.7	15,830	5.2
2012-13	4,175	3.1	192	0.6	8,365	6.3	15,660	5.1
2013-14	3,350	2.5	183	0.6	7,268	5.6	13,462	4.3
2014-15	3,982	2.8	200	0.6	7,507	5.5	13,546	4.2
2015-16	4,268	2.8	207	0.6	7,633	5.5	13,755	4.2
2016-17	5,033	2.6	198	0.6	7,161	4.9	13,351	3.9
Grade 12								
2006-07	5,475	4.6	203	0.7	9,958	10.3	19,342	7.5
2007-08	5,614	4.6	196	0.7	10,391	10.3	21,524	8.0
2008-09	5,635	4.5	157	0.5	10,856	10.3	22,050	7.8
2009-10	5,094	3.7	144	0.5	10,663	8.4	20,155	6.8
2010-11	4,221	3.0	128	0.4	9,965	7.3	18,516	6.1
2011-12	3,766	2.7	114	0.4	8,782	6.5	16,709	5.5
2012-13	3,187	2.3	96	0.3	8,115	6.1	16,010	5.1
2013-14	3,251	2.3	96	0.3	8,003	6.0	16,188	5.1
2014-15	2,806	1.9	87	0.3	7,286	5.2	14,849	4.6
2015-16	2,932	1.9	114	0.4	7,273	5.1	14,975	4.5
2016-17	3,046	1.8	119	0.4	7,063	4.7	14,559	4.2

Note. Students may be counted in more than one category.

^aData reflect students participating in career and technical education programs; students taking career and technical education courses in Grades 7 or 8 or as electives are excluded. ^bNot applicable.

Table 17 (continued)
Grade-Level Retention, Grades 7-12, by Grade and by Career and Technical Education, Gifted and Talented, and Title I Program Participation, Texas Public Schools, 2006-07 Through 2016-17

	Career and technical education ^a		Gifted an	Gifted and talented		Title I		State	
Year	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	Retained	Rate (%)	
Total 7-12									
2006-07	21,657	5.5	1,540	0.8	69,443	8.1	128,203	6.9	
2007-08	18,982	5.0	1,407	0.7	64,349	7.5	125,474	6.6	
2008-09	19,440	4.8	1,135	0.6	58,850	6.8	113,478	5.9	
2009-10	19,393	4.3	1,160	0.6	57,839	5.9	102,922	5.2	
2010-11	17,454	3.8	938	0.5	55,607	5.4	94,785	4.8	
2011-12	18,360	3.9	976	0.5	54,664	5.2	95,027	4.7	
2012-13	17,750	3.7	898	0.4	54,116	5.2	95,257	4.6	
2013-14	16,847	3.4	897	0.4	51,886	4.9	91,679	4.3	
2014-15	18,862	3.5	925	0.4	51,856	4.8	89,606	4.1	
2015-16	23,798	3.8	1,014	0.5	52,834	4.8	92,567	4.2	
2016-17	25,029	3.6	962	0.4	50,163	4.4	88,912	3.9	

Note. Students may be counted in more than one category.

^aData reflect students participating in career and technical education programs; students taking career and technical education courses in Grades 7 or 8 or as electives are excluded. ^bNot applicable.

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Compliance Statement

Title VI, Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Modified Court Order, Civil Action 5281, Federal District Court, Eastern District of Texas, Tyler Division.

Reviews of local education agencies pertaining to compliance with Title VI Civil Rights Act of 1964 and with specific requirements of the Modified Court Order, Civil Action No. 5281, Federal District Court, Eastern District of Texas, Tyler Division are conducted periodically by staff representatives of the Texas Education Agency. These reviews cover at least the following policies and practices:

- 1. acceptance policies on student transfers from other school districts;
- 2. operation of school bus routes or runs on a nonsegregated basis;
- 3. nondiscrimination in extracurricular activities and the use of school facilities;
- 4. nondiscriminatory practices in the hiring, assigning, promoting, paying, demoting, reassigning, or dismissing of faculty and staff members who work with children;
- enrollment and assignment of students without discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin;
- 6. nondiscriminatory practices relating to the use of a student's first language; and
- 7. evidence of published procedures for hearing complaints and grievances.

In addition to conducting reviews, the Texas Education Agency staff representatives check complaints of discrimination made by a citizen or citizens residing in a school district where it is alleged discriminatory practices have occurred or are occurring.

Where a violation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act is found, the findings are reported to the Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Education.

If there is a direct violation of the Court Order in Civil Action No. 5281 that cannot be cleared through negotiation, the sanctions required by the Court Order are applied.

Title VII, Civil Rights Act of 1964 as Amended by the Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1972; Executive Orders 11246 and 11375; Equal Pay Act of 1964; Title IX, Education Amendments; Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as Amended; 1974 Amendments to the Wage-Hour Law Expanding the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967; Vietnam Era Veterans Readjustment Assistance Act of 1972 as Amended; Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986; Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990; and the Civil Rights Act of 1991.

The Texas Education Agency shall comply fully with the nondiscrimination provisions of all federal and state laws, rules, and regulations by assuring that no person shall be excluded from consideration for recruitment, selection, appointment, training, promotion, retention, or any other personnel action, or be denied any benefits or participation in any educational programs or activities which it operates on the grounds of race, religion, color, national origin, sex, disability, age, or veteran status (except where age, sex, or disability constitutes a bona fide occupational qualification necessary to proper and efficient administration). The Texas Education Agency is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action employer.



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